THE WEATHER.

Fair today, warmer in interior; brisk to high east and southeast winds; Monday fair.

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OUTLAWS LOCATED CAPTURE CERTAIN

Three More Members of Allen Clan, Claude Swanson Allen, Friel Allen and Wesley Edwards, Surrounded Near Mt. Airy and Will Likely Be Taken This Morning

Mount Airy, N. C., March 23.—The outlaws were located late today. Word was sent here and reinforcements asked by the posse. Immediately the sheriff of Surry county, with a number of his deputies, a dozen detectives and several citizen volunteers started toward the mountains. They will work their way to the south of the place where the fugitives are in hiding. On the north the outlaws are confronted by a hundred men, detectives, deputy sheriffs and volunteers moving from Hillsville. When the Mount Airy squad arrives on the south, the officers will surround the hiding place to cut off all escape of the outlaws.

Sidna Allen, the leader of the clan, is believed to be hiding in Sugar Loaf mountain, five miles away from where the Edwards boy and the other two Allens are said to have been located. He probably will not be taken tonight.

It is believed here that Jasper Allen, father of Friel, will lead the posse which goes to capture Sidna Allen. The reason assigned by people here for Jasper taking up arms against his brother, if he follows this course, is his endeavor to save his son Friel from the electric chair or to secure revenge on those whom he may believe responsible for inducing his 17-year-old son to participate in the tragedy at the Hillsville Court House.

Sidna Said He's Good As Dead

Galax, Va., March 23.—Sidna Edwards, the mountain youth, indicted for murder in connection with the Hillsville Court House tragedy, arrived here from Hillsville at dusk tonight in custody of Sergeant White, of the Virginia Militia, Detective Thomas L. Felts and several other detectives. Edwards is being taken for safe keeping to the Roanoke jail, where his uncle, Floyd Allen, his cousin, Victor Allen, and his chum, Byrd Marion, are being held pending trial. He was lodged in a farm house for the night and is being guarded by the detectives. They will continue to Roanoke tomorrow.

Detective Felts made known tonight what he believes was Sidna Allen's last word to his family. When taking leave of his wife when the latter left her own home for that of a neighbor, Sidna Allen, pointing to a hill overlooking his home, is quoted as having said: "Bury me there. I am as good as dead now. If I am caught I will be executed. If I resist they will shoot me. I shall not see you again. Good bye."

Mrs. Allen tearfully confirmed this version of her husband's farewell. Sidna, she said, had told her to take good care of their two young daughters and do everything she could for them.

CAPTURE OF THE ALLENS

Mount Airy, N. C., March 23.—Three more members of the Allen clan—Claude Swanson Allen, brother of Floyd; Friel Allen, son of Jasper, and Wesley Edwards, the more desperate of the two Edwards boys—have been located by detectives in the mountains, 10 miles north of Mount Airy, and their capture tonight or early Sunday morning is practically certain. It is predicted they will not be taken without bloodshed.

DELANCEY NICOLL THREATENED

Counsel In Brandt Case Guarded From Blackmailers

New York, March 23.—Detectives tonight guarded the home of Delancey Nicoll counsel for Mortimer L. Schiff in the Folke E. Brandt case and at present engaged as counsel for the defense in the "Sugar trust" criminal trial here, and sought for traces of of blackmailers, who in a letter received by Mr. Nicoll two days ago, demanded instant payment of $10,000. Mr. Nicoll was warned that the last call was to come at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when if he had not paid the money something unpleasant would happen to him.

Mr. Nicoll said tonight that he was not greatly alarmed. Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty expressed belief that the letter had been written by a crank.

A week ago tonight Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, who sentenced Brandt to 30 years in prison and recently granted him a new trial, and who had imposed severe sentence on several alien criminals, narrowly escaped injury by the explosion of a bomb sent to him through the mail. No clue to the sender of the bomb has yet been secured by the police so far as known.

NEGRO LYNCHED

Mob Broke Into Jail and Hanged Him To A Pole

Fort Smith, Ark., March 23.—A mob broke into the city jail here tonight, seized a negro, name unknown, who had previously shot and probably fatally wounded Deputy Constable Andrew Carr, dragged him down the most prominent business street in town to the front of a hotel and hanged him to the telephone pole. Five hundred men were in the mob. They surged around the jail for almost an hour with a pole for a battering ram, endeavoring to shatter the steel door. Finally they tore out the bars to a window and secured the negro, whom they led up the street while he was praying for his life. Unmoved, the mob strung him up.

The mob then dispersed, the negro was cut down and quiet restored.

Ozark, Ala., March 23.—"Uncle Dave" White, a negro who died here today, is believed to have been the oldest person in Alabama. He gave his age as 117, and white citizens acquainted with his past history say he was not under 110. He had been a resident of Dale county 76 years.

CONFERENCE MONDAY

Country Awaits Strikers' Meeting With Great Anxiety

London, March 23.—The government wage bill as it stands will not settle the coal strike. This is now admitted on all sides. Therefore, with the gravest anxiety the country awaits the results of the joint conference of coal owners and miners on Monday. The miners' leaders have consented to waive their district scuedule, which heretofore they have maintained as the only basis of a settlement which they would accept, but they will insist upon their demand for the five and two-shilling minimum.

The government adheres to its refusal to embody these rates in the bill. If the owners agree to concede this demand, it is the general opinion that the strike will be settled; if they do not it will make little difference whether the bill in its present shape is passed or withdrawn. Bill or no bill, the men remain with the minimum demand unsatisfied and the strike continuous.

Previous joint conferences which were attended by members of the cabinet resulted in an absolute deadlock. Since then both sides have been subjected to the pressure of public opinion and great financial loss, with the prospect that the government will be driven to resort to drastic measures to end the intolerable situation.

That these considerations have brought the disputants to a more reasonable and more conciliatory frame of mind, it is evident and therein lies the hope that the conference will reach an agreement.

A curious feature of the coal crisis is found in the fact that American theatrical managers in London are being beseiged by prominent English stage people, including actor managers anxious to obtain American engagements immediately to escape the depression incidental to the strike. The continued curtailment of the suburban train services has hit the theatres hard. The managers fear that the future holds out a worse prospect.

Charles Hawtrey has accepted an American engagement and will sail next week. Seymour Hicks has taken a similar step to escape the hard times in England.

RALEIGH AFFAIRS.

School for Feeble-Minded—Make Good Roads Association.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23.—State Senator J. R. Baggett, of Lillington, here today to urge Governor Kitchin to pardon a client of his, says arrangements are being made for the laying of the cornerstone for the Feeble minded at Kinston some time in April. Mr. Baggett is a member of the board of directors for the institution which was provided for by the last Legislature.

Dr. Archibald Cheatham, of Durham; Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, Chapel Hill, State Geologist; Rev. Geo. W. Lay, R. D. White, Louisburg; A. A. Thompson, Raleigh; H. B. Varner, Lexington, and Leonard A. Tufts, Pinehurst, were the principal speakers this afternoon for a meeting of the Wake County Good Roads Association, the attendance on which was considerably decreased by the very disagreeable weather conditions. There was an exhibition of road building and maintenance machinery including the much-talked of split-log drag.

BOOKER T. IN RALEIGH.

Negro Educator Speaks at Shaw University.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23.—Booker T. Washington, the noted negro educator, of Tuskegee, Ala., addressed the students of Shaw University in Raleigh tonight. Shaw is, next to Tuskegee, probably the most important negro university in the South. It is conducted under Baptist auspices, and occupies buildings here which cost exceeding a quarter million dollars.

MANEUVERS AT ANNISTON.

Southern Troops to be Ordered There Instead of Chicamauga.

(Special Star elegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 23.—Adjutant General Leinster today received notice from the War Department that many of the regiments in the Southern States, North Carolina National Guard included, will join the maneuvers in July at Anniston, Ala., instead of Chicamauga, Tenn., as formerly.

ALL PAY HOMAGE TO MAINE'S DEAD

Under Dripping Skies The Nation's Heroes Were Laid to Rest

CAPITAL SHED WORLDLY CARE

Thirty-Four Caskets Containing the Bones of Sixty-Seven Blue Jackets Interred at Arlington Cemetery.

Washington, March 23.—Under dripping skies the last of the heroes of the battleship Maine were laid to rest today in the Nation's sacred spot, Arlington cemetery. Thirty-four caskets were interred. These, however, contained the bones of 67 victims of the explosion 14 years ago in Havana harbor, the identity of whom could not be discovered. Heroes all, the capital of the Nation today shed all worldly care and work and joined in honoring their memory.

President Taft and his cabinet, both houses of Congress, and all the other officials of the government set aside the day as one in which to do homage to the dead. Although the rain began to fall early in the afternoon, President Taft and his entourage made their way to the cemetery and remained bareheaded in the downpour until the last coffin had been lowered. The solemnity of the moment impressed itself on every one.

Before the services at the graves, a solemn service was held at the south front of the State, War and Navy building. These were attended by the President and Vice President, Chief Justice White and his associates of the Supreme Court, many members of Congress, the army and navy officers.

The rain began shortly after the President spoke and increased in intensity so that when the President stepped under the flimsy canvas that had been erected at Arlington as a shelter for him, he stood bareheaded beneath a tent that leaked at every seam.

As the caissons bearing the bones of the dead rolled up to the plot in which they were to lie, the President, his party and the crowd uncovered their heads. From across the open chasms of upturned earth came the dirges from the Marine Band.

Thousands thronged the streets when the funeral cortege made its solern way, through the streets. It looked like an inauguration day crowd.

The coffins were removed from the scout cruiser Birmingham at noon and escorted to the scene of the first ceremonial. There on the steps of the big State, War and Navy building, President Taft sat in the center. On his right was the Cuban minister, who sat throughout the services an auditor; on his left was Rear Admiral Sigsbee, who was captain of the Maine at the time of the explosion, and Admiral Wainwright, who was the executive officer. Both bowed their heads when Chaplain Chadwick recounted the scenes that attended the destruction of the vessel.

A sharp patter of hail began to fall when President Taft, bareheaded, walked to the front of the platform. He waved aside the proffer of an umbrella.

"We meet to pay appropriate honor" he said, "to the memory of the first of the country's sons who gave up their lives in our war with Spain. That war every American can feel proud of because it was fought without a single selfish instinct and was prompted by the most altruistic motives.

"These, our honored dead, are to be classed well to the fore in that long list of naval heroes whose steadfastnens and courage have given the American navy the high position it occupies in history among the navies of the world.

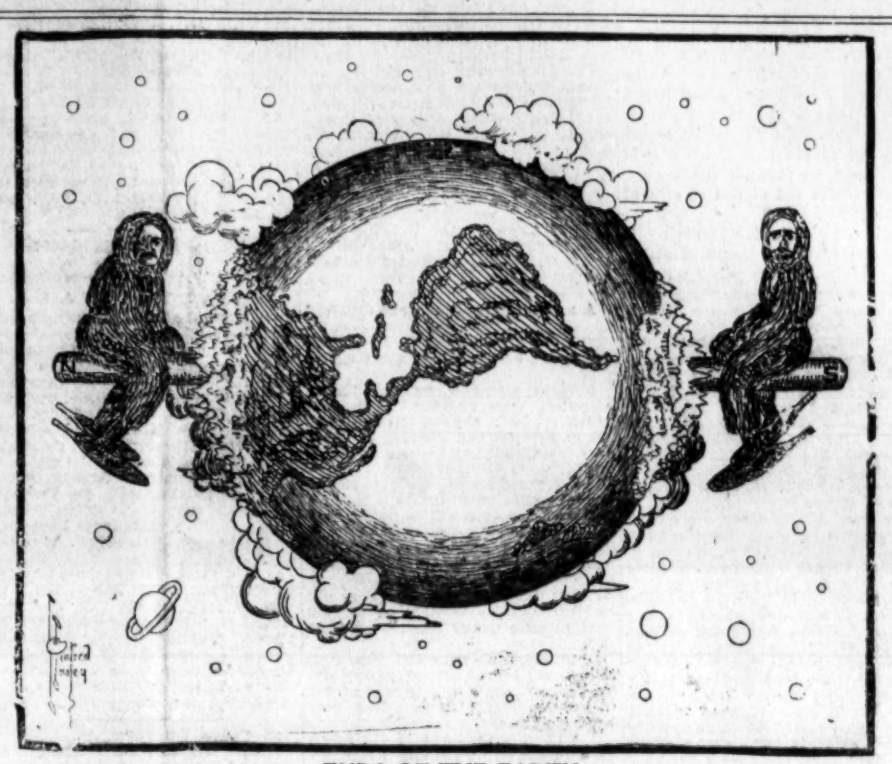
"It is well that we should halt the wheels of government and stay the hum of industry to take time to note by appropriate ceremony the debt we owe to those who gave up their lives for the Nation. We raised the ship from the mud bottom of Havana harbor and gave her remains honorable burial in the blue waves of the ocean. We now consign to the sacred soil of Arlington the recovered bones of those who gave the Maine her personality and made her a living weapon for the protection of National honor and vital interest."

GRACE REMOVED.

Carried to Former Home at Newnan, Ga.—Losing Ground.

Atlanta, Ga., March 23.—Eugene H. Grace, who has been in a local hospital since March 5th, with a severed spinal cord as a result of a pistol shot and who charges his wife, Mrs. Daisy Opie Grace, with the shooting, was removed to his former home at Newnan, Ga., late today. According to his physicians Grace has been steadily losing ground in the past week and death is expected at any time. Mr. Grace did not comment on his wife's decision to return to Atlanta before leaving the city.

El Paso, Texas, March 23.—A special to the Herald from Chihuahua, says that Tjinaga was taken without a struggle by the rebel forces. Jose De LaCruz Sanchez, who was in charge of the Federal command there, went over to the rebels.



ENDS OF THE EARTH.

COAL SITUATION UNSETTLED

No Action on the Wage Dispute of The Anthracite Miners Will Be Taken Till Bituminous Miners Meet

Cleveland, Ohio, March 23. — Whether the 450,000 union coal miners of the United States will quit and cause the mines to be shut down, probably will not be decided earlier than a few days before April 1st. The present wage agreements expire on that day.

Officials of the Miners' Union today decided to take no action on the wage dispute of the anthracite miners until after the differences of the bituminous coal miners have brought about either a settlement or a disagreement. This means that the coal situation will remain unsettled until after Tuesday.

The bituminous coal miners are asking for a 10 per cent increase in pay, with a reduction of working hours. The anthracite miners are making similar demands, but in addition, want material changes in their working conditions. The union is endeavoring to negotiate the demands of each class of miners separately. The operators assert that the increased pay asked for would augment the mines' payrolls more than $600,000 a week at the minimum.

On Tuesday the operators and miners of the bituminous fields of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois will resume their conference to try to prevent a suspension on April 1st. Every offer from each side so far has been rejected and when the men reassemble they will face the same demands that were voted down in Indianapolis two months ago.

If the bituminous miners and operators decide they cannot agree, then, according to John P. White, president of the union, the executive board's recommendations as to both the anthracite and the bituminous situations will be alike. He says a suspen-

(Continued on Page Eight.

OUTLINES

Gen. Antonio Rojas was arrested yesterday for insubordination.

Roosevelt bitterly assailed Taft's scheme of government in a speech at Portland, Me., yesterday.

Anthracite miners will wait until after the bituminous miners' conference before they attempt to settle their dispute with the operators.

A strike among the 30,000 textile operatives at New Bedford, Mass., was considered a possibility of the near future last night.

Annie Crawford, charged with the murder of her sister, testified yesterday that she might have given her morphine by mistake.

Officials of the Nation gathered at Arlington yesterday to pay homage to the heroes of the Maine, whose bones were interred with military honors.

Mrs. O. M. Lombaugh, the pretty Oak Ridge bride, for whose abduction Boyd H. Sing has been held in Greensboro since Thursday, was located by relatives and private detectives near Richmond, Va., yesterday.

Three members of the Allen gang were surrounded by posses last night near Mount Airy, N. C., and men from that place and Hillsville, Va., hurried to the scene where they confidently expect to effect a capture this morning.

A special train having 15 policemen on board left Grensboro last night for Kernersville, N. C., to take Fuel Hairstone, a negro, who shot and slightly wounded Southern Railway Conductor E. S. Holden. Feeling is running high and trouble is expected.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points higher. Flour steady. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.05 1-2 elevator, export basis and 1.08 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 75 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin steady. Turpentine easy.

APPREHENDED IN RICHMOND

Erring Young Wife for Whose Abduction Young Oak Ridge Student Was Arrested, Located In Virginia — Released

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., March 23.—Prof. M. H. Holt wired from Richmond, Va., tonight that with the aid of private detectives, Mrs. O. D. Wombaugh, whose abduction from Oak Ridge, N. C., is charged to Boyd Sing, arrested here Wednesday, was found at noon today in Chesterfield county, Va., about two miles from Richmond.

She was in a country home where she had hired herself as a cook. The message stated that the erring young wife was overjoyed at the sight of her husband and uncle from Richmond. It is learned that Mrs. Wombaugh reached there alone Thursday and registered at Murphy's Hotel, as Miss Mary Holt. She made a round of the hospitals seeking employment as a trained nurse but was unable to gain a place.

She then went into the country and secured a place as cook. The bond of young Sing has been reduced to $1,000 and relatives came here tonight from Florence, S. C., and furnished same. His hearing was set for Monday. Mrs. Wombaugh will return with her husband and uncle tomorrow and will be present. Sing still denies any knowledge of Mrs. Wombaugh's disappearance, and declares he did not come to Greensboro with her.

Telegrams had been sent to all towns in this State and Virginia asking the co-operation of the police. Prof. M. H. Holt, of Oak Ridge, and Mr. Wombaugh went to Richmond this morning to follow the clue given them from that city.

The preliminary hearing of young Sing was postponed from this morning at 11 o'clock until Monday. Sing, however, had been allowed to move from the county jail to a local hotel, where he was in custody of an officer, it having become a practice in Guilford county to allow prisoners who are of sufficient means to pay hotel bill for self and officer to put up at more desirable quarters than those offered at the regular jail. Sing employed counsel and received word from his relatives at Florence, S. C., that they would be here to aid him in securing his freedom. The young man stoutly denies any knowledge of the young woman and has refused all propositions made in his favor in the event he revealed her hiding place.

A fire at 11 o'clock this morning in the building occupied as a storage room for the Overland agency and adjoining one of the largest garages in the city, created considerable excitement, especially among automobile owners. In a drenching rain the cars were all rushed out, the chugging of nearly a hundred motors and scrambling of drivers to get out creating a scene which has never before been seen here. The fire, however, was extinguished without serious damage to the building, the upper floors being the only ones at all damaged. The loss will not exceed $1,500. In the building were 92 automobiles.

ORGANIZATION COMPLETED

United States League Awards Last Franchise to Chicago

Chicago, March 23.—Completion of the United States Baseball League was announced today here by W. E. Niessen, who said that Chicago had been give the franchise in the league which was under consideration by New York men.

Inability to procure a park in New York, Mr. Niessen said, gave the place to Chicago. The league now includes Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Washington, Brooklyn, Richmond, Va., Reading, Pa., and Chicago.

The first Chicago game is scheduled to be played the latter part of April at the Northside ball park.

ROOSEVELT CRITICISES TAFT

The Colonel Declares That the President's Scheme Is a Government For the People, By The Bosses

Portland, Maine, March 23.—The most direct criticism yet leveled at President Taft by his predecessor in office was contained in a speech delivered here tonight by Colonel Roosevelt. The colonel spent 12 hours in Portland and received a cordial welcome. He was the chief guest at a luncheon and a dinner, shook hands steadily for two hours in the afternoon, attended a conference of Maine politicians and tonight spoke for an hour before a crowd which filled the armory auditorium.

Colonel Roosevelt repeated the statement which he made in his New York speech on Wednesday night that President Taft had declared in favor of a government "by a representative part of the people."

"In its actual workings," he said, "the President's scheme would be a government of the people, for the people, by the bosses."

Colonel Roosevelt named Senator of Pennsylvania; Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire; William Barnes, Jr., of New York; Congressman McKinley, of Illinois, the President's campaign manager, and Former Congressman Tawney, of Minnesota, as representing "the chief present adherents of the President," and said that they were "precisely the men who under the President's theory would be ,as they, to a certain degree already are, the 'representative part of the people which governs the rest of the people and which does not really represent them at all, but misrepresents them.'"

The speaker added that the difference between what he termed President Taft's theory of government and Lincoln's theory "explains why in so many matters the Progressives do not feel that the President, however good his intentions, can properly represent them, or pay to progressive ideas the kind of loyalty which results in the translation of words into actions."

The collapse of the speaker's platform in the auditorium created some excitement, although Colonel Roosevelt was uninjured. The platform, which was elevated about three feet from the floor, was occupied by about 30 persons. As Colonel Roosevelt ascended it on entering the hall it gave way with a crash. As the middle portion sunk to the floor, Colonel Roosevelt stepped quickly to the front of the structure which did not give way, and waved his hand at the crowd to show that he was uninjured.

"The platform broke down," said Colonel Roosevelt, in beginning his speech, "but it wasn't our platform. Our platform won't break down. In the end the servants of the people have to stand on that platform or the American democracy will be a confessed failure."

Roosevelt Accuser Arrested

Portland, Maine, March 23.—Lewis J. Marshall, who was passing circulars about the city, accusing Colonel Roosevelt of not giving him a "square deal," was taken into custody this afternoon and detained at the police station until the colonel had left for Boston. Marshall said he had no intention of harming the former President. He is about 50 years of age.

MUST PAY HEAVY PENALTY

Indicted Dock Companies and Railroads Fined $123,000

Cleveland, Ohio, March 23.—The six dock companies and four railroads indicted by the Federal grand jury here last April for rebating, pleaded guilty before Judge Killits in Federal Court here today and were assessed fines aggregating $123,000.

The railroads pleading guilty are: Pennsylvania, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Bessemer & Lake Erie and Nickel Plate.

SHOT CONDUCTOR MADE HIS ESCAPE

Negro Bell Hop in Greensboro Fired Into Southern Railway Man

BARRICADED HIMSELF IN HUT

Policemen and Detectives Have Fugitive Surrounded In House Near Kernersville, N. C.—Move At Daylight

Greensboro, N. C., March 23.—A special train carrying fifteen policemen and special railroad detectives left here at 9 o'clock tonight to aid in the capture of Fuel Hairstone, a negro desperado, who last night shot and slightly wounded Southern Railway Conductor E. S. Holden.

The negro is surrounded by a citizen posse, though reeling is so intense in the community against him that trouble is feared.

The special train carried the officers to Summerfield, where they were met by hacks and driven eight miles across country to a hut in which Hairston had barricaded himself. A telephone message at midnight stated that no effort would be made to take the negro before morning.

Hairstone is a negrobell boy employed at the Clegg Hotel here. He made a murderous assault on the conductor at Kernersville last night. Hairstone shot the conductor twice, one of the bullets lodging in the thigh and the other in the trainman's leg. The wounds, while quite painful, are not regarded as serious, although a probe for the bullets was without result. After firing the shots, Hairstone made a break and succeeded in escaping. The trouble between the conductor and the negro was on the train between Winston and Greensboro, which was in charge of Mr. Holden. The conductor compelled the negro who did not have a ticket to pay his fare. The negro became offensive and when the train stopped at Kernersville he got off. Just as the conductor shouted, "All Aboard" for a resumption of the trip, the negro with an oath, said to the conductor, "Take that," and immediately two shots rang out, both bullets taking effect in the conductor's body. The negro ran and made good his escape. Conductor Holden came on to Greensboro and had his wounds dressed.

STILL HAS HOPES.

Columbia, S. C., Minister Believes He Will Find His Wife Alive.

Washington, March 23.—Rev. W. H. Greever, of Columbia, S. C., editor of the Lutheran Visitor, has not abandoned hope of finding his wife, Mrs. Roberta Greever, who disappeared from this city six weeks ago. The minister was here tonight on his way to Shenandoah Junction, W. Va., where his wife is reported to have been seen 10 days after she disappeared.

Information received by him was that a woman answering the description of Mrs. Greever boarded a train at Shenandoah Junction February 27. She is reported to have told the ticket agent that she had been visiting friends near the railroad junction, and that she was going to Cleveland, Ohio.

A brother of Mrs. Greever went to Cleveland, but was unable to locate her. Several times since his wife left her nurse here on February 17, her husband has traveled long distances, following clues, but all have proved futile. He still believes he will find her alive.

HAITIEN SAILORS MUTINY.

Revenue Cutter Yamacraw Takes Charge of Gunboat Ferrier.

Charleston, S. C., March 23.—Because their three months' term of service had expired and they had received no pay, the crew of the Haitien gunboat Ferrier, which had been in port since March 5th, mutinied today and Commanding Officer William F. Watt was forced to call on the revenue cutter Yamacraw for protection.

Commander West, of the cutter, sent Lieut. Brockway and a force of marines to take charge of the Ferrier. The men from the cutter, accompanied by Capt. Watt, boarded the man of war without resistance on the part of the mutinous crew and took charge of the vessel, setting watch over the sailors in order to prevent them from deserting or damaging the ship. Capt. West wired to Washington for instructions. Until he receives orders from the head of the Revenue Cutter Service nothing will be done other than to maintain the watch aboard the man-of-war. The Haitien minister at Washington has also been notified of the mutiny.

FIRE AT FLORENCE

Coast Line Freight Station and Contents Destroyed—Loss $45,000

Florence, S. C., March 23.—Fire today at the Atlantic Coast Line freight station here caused a loss estimated at $45,000. The cotton shed and platform, 150 feet of the freight depot, 10 box cars, 230 bales of cotton and a great quantity of merchandise were destroyed. The blaze is believed to have started by sparks from a passing locomotive falling on the cotton.

ATTEMPTS DICTATORSHIP.

Senator Hitchcock Replies to Bryan. Statement by Bryan.

Washington, March 23.—Replying to the declaration of W. J. Bryan that if Governor Harmon were endorsed by the Nebraska primaries he would not go to the Baltimore convention as a delegate, Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, characterized the Bryan statement as an attempt at dictatorship, "which Nebraska voters would not tolerate."

The assertion made by Mr. Bryan that Harmon has the support of Wall Street," said Senator Hitchcock, "is utterly without proof or foundation so far as I know. Whenever Mr. Bryan is opposed to a man he first assumes and then asserts that Wall Street is for that man. Certainly Wall Street has no reason to be for Harmon. As Governor of Ohio Harmon has shifted three million dollars of taxes a year off of the people onto the railroads, which are largely owned by Wall Street's interests."

Lincoln, Neb., March 23.—When questioned tonight as to whether Mr. Bryan wished to make a reply to United States Senator Hitchcock's statement regarding the position taken by Mr. Bryan on Governor Harmon's Presidential candidacy, the following was given out at Fairview:

"No man ought to speak for the Democracy of Nebraska unless he can carry out the spirit as well as the letter of the instructions. If the Democracy of Nebraska favors Mr. Harmon, it ought to be represented by delegates who can support him, not only conscientiously, but with enthusiasm.

"Mr. Bryan cannot support him in the convention on any conditions. Mr. Hitchcock is endeavoring to prevent any co-operation between two progressive candidates—Mr. Wilson and Mr. Clark—with a view to securing, not a majority, but a plurality for Mr. Harmon, and if he can do this he will go to Baltimore and ally himself with the plutocratic influences that are attempting to force Mr. Harmon upon the party."

ANNIE CRAWFORD TESTIFIES.

Says She Probably Gave Sister Morphine by Mistake.

New Orleans, March 23.—Annie Crawford was called to the witness stand late today to tell to the jury the story of the death of her sister, Elise Crawford, whom she is charged with having murdered last September, by the administration of poison. She was put through a grilling cross-fire of questions by District Attorney Adams, but held up well under the ordeal.

Her statement of the manner in which the poison came to be administered to her sister was practically the same as that made in her confession a few days after the death of Elise, that she had perhaps mixed morphine tablets, which she had intended taking herself, with calomel and soda tablets she had been giving her sister during her illness.

She admitted that, although she knew Elise was a user of morphine, the first time she had told any one of it was since her trial began. The witness said she heresif was a user of morphine and had been addicted to the habit for several years.

The defendant spoke in a low voice and, although admissions of an important nature were drawn from her during the hour and a half examination, never once did she lose her composure.

"I decided to give Elise some calomel and soda," said the witness, on direct examination, "and I also decided I would take some morphine myself. I put three tablets of morphine and three capsules of calomel and soda on the dresser. I guess that I got them mixed up, and gave my sister the wrong tablets. I am not certain, though."

This statement brought forth a volley of interrogations from counsel for the prosecution.

Miss Crawford admitted that she had told no one she had given Elise the tablets, and said her reason for silence was because "as she used it, she thought the drug would not hurt her, and that she would get over it." The witness was excused, and the State asked for adjournment until Monday, so that its witnesses in rebuttal might be called.

SIX BEST GOLFERS.

Picked by Association as Scratch Men in Handicap Tournaments.

New York, March 23.—The six best golfers, picked by the executive committee of the United States Golf Association as scratch men in handicap tournaments in the 1912 season and the long awaited list of handicaps, were announced tonight. The ratings have been made primarily, as the executive committee of the association puts it, "to enable players to play anywhere in the United States on a proper handicap.

The scratchmen are: "Chick" Evans, the young Chicagoan who won the French championship last year; Frederick Herreshoff, the far-driving local player who forced Hilton, the Britisher, to an extra hole in last year's National championship at Apawamis; Albert Seckel, the Western champion; J. D. Travers, the Metropolitan champion; W. J. Travis, the veteran Garden City golfer, who has won many championships, and Oswald Kirby, runner-up in the metropolitan championship.

Six men quite as well known as those in the scratch list, are given a handicap of one. These are H. Chandler Egan, R. A. Gardner, Paul A. Hunter, Mason Phelps and W. K. Wood, all of Illinois clubs, and W. C. Fownes, Jr., of Pittsburg, Pa.

FUNERAL OF MR. G. J. BRIDGERS

Held Yesterday at Noon From St. James' Episcopal Church

The funeral of Mr. Geo. J. Bridgers, a former resident of this city, whose death occurred in Stramford, N. Y., last Tuesday morning, was held yesterday at 12 o'clock, noon, from St. James' Epsicopal church. The remains arrived on a morning train from the North, accompanied by Burke H. Bridgers, Esq., of Wilmington, a nephew of the deceased, and were borne direct to the church, where in the presence of a number of sorrowing relatives and friends Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton the rector, conducted the services.

Interment was made in Oakdale cemetery, and a profusion of handsome floral designs attested the sorrow felt by the friends o fthe deceased. The pallbearers were: Messrs. Milton Calder, Robert Calder, Jno. Murchison, H. H. McIlhenny, J. W. Yates and A. S. Williams, Esq.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON BILL

Senator Overman Gets Senate Public Buildings Committee to Increase Appropriation for Customs House—Fine Victory

Wilmingtonians learned with decided interest yesterday that Senator Lee S. Overman had secured the favorable report of the Senate Committee on Public Buildings to increase the limit of cost for the proposed customs house here from $300,000 to $650,000. Senator Overman appeared before the committee several times and urged favorable action on the increase of the appropriation. The action of the committee means that the bill will most likely go through the Senate, thought maybe not at this session of Congress.

Congressman H. L. Godwin is working hard to get favorable action in the House. The House Public Building Committee has agreed to allow each Representative one item in a general bill, and with that end in view is calling for data from the different Representatives as to the need and importance of whatever project they advocate first. It is said that Congressman Godwin will select the Wilmington project as his first appropriation. Mr. B. F. Keith, collector of customs, has written to Congressman James M. Grudger, member of the House's Public Building Committee, as follows:

"My dear Sir:—As you are one of the Committe on Public Buildings and Grounds, I write to ask if you will ot endeavor to use your best influence in assisting our Representative, Hon. H. L. Godwin, in securing an additional appropriation for a new customs house and bonded warehouse at Wilmington, N. C., amount required $300,000 or $350,000. The old building we occupy has been condemned for the last three years. The storage rooms have been condemned as unfit for use and we have no where to store anything at all in bond, consequently the bonded goods go to other ports for storage room. You can see that North Carolina is not receiving the receipts it would if we had facilities for taking care of some—in other words, the government is neglecting to take care of its own business. Our business at this port has trebled within the last ten years. We give below a statement for three years showing what the port is doing, notwithstanding the poor advantages we have:

Receipts—1909, $33,093.43; 1910, $32,684.46; 1911, $43,639.88.

Value of Imports—1909, $1,228,945.00; 1910, $2,355,252.00; 1911, $3,205,407.00.

Value of Exports—1909, $20,498,726.60; 1910, $20,922,398.00; 1911, $28,804,785.00.

"The building has been held up pending the additional appropriation and if there is no Public Building bill this session it does seem that the government ought to come to the relief of a port in the position that Wilmington is now laboring under. Our receipts would have been many times more than they are, had we been provided for.

"Trusting that you will take this matter under careful consideration and that you will use your best endeavors in our behalf, I am,"

Collector Keith has also addressed the following letter to Hon. F. P. Lockhart, clerk of the House Committee of Public Buildings and Grounds, of the House:

"About four years ago our representative, Hon. H. L. Godwin, secured an appropriation of $475,000 for a customs building and storage warehouse for the City of Wilmington, N. C., as it was estimated it would take that much to buy the additional land for customs building and to erect a suitable customs house and storage warerooms to take care of the business at this port, but the Senate cut off all but $300,000, and out of that $300,000, we had to pay out about $70,000 for the site, leaving something over $200,000 to build customs house and storage rooms, which are entirely inadequate, considering the high cost of labor and material, therefore the building has been hung up for the last two or three years waiting for an additional appropriation in order to give us sufficient amount to put up a creditable building and storage rooms. Our receipts have trebled within the last ten years, notwithstanding we had no facilities for storing imported goods at all—in fact this wonderful increase has been made in the face of the fact that we have no accommodation for storing or taking care of bonded goods, and it has come without any help whatever from the government. We do not think there is a port in the United States that is suffering for the lack of storage room as bad as Wilmington, N. C., and the business interests here are looking to this Congress to give us an additional appropriation of $350,000, so the work can be started as the port is suffering as well as the government, in not receiving the receipts it ought to for the lack of proper facilities."

The Recorder's Court.

In the Recorder's court yesterday Sam Hawkins, colored, was found guilty on a charge of carrying a concealed weapon and was fined $25 and costs. A nol pros was taken in a case charging John Jones, colored, with the larceny of a buggy whip. T. W. Calewish was charged with the larceny of a one dollar bill from M. Capelitz. Both men are Russians and speak very little English. Their testimony was rather hard to understand, and a nol pros was taken. Recorder Furlong presided, after an absence of several days.

Glorious News.

comes from Dr. J. T. Curtiss, Dwight, Kan. He writes: "I not only have cured bad diseases of eczema in my patients with Electric Bitters, but also cured myself by them of the same disease. I feel sure they will benefit any case of eczema." This shows what thousands have proved, that Electric Bitters is a most effective blood purifier. It's an excellent remedy for eczema, teter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Price 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by Robt. R. Bellamy.

Wright SELLS LOTS

Activity—we are doing things in Wilmington and everyone can tell it out—be proud of it. All Wilmington needs is that her citizens realize what is happening all around them, and talk it, write it, tell it out. It's truth. It's facts, and you can be proud of your city.

Senator Overman's good news about the new Custom House; the new, modern hotel; the new Y. M. C. A.; the new union station; the new bank building; the new city streets; the new boulevards and playgrounds, is all under way for this Summer, when over a half million dollars of outside money will pour into Wrightsville Beach (Wilmington). Never have prospects been brighter—no dull Presidential year for good, old, hustling Wilmington.

Of course, real estate is climbing daily in value—money is being made by investors daily. If you are not one of the fortunate, it's because you have not taken our advice. Now, today, we offer:

A new, thoroughly modern dwelling, on the car line, a high lot, splendid location, Number 807 Orange street. The price, believe us, is a buying figure.

Seventh street is on the line of progress. The vitrified brick are nearly all laid. On the southeast corner of Seventh and Chesnut (Number 706) is a three-story house, and another facing on Chesnut street, No. 708. Both of these houses are now on the market. Desirable homes, both of them. The terms will be made easy to suit the homeseeker—even loan the money to you at 5 per cent.

Another, and a delightful place, is the Sullivan home at Carolina Heights, Number 1703. A modern, beautiful residence, choice location on big lot. Sold because owner has moved from city.

In smaller and less costly places we have a number of desirable offerings. On Castle street a new cottage of five rooms, for less than $1,400—a very desirable place.

A renting investment is 410 South Seventh street. Two-story house, lot half block deep.

On Tenth, between Castle and Queen, No. 520, is a cottage that rents well, pays good interest, just about $600 gets this. Only a hundred dollars down—compare this with your present investments.

Brunswick street, over the railroad, is the first and one of the best streets. Dwelling No. 515 is for sale. It won't be long. Let the other fellow delay.

Remember, we have many places of all prices, and in different parts of the city, and we are here to make money for you.

Follow the impulse—come and let us show you what we have.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON.
Real Estate Agency.
Established 22 years ago.

..Theatrical..

"Buster Brown" was the attraction at the Academy of Music yesterday, matinee and night and was seen by two fair-sized audiences. The popular musical comedy made its usual big hit, and especially with the young folks. The standard of the cast was about on an average of that of the show at its last several visits here.

At The Grand Theatre

In these piping times of political unrest a film of extraordinary interest at The Grand Theatre Monday will be "The Defeat of the Brewery "Gang," a dramatic production, based upon a political incident. It has just been released and should certainly prove a winner. It is a Kalem and should certainly make good just now. Another decidedly seasonable picture will be a baseball film that is right up to now. Then in addition to this there will be "His Wife's Jealousy" the story of an artist who is married to an insanely jealous woman. The art is commissioned to paint the picture of a beautiful countess and the wife believes her husband is in love with her. She informs the count of her husband's supposed devotion and a duel results; the artist is wounded but the wife learns all too late that husband was entirely innocent. The three films will make up a splendid offering for the new week and one which will doubtless throng the theatre at each performance.

NEW SETTLERS ARRIVE.

Mr. A. W. Nell and Family Purchased Farm at Newberlin.

Mr. A. W. Nell with his wife and children arrived last week from Siskiyou, Ore., after a nine day trip across the continent. Mr. Nell purchased a farm at Newberlin from the Carolina Trucking Development Company before moving East. On his arrival here he expressed himself as highly pleased with Newberlin and with the farm he had secured.

At present Mr. Nell is boarding with his family with Mr. Karl Diehl at Newberlin and has already begun the construction of his house.

Mr. Nell has been for a number of years a section foreman on the Southern Pacific and while there he won in two different years the company's medal for the best kept section on the railroad system. Naturally, the company regretted his moving to the East but he thinks that there is better opportunity in North Carolina and the people of this section are certainly glad to welcome Mr. Nell and hope he will become a real "Tar Heel."

Yesterday Mr. Doster was in town on his way to Boston. Mr. Doster owns a farm at Newberlin which he purchased some months ago and this is his second trip to Wilmington. He expects to move down to stay shortly, but on this trip is selecting land for neveral of his friends who also expect to locate in North Carolina.

Brittain Auto Livery Service.

Mr. J. N. Brittain, of the Brittain Auto Livery Service, announces to his friends and the general public that he has added to his equipment a splendid new seven passenger E. M. F. touring car, which with his four-passenger Ford, well equips him for taking care of all orders given him. He may be found at Front and Princess streets or orders left with the Bardin Motor Co., will receive prompt attention.

RECEIVES SERVICE MEDAL.

Col. C. H. White Receives Recognition from North Carolina.

Col. Chas. H. White, city tax collector and one of the best known militarymen in this section of the State, yesterday received from the adjutant general a service medal recognition of 25 years he had served in the North Carolina National Guard. Col. White will have engraved on the back of the medal the following: "Presented by the State to Col. Chas. H. White, 1887-1912." Col. White enlisted in the W. L. I. June 13, 1887; was commissioned second lieutenant December 14th, 1887; commissioned first lieutenant June 12th, 1893; commissioned first lieutenant company K, Second North Carolina Volunteer Infantry Spanish-American war April 27th, 1898; commissioned captain W. L. I. April 28th, 1899; commissioned major and assistant small arms practice March 6th, 1901 and commissioned lieutenant colonel and assistant inspector small arms practice January 31st, 1905. He was placed upon the retired list October 24th, 1907, with the rank of colonel.

RAIN PREVENTS GAME

Inclement Weather Prohibited Contest Between Collegians and A. C. L.

On account of the inclement weather, the baseball game scheduled to have been played at League Park yesterday afternoon between the team from the University of North Carolina and the local A. C. L. team, was called off. Though cloudy all day, rain did not begin falling until a short time before the hour for the game and about 150 people braved the elements and went to the park hoping that it would clear sufficiently for the contest to be staged. They waited for nearly an hour, but were at least forced to give up hope and return to the city.

It is a great disappointment to the baseball lovers of Wilmington, as well as the members of the two teams, that the game could not be played. Had the weather been suitable it is expected that a very large attendance would have witnessed what would probably have been a most interesting and snappy contest.

Real Estate Transfers

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Thos. H. Wright to H. B. Bessent and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on Second, 33 feet north of Cowan street, 33x80 feet in size; Edward Foy and wife to Pembroke Jones, for $100 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, near Wrightsville sound, containing eight and two-tenths acres; D. N. Chadwick, Jr., to Harriet Wright, for $10 and other considerations, lot on Meares, 99 feet east of 14th street, 33x99 feet in size; Virginia W. Murphy to S. J. Ellis and wife, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on Ninth, 244 feet north of Chesnut, 46x165; D. N. Chadwick, Jr., to Maria Quarterman, for $10 and other considerations, lot on Meares, 132 feet east of 14th street, 33x99 feet in size; Morris M Caldwell to Chas. C. Chadbourn, for $1,000 and other considerations, tract on Wilmington-Wrightsville Macadam road, 775 feet east of Mercer avenue, containing 20.3 acres.

Cundall Clears for Glasgow.

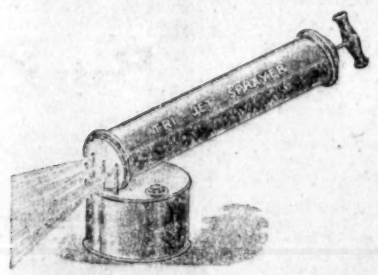
With a miscellaneous cargo, the British steamer Cundall, Capt. White, cleared yesterday for Port Glasgow, Scotland, the cargo being by the Acme Tea Chest Co., and the vessel by Mr. H. A. Whyte, of the Seaboard Air Line. The cargo consists of 5,000 barrels rosin, five million square feet bundled cut gum wood, 160,000 board feet gum boards, machinery for the home office of the company at Port Glasgow, and 142 cases cut gum wood, the total value of the cargo being $97,651.27.

Services at Chinquepin.

Rev. William Black, the beloved evangelist of Synod, accompanied by his singer, was here yesterday en route from Charlotte to Chinquepin, Duplin county, where he will conduct a series of evangelistic meetings at the Presbyterian Church. The people of the community may esteem it an especial blessing to have the pleasure of hearing Mr. Black and his talented singer.

Latest Spring Styles
—IN—
Red Cross
—AND—
Queen Quality Slippers
NOW READY AT
Peterson & Rulfs

... SPRAYERS ...
—FOR—
FARMERS, FLORISTS, AMATEUR GARDENERS.



—Price, 50c—
EVERY LADY SHOULD HAVE ONE FOR HER ROSE BUSHES, HEDGES, ETC.
We have both Dry and Liquid Sprayers; Also Patent Liquid Sprayers—working with air pressure; prices, $5.50 and $7.50.
N. Jacobi Hardware Co.
MEMBERS TRADE EXTENSION ASSOCIATION.
mh24-tf

REX GUANO DISTRIBUTOR.

Its new features for 1912 are a much larger hopper, and an agitator of improved design. Dou you want a perfect feed machine that will feed the same up hill as down hill, the same when your horse walks fast and slow, one that the feed will not change only when you change it, one that will distribute from 200 to 1,000 pounds per acre and spread it in a broad band eight inches wide, or narrow as you prefer, one that can be operated by any boy and will do nothing but perfect work? If so, REX is the machine you are looking for.

For prices and cuts write to the sole agents for North Carolina

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Wholesale Hardware Dealers.

"YOU"
CAN SAVE DOLLARS
FOR TO-DAY WE START OUR CLEARANCE SALE.

If you want to know the WHY—simply because we Need the Room, and because it Makes Us More Friends. This is YOUR sale. YOU KNOW You will Profit when you look at these Prices:

MEN'S SHOES.
$5.00 Patent Bal. and Button.....$3.48
$4.00 Patent, Gun Metal and Tan.....$2.98
$3.50 Tan and Gun Metal.....$2.48
$2.50 Gun Metal, Box Calf and Vici, plain, lace and congress.....$1.98
One Lot $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes, to close out....$1.98

BOYS' SHOES:
$3.00 Gun Metal and Patent Colts.....$2.39
$2.50 Gun Metal and Vici Bluchers.....$1.98
Little Gents', 9 to 13, several lots.....98c to $1.69

LADIES' SHOES:
$4.00 Patent, Gun Metal and Tan.....$2.98
$3.50 Patent, Gun Metal and Tan.....$2.68
$3.00 Patent Blucher and Button.....$2.39
$2.50 Patent and Gun Metal.....$1.98
One Lot of $3.50 and $4.00, to close out.....$1.98
$1.50 and $1.75 Felt Slippers.....98c

MISSES' SHOES—11½ to 2.
$2.50 Gun Metal, Patent and Tans.....$1.89
$2.00 Vici Kid and Patent Colt.....$1.69
$1.50 and $1.75 Kid Button.....$1.39

CHILD'S SHOES—5 to 8.
$1.50 and $1.75 Patent, Tan and Gun Metal...$1.29
One Lot 4½ to 7.....89c

You either Need Shoes RIGHT NOW, or you will Need Them Soon. Come Early, and get a Good Selection. Nothing but Standard Makes.

HEWLETT & PRICE
WILMINGTON, N. C.

LOCOMOTIVES!

We have for sale one 22-ton Standard Gauge Locomotive in first-class condition at a bargain price. We wish to purchase a 15-ton Narrow Gauge Locomotive in good order. We have a few standard gauge log cars for sale; also Cotter Engines and Machinery of all kinds.

If you want to buy or sell machinery or any information about same, see us, we are the dealers and manufacturers.

Office and works foot of Orange street.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS.

THE ATLANTIC INN
Convenient to the Traveling Public.
LARGE ROOMS & GOOD RESTAURANT SERVICE
Opposite Union Depot
Gieschen Bros. Props.

THE WEATHER AT LUMBERTON

Winter Lingering In the Lap of Spring —Old Landmarks Removed— Condition of Roads Improving—Other News

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., March 23.—Yesterday morning many people were engaged in planting their gardens. Coats left off and broad-brimmed straw hats were brought out. Neighbors were running races with each other to see who would have garden peas, string beans, new Irish potatoes, cucumbers, etc., first.

The weather prognosticator was made fun of because he said something was going to happen in less than 24 hours. Protests did no good, before night the gardeneers were hunting umbrellas, overcoats, wood piles and coal bins. The first four days of the week were soon forgotten and this morning people were wondering when warm weather would be here. They forgot that Spring arrived first of the week in a rush, fruit trees that had shown no signs of life ten days ago, were soon in bloom, what few birds had been left could be heard singing early and late, mosquitoes of the large variety had arrived in great numbers, and were singing loud praises that warm weather had come. But the new moon indicated more cold weather and it generally hits the seasons right.

Work which had been suspended on the paving of Chesnut street for some time on account of the disagreeable weather, was resumed this week and will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. With favorable weather Contractor Sutton expects to have the work on that street completed not later than May 1st.

During the week two more old landmarks in the way of buildings have passed away. The little two-room office building on the corner of Mr. Geo. B. McLeod's residence lot near the Court House, which Mr. O. C. Norment says was erected some time before the Civil War, is no more. The first we remember of the little house it was occupied by late Capt. W. S. Norment as a law office over forty years ago. When a little fellow we used to sit on the steps of the old building and watch the boys shoot robbins out of the China trees on the Court House square. The other building removed was a small wooden structure near the railroad station which narrowly escaped destruction at the time of the recent fire when the nearby stables together with a number of horses and mules were consumed by fire. This building was erected by the late Mr. Berry Godwin nearly, if not quite, 40 years ago and was used as an office by the superintendent of the livery stables for some time operated by Mr. Godwin.

Occasionally something occurs to make the people residing in this section come to the conclusion that some demon has escaped from Hades and taken refuge here. A few days ago someone, it couldn't have been a man, dropped poison in Policeman Joe Stone's yard and as a result a fine bird dog of 10 months old was soon dead. The dog was the property of Lee Stone, son of the policeman, and was highly prized by him. He was recently offered $50 in cash for the dog. A day or two later another one of his dogs was given a dose, but this was discovered in time to save the dog. If the perpetrator of this contemptible work could be aroused and hear people express themselves as to his make-up he would himself feel meaner than a sneak who slips around to buy blockade liquor for the purpose of reporting to the officials. The Allen gang are saints compared to such a man.

Roadmaster J. W. Forbis of the Seaboard, who has been in charge of the Wilmington and Hamlet divisions for the past four years, will on May 1st be transferred to the Atlanta and Birmingham division. Mr. Forbis is justly entitled to this promotion, for while the Seaboard has many good men, it has no more faithful servant than he has been, for it is a well-known fact that he had the worst piece of road on the great system.

We are not at liberty to say just where, just when or just how, but we have it on good authority that in the near future Lumberton is going to have a new and up-to-date hotel, modern in all respects, and one that the town will be proud of. That will be the time for a great celebration in this old town.

Dr. J. P. Brown, of Fairmont, was in town Thursday and said he didn't want to hear any more about bad roads as the road from here to his town, 11 miles, was just great. He came over it in 40 minutes in his car, and would have made it in less time but for the fact that he had to stop to let someone pass. Dr. Brown reluctantly admitted in a half-way manner that he had not visited Lumberton in some time on account of bad roads or for some other reason.

Town Attorney T. A. McNeill, Jr., intimates that he will enter the race for State Senator. That only makes three candidates for Senator that we have heard from Lumberton proper. Others might be induced to offer their services to the "dear people," but we believe other parts of the county will have something to say about it.

The firm of Whitfield & French has been incorporated, those interested being Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Whitfield and their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Whitfield. Mr. French has withdrawn from the firm. Mr. Whitfield will be manager of the firm as he has been since 1905 at which time the firm of Whitfield & French was first organized.

No one outside of Wilmington regretted more to hear of the death of Col. Waddell and Mr. I. B. Rhodes, which we are told occurred very suddenly last Sunday evening within thirty minutes of each other. In days gone by both of these gentlemen were our friends in all that the word implies.

Messrs. R. D. Caldwell & Son have sent out invitations to their millinery opening which will take place Tuesday and Wednesday, 26th and 27th. It would be useless to try to describe what they are going to show their lady customers as the goods will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The Buster Brown Musical Comedy Company filled its engagement here last night, playing to one of the largest and best pleased audiences of the season. This will probably be the last of the season though the Pickert Stock Company is expected early in April.

What we want to know is how Wilmington expects to get along without "Tuck" Savage filling the office of township constable. There may be "others jase as good" but they are few and far between.

Mr. Salvome Sebely, who recently moved here from South Carolina and opened a grocery and fruit store in one of the new Carlyle stores on Chesnut street, this week purchased from the Bank of Lumberton its vacant lot on Elm street between Fifth and Sixth opposite the Court House, upon which he expects at an early date to erect a two-story brick building, the front to be of red pressed brick and plate glass. The lot has a frontage of 16 2-3 feet and is 50 feet deep. The price paid was $1,600.

Mr. A. J. Currie, a former Robesonian, but for many years residing in South Carolina, was a Lumberton visitor this week for the first time since 1872. Naturally it was a new town to him.

Mr. Robert Chaffin arrived from South Carolina this week to visit his family who recently moved here from that State.

A large crowd of Lumberton people expect to visit Fayetteville Monday to witness the ball game to be played in the afternoon. The V. & C. S., will give a rate of $1.00 for the round trip, passengers going on the morning train and leaving Fayetteville at 5:30 P. M. on the return trip.

Many friends were greatly delighted one afternoon this week to see Dr. R. M. Norment on the street again. The doctor is too feeble to walk and was carried down on his rolling invalid chair.

Buster Brown and Baby Mine, possibly two of the best attractions playing the South at this time, were both in Lumberton this morning at 7:40, Buster headed for Wilmington and Baby for Charlotte.

BURGAW NORMAL SCHOOL

Closing Exercises at Negro Institution Of Instructive Nature

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., March 23.—Yesterday hundreds of negro farmers in this county attended the closing of the Burgaw Normal School for negro youths. Dr. Charles F. Meserve, of Shaw University, Raleigh, addressed them and a large number of prominent white citizens on "The Gospel of Work." He gave the colored people wholesome advice and forcefully told them that the South was the place for them and that they had excellent opportunities to become desirable factors in its development. In strong terms he denounced the lawless element of the negro people and praised the better class of negroes. He said that the negro had accumulated over six hundred millions of dollars in property and that their success in this respect was largely due to the appreciation of the Southern white man's friendly attitude toward the honest and industrious negro.

The meeting was quite significant because of the strong remarks by Hon. J. T. Bland, city officials and other prominent white men. Mr. D. L. Gore, of Wilmington, sent a letter highly endorsing the work of the school to make the negro youth desirable and serviceable.

The large colored audience enthusiastically applauded the speakers and denounced the criminals of their race. The work of Prof. J. H. Fennell, principal of the school, was highly praised and this even will largely help the negro in this section to become useful.

MR. FLANNER APPOINTED.

Succeeds Mr. Watson as Clerk Craven Superior Court.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., March 23.—Mr. W. B. Flanner, who has been acting clerk of the Superior Court for this county during the illness of the late W. M. Watson, was today appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of that official, Judge H. W. Whedbee, of Greenville, making the appointment. Mr. J. B. Harvey, of Vanceboro, was also a candidate and was strongly recommended for the place.

Mr. Flanner has had several years' experience in the offices of the register of deeds, and clerk of the court; is thoroughly acquainted with the duties he will now perform as chief, and will make a very efficient officer, in the opinion of all.

CHINESE FAMINE.

Great Political Importance in the Situation.

Chicago, March 23.—Dr. J. A. McDonald, editor in chief of the Toronto Globe, who arrived in Chicago tonight to address the Sunday Evening Club tomorrow, said there was great political importance in the Chinese famine situation.

"Quite apart from all humanitarian considerations," said Dr. McDonald, "this famine crisis opens a door for American influence, which, if taken advantage of, will mean more than any of us dream in the sphere of international politics. The Chinese people are awakening to a new life, which will place them in the forefront of world nations. If, in this time of distress, they are helped by the nations of the West, they will never forget."

PEOPLE NOTICED IT

Last Spring many of the people who know Gerald Rogers, of New York, were talking about how pale and delicate he was. No one had to tell him, for he realized his bad condition.

It was Spring—just the time to do something for his blood—and he decided to do it. His recent letter tells the whole story: "I was very weak, delicate and pale all Spring, owing to run-down health and poor blood. But since taking Vinol my health has been built up splendidly and I have recovered my former strength. My blood is now rich and healthy and my appetite is good."

The very best Spring medicine you can possibly get is Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron preparation without oil, because it not only purifies the blood but builds up flesh and strength and makes quantities of rich new blood.

Make up your mind right now that you will try Vinol (on our guaranty that it must please you or cost you nothing) for it will make you feel better than you have felt for years. Robt. R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

CONGRESSMAN IS PLEASED

Delighted With Action of State Committee at Raleigh With Reference to Congressional Primary—County Unit

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., March 23.—"The best day's work the State Committee ever did, was when it passed the resolution of Major Hale, to amend the plan of organization so as to permit a Congressional committee to order a district-wide ballot primary whenever the interest of the Democratic party will be served by so doing," said Congressman Godwin today in speaking of the recent action at Raleigh.

"There is a general trend of public sentiment throughout the country toward ballot primaries, and especially is this so in the Sixth district," said Mr. Godwin. "The action of the committee greatly strengthened the position of the Democratic party in the State. The people are tired of being called upon to help elect men at the polls, whose nominations are secured in conventions controlled by political combinations. If you expect the people to support nominees at the polls, they should have the right to express their preference in making the nominations.

"The amendment to the plan of organization cures a long defect in our party law. It places Congressional committees on equal footing with county committees. The county committees had the power to order primaries, which was wise, and the amendment extends the same power to Congressional committees which is also wise. The primary system will have a salutary affect in all districts where it is put into operation. The primary does away with the political boss and gives the people a free opportunity to make nominations. The primary puts an end to the work of combinations, and gives the people the power to say who their candidates shall be.

"If you are in favor of a government by the people, you are in favor of a primary by the people. If you are against a primary by the people, you are against a government by the people. If our elective and representative system of government must stand, then the right of the people to express their preference in primaries must stand. You cannot say you are in favor of a primary, and prevent a primary on the ground that it is not legalized. We hope to have a legalized primary law for the State passed by the next Legislature, but until we get it, we must accept the next best to it. We cannot say that we are in favor of a primary and avoid a primary upon the flimsy excuse that a Congressional committee would disfranchise a county committee. Under the present plan, the county committees have the right to hold primaries, but the district committees did not have the right until the amendment conferred the right upon them. The old plan, before it was amended, was good insofar as it went but it did not go far enough.

"The contention that district primaries will build up political rings has not an inch of ground upon which to stand. It is a subterfuge and a delusion. Everyone knows that a county or a district primary will overthrow political rings, and sound the death knell of all who seek to defeat the rights of the people. The contrary contention is nothing but a snare. A primary will take the nominations away from the few, and throw them into the hands of the people where they belong. You cannot say you are in favor of a primary, then sidestep to avoid a primary by pleading the corrupt uses of money in campaigns. Congress has enacted laws which make it a crime to corruptly use funds, both in primaries and elections, and great results will be seen this year. You cannot deny to a thousand honest citizens the right to express their preference in a primary upon the ground that one dishonest voter has violated the law. To do this, would be to decide in favor of the criminal against the honest citizens.

"I congratulate the State Democratic Executive Committee of North Carolina for their wise judgment and also the people of the State for the unusually flattering outlook for a Democratic victory this year in both State and Nation."

Washington, March 23.—The dreadnought Texas will be launched at Newport News, Va., May 18th. President Taft expects to attend the christening, which will restore the name of Texas in the navy. Secretary Meyer will head a contingent of distinguished officers. The Texas and her sister ship, the New York, will be the most powerful battleships afloat.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00pm	6:35pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	9:50am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	5:55pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:15pm	9:15pm	7:17am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule In Effect February 12, 1911:

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:35 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptiv literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

Sensible Women Know Foundation of Health

As health talks to women become more general, both in the newspapers and on the platform, the mass of women are beginning to realize what the more cultivated have always known, that good health cannot be found in a powder box. The externals of health may be obtained in that way, but the basis of health lies deeper, and yet is just as easily obtained.

The most important thing that a woman can do for herself, and about which she is often most neglectful, is to watch the condition of her stomach and bowels. The weary eyes, the bad breath, the frequent headaches, the pimples, the general air of lassitude is nine times out of ten the result of constipation or indigestion, or both. Many simple remedies can be obtained, but the best in the estimation of most women is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It is mild, pleasant to the taste and exactly suited to her needs. It is far superior to salts, cathartic pills, waters, etc., which are entirely too violent.

Women should see to it that they have at least one movement of the bowels each day, and when showing any tendency to constipation should take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in the small dose prescribed. A brief use of it will so train the stomach and bowel muscles that all forms of medicine can be dispensed with. These opinions are voiced by thousands of women, after personal experience, among them Viola Caper, Covington, Ga., and Mrs. E. E. Brewer, Central, S. C.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

Campaign Speeches

ON PROGRESSIVE AND CONSTRUCTIVE LEGISLATION.

MONDAY, MARCH 25th:

Delgado ..... 12 o'clock noon.
Scott's Hill ..... 5 P. M.
Fourth and Brunswick ..... 7.15 P. M.
Seventh and Queen ..... 8.15 P. M.

TUESDAY, MARCH 26th:

Front and Wright ..... 6 P. M.
Front and Market ..... 8 P. M.

BE PRESENT, VOTERS AND TAXPAYERS

Yours for Better Laws,

JOHN S. RAMOS

Candidate for House of Representatives.

"A FEW POINTS"

WILDER & METTS Insure you against loss by fire; they represent only first-class Companies, thus assuring prompt adjustment of losses.
WILDER & METTS sell real estate and loan you money, if needed. They will also invest your money for you.
WILDER & METTS make a specialty of rent collections and guarantee prompt returns.
We are ready to prove the above statements.

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Surplus 500,000.00
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WILMINGTON GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS.

Mausoleums, Monuments, Headstones, Steps, Curbing and Iron Fencing for Cemeteries and Graveyards.

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Your orders Respectfully Solicited.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

PHONE 789

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective February 25th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ‡ 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. **Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.**	No. 50, *11:59 P. M.
No. 64, ‡ 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ‡ 6:50 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.**	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadourn, Conway (‡), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, **All Florida Points,** Columbia, Asheville and the West. **Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.**	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
No. 59, ‡ 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, ‡10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. **Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.**	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ‡ 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ‡ 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 4, 1911.
Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND.			WEST BOUND.		
Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville Beach for Wilmington
*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:25 A.M.	*6:15 A.M.	----------
*7:00 "	*7:00 "	----------	‡7:40 "	‡7:30 "	----------
----------	----------	----------	*8:10 "	*7:55 "	*7:45 A.M.
*8:00 "	*8:00 "	----------	*8:40 "	*8:30 "	----------
†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†8:00 "	†9:10 "	†8:55 "	†8:45 A.M.
*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*8:30 "	*9:40 "	*9:25 "	*9:15 "
†9:30 "	†9:30 "	----------	†10:15 "	†10:00 "	----------
10:00 "	10:00 "	10:00 "	11:10 "	10:55 "	10:45 "
11:30 "	11:30 "	11:30 "	12:40 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
‡1:00 P.M.	‡1:00 P.M.	‡1:00 P.M.	2:10 "	1:55 "	1:45 "
2:00 "	2:00 "	----------	2:40 "	2:30 "	----------
‡2:30 "	----------	----------	‡3:10 "	----------	----------
3:00 "	3:00 "	3:00 "	‡3:50 "	----------	----------
‡3:30 "	----------	----------	4:10 "	3:55 "	3:45 "
‡4:10 "	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------
4:30 "	4:30 "	4:30 "	‡4:30 "	----------	----------
‡4:50 "	----------	----------	‡5:10 "	----------	----------
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5:30 "	5:30 "	5:30 "	6:50 "	6:35 "	6:25 "
6:10 "	6:10 "	6:10 "	7:10 "	7:00 "	6:50 "
7:10 "	7:10 "	7:10 "	8:10 "	8:00 "	7:50 "
8:30 "	8:30 "	8:30 "	9:40 "	9:25 "	9:15 "
10:00 "	10:00 "	----------	10:40 "	10:30 "	----------
11:00 "	11:00 "	----------	11:40 "	11:30 "	----------

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.
Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:30 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked * do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked † run Sundays only.
Cars marked ‡ superceded by half hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked § leave at 1:10 P. M. on Saturdays.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Daily Except Sunday.
Leave 9th and Orange streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2 to 3 P. M.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 178.

Trains Leave Wilmington, Effective Jan. 1, 1912.

No. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet, and intermediate points, to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:25 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York, and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:30 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—12:10 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hahlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis; No. 84, for Washington and New York; No. 32, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Pullman Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on trains 39, 40, 45 and 44.

Sleeper on No. 45 open for occupancy at 10 P. M.

CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. mh11-tf

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Carib," Fri., Mar. 22, 1912.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., Mar. 29, 1912.

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Carib," Sat., Mar., 30, 1912.
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., Apr., 6, 1912.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib," Mon., Mar. 25, 1912.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., Apr. 1, 1912.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
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BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, March 24, 1912.

Don't forget to do something of a malicious nature to the early crop of house flies.

It looks funny to see a man trying to round-up votes by talking about the square deal.

The country needs saving from Taft but it ought to be particular about whom it lets do it.

One of the hardest tasks for some men is to keep from getting crooked while trying to make both ends meet.

After the election the other fellow will have the office and you will have to be on your own job or hunt one to get on.

On and after the 18th and 25th of June there will be seven or eight more men with the Presidential grouch. This will keep Col. Bryan from being lonesome.

We can't understand why candidates do not act in a more ladylike manner towards eachotaer. They do some mighty small things in order to eliminate eachother.

The California woman who was awarded $2 in a suit for damages because of the loss of her husband's affections, should cheer up. The joke is entirely on her husband.

The North Carolina Legislature will be interested in the fact that nine States have enacted laws providing for the Presidential preference primary system, and for nominating candidates for other offices.

Sir Horace Walpole said: "All those men have their prices." However, the average price is so low that it makes most men ridiculous, especially those who sell out for an office that doesn't amount to much after they get it.

The Hon. William J. Bryan celebrated his 52nd birthday a few days ago. He is still young and vigorous and has not forgotten how to make a speech. He is booked for one at the Jefferson banquet in Des Moines on the 3rd of April.

The Washington Post says a Colorado hunter boasts that he chased a puma up a tree and caught the beast with his hands. Here is a case which calls for a congratulatory letter from the admiring friend of Catch Em Alive Abernethy.

Roosevelt says the people "called" him, but he seems to depend more on the "recall" of Taft than he does on the call of the people. The proability is that the call heard by the Colonel was something like the noise made by the Toodle Street tailors.

Inasmuch as LaFollette looked so good to the Republicans of North Dakota, Colonel Roosevelt will add them to his list of undesirable citizens. In fact, he has classed the LaFollette supporters as Democrats. If that is true the Democrats are in a majority in North Dakota.

A Philadelphia paper notes: "A Pennsylvanian has invented a faucet which can be locked to prevent the misuse of the contents of a barrel." His faucet would be all right if it weren't for the fact it is easy enough to bore a hole in the barrel and misuse its contents by means of a straw.

In a Philadelphia court a man pleaded guilty to stealing chickens but gave as his excuse that he stole them from a man to get even with him for stealing his wife. The Philadelphian let his vindictiveness make him a thief. Why didn't he wait and play a practical joke off on the other fellow on the 1st of April?

WHAT A MAN CAN DO.

The Hon. William J. Bryan, of Lincoln, Neb., three times the Presidential nominee of the Democratic party, last week celebrated his 52nd birthday. The Nebraskan is only in his prime and is a young man to have risen to such eminence in the 31 years after having attained to his majority. Marveling at this, the Savannah Morning News observes:

"It seems hard to realize that Col. William Jennings Bryan is 52 years old, and yet he has frankly acknowledged the fact and received congratulation upon the recurrence of his birthday. It seems, as times have gone, that Col. Bryan ought to be at least 104 if he is a day. Hoary-headed men cannot remember ahead of the time of Col. Bryan. It is as if he always was and always will be, like the eternal hills. That the colonel is only 52 will be apt to strike many persons as a blow between the eyes. How could a man possibly have gone so far and said so much in the short space of 52 years? Why, Methuseleh lived a great deal longer than that, but all that he ever said and did could be reported in one insue of Col. Bryan's magazine. However, the country will heartily congratulate the colonel on the fact of his ripeness in the vigor of middle age."

The fact is, Col. Bryan is a remarkable man. His reputation is not confined alone to America, but he is known and admired throughout the civilized globe. In some respects, we doubt whether any American holds so much of the confidence of his fellow countrymen without regard to politics. Col. Bryan's purity of life and superb integrity is recognized by men everywhere, and while he entertains political doctrines which have aroused antagonism to him since 1896, he has a stronger personal following than any man in America. Pernonally he holds the confidence of nearly all the people of the United States, but in a political sense he has lost much of his hold upon the country. The most amazing thing about that, too, is that all parties seem to have accepted Bryanism. Col. Bryan's opinion and tenets dominate the politics of both the parties, whether or not the Republican party shall nominate a "progressive" for the Presidency. In all probability the Democratic party will win this fight because the party has grown stronger by a fight that was started by Bryan. He seems to have weakened himself while strengthening his party, and certainly he has weakened the Republican party while strengthening the Democratic party.

It is a singular fact that in a sense Col. Bryan is now stronger than at any time in his political career, for his contentions have captured the country. Whether many men can adopt the "progressivism" of the times, they must acknowledge that the great majority has. Today America's leaders are applauded for advocating those things for which Bryan was condemned. Bryanism seems to make them strong, and perhaps the Nebraskan may yet live to be as strong as Bryanism. He is but 52 years of age, and it would seem that if the country is bound to have Bryanism it would want Bryan.

At any rate, Col. Bryan has made a lasting impression on America and is only 52 years of age, thus in his prime being a living witness of the adoption of Bryanism. This shows what a man can do in thirty-one years after he becomes a man. However, he will have to be an extraordinary man like Bryan and he will have to do it in the way Bryan did it—by sturdiness of character and the application of his power to the reading of books and the study of problems.

THE SIMMONS YAM.

Our interesting, alert and progressive friend, Col. E. D. Pearsall, of Rocky Point, has sent this adjunct of the Star a basket of delicious yams, a new variety for this section of the country. It is a fine sweet potato and we can vouch for all that Col. Pearsall says about its size and premier qualities.

In a communication elsewhere in this morning's Star, Col. Pearsall tells us about the "Simmons yam", named in honor of Senator Furnifold M. Simmons, and judging from what our Rocky Point friend says about it, this yam is a valuable product for the farmers of this ideal potato growing section of North Carolina. This potato is golden meated and deliciously sweet because of its large percentage of sugar constituent. Those are qualities which should establish its reputation as an edible, but consider what Col. Pearsall tells us about its commercial value as a money crop.

In his communication he states that it is a new potato of extraordinary yield and size, producing a peck to the hill. The acreage yield must be immense, making an economical food product for the family as well as feed for stock. It also has the altogether desirable quality of "keeping" well, as it is not so susceptible to early decay as other varieties of yams. The potatoes which he sends us are large and perfectly preserved, although they have lain in the field during all the severe weather of the past Winter. They happened to grow deep and were only uncovered a few days ago when ploughing was done for another crop.

As an advisory and co-operative auxiliary of the National and State Agricultural Departments, and a friend in good standing of the North Carolina Farmers' Union, we must emphasize the fact that the extraordinary size and the tremendous yield of the Simmons yam is the result of deep plowing, well prepared soil and scientific fertilization. This gave the potatoes an opportunity to spread themselves and grow without restraint, attaining such size that two or three potatoes make enough for the dinner of a large family. When baked, the saccharine oozes from each tuber and is converted into candy, but when sliced and fried we can say they are indescribably delectable. It is not necessary to mention their qualities for custards, pies and canning, the latter of which our growers should undertake in order to promote the commercial advantages of potato growing.

Adverting to the "keeping" qualities of the "Simmons yam", it will be noted in Col. Pearsall's communication that the yams which he sent to the Star's potato expert, were plowed from the open field after the middle of March. They grew down so deep that the rooting hogs missed them and jack frost could not possibly reach them. We learn from this that potatoes will keep if they are sufficiently covered with earth so that dampness and cold can be kept from them. Let us learn the lesson here taught by deep plowing, which assures the greatest possible yield, and by careful covering which assures preservation of the crop from damage on account of dampness and cold.

CHARLESTON ON THE MOVE

We want to see our South Atlantic ports avail themselves of the fullest advantages to be opened to them by the commercial opportunities to be offered by the Panama canal. The Star would rejoice to see Wilmington and every other South Atlantic port realize themselves in becoming the logical ports for the traffic of the 90,000,000 people of the United States with the 40,000,000 people of the Latin countries to which we will be linked by closer commercial ties. We want to see Wilmington meet the opportunity, and if Wilmington will not do so we want to see some other port do it, for it is possible to make the South the greatest commercial portion of the United States. It will require all our Southern ports to do that, and that is the reason we want to see all of them taking steps in a commercial movement that has immense possibilities. Charleston is on the move, and as witness of it, the News and Courier says:

"The great business before commercial Charleston at the present moment is the business of getting ready for Panama. We have much to do, but there is nothing in connection with the work of preparation which cannot be accomplished by intelligent and persistent effort. * * * We are glad that the Charleston Ad Club has been so fortunate as to induce Mr. John Barrett to visit this city next Monday for the purpose of addressing the business men of the community on this subject. He is one of the best posted men in the United States on all questions to the Panama canal and conditions in Latin-America generally. As Director General of the Pan-American Union he has been doing and is now doing a valuable work in paving the way for closer trade relations between North and South America. He is an enthusiast and has all of the enthusiast's ardor, but, as a rule, he keeps at the same time close to solid facts. We are not acquainted with his gifts oratorically, but he is in great demand as a speaker at all important commercial gatherings, and he is sure to bring to the people of Charleston a message which will be stimulating in its tone, practical in its bearings and comprehensive in its scope. His audience at the Academy of Music next Monday evening should be limited only by the seating capacity of the building."

Wilmington ought also to secure a visit from Mr. Barrett. He will open the eyes of Charleston and he would do the same for Wilmington. Already Charleston is talking of sending first-class representatives to the Latin-American countries to study the opportunities for commerce as it concerns Charleston.

Don't get so wrought up over your candidate that you can't get enthusiastic over the man who may beat him for the nomination. What is politics between friends?

Says the Norfolk-Virginian Pilot: "Mr. Taft has ordered government buildings fumigated. What's the use, so long as some of the present occupants are permitted to continue to occupy them?" Probably it's a joke the President is trying to play on them in the way of reminding them that "there's something rotten in Denmark."

This is a year of titantic struggles. Roosevelt, Taft and LaFollette are struggling for the Republican nomination for President. Wilson, Clark, Harmon and Underwood are going up against each other for the Presidential favor of the Democracy. Simmons, Kitchin, Aycock and Clark are in a mix-up for the United States Senate, and the balance of us seem to be in a losing fight against the high cost of living.

CURRENT COMMENT.

There is absolutely no excuse for Democratic anti-Wilson newspapers carrying their obsession so far as to give repeated currency to the canard that Governor Wilson did not vote for Mr. Bryan in 1908. Governor Wilson has branded the report as false a score of times in the most public manner.—rolumbia State.

"If it wasn't for the people," says the Wilmington Star, "there would be no political bosses. Where there is a boss, it is because the people are satisfied with his rule." Which is another way of putting the old proposition that all people have the sort of government that they deserve. If they wanted something better, they would stand up and fight and get it.—Savannah News.

IN MEMORIAM.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Cowan James.

Born December 5th, 1849: Died March 6th, 1912.

The Reserve Corps of the Wilmington Light Infantry moved with a profound sorrow by the death of their comrade, desire to put on record their sincere appreciation of his virtues, their great sense of their own personal loss and their profound and heartfelt sympathy for those who were bound to him by the closer ties of devoted kinship.

If there was one characteristic which predominated in the nature of Colonel James, it was the "military instinct". He was a true soldier, not simply because for a great part of his life he devoted his energies in no slight degree to the service of the Company he loved, but because of thos elemental forces within him which made for personal courage, discipline, obedience and power to command, and which rendered military service to him not an incident, but a natural condition of existence.

And as we strew garlands of immorteles over the crossed sword hilts, let us ever keep in mind that the fortitude undaunted which was taught to Knights of old by these warlike emblems, was a prevalent trait in our comrade; and while we bow with humble submission to the inscrutable decree of our Divine Captain, by which the mortal vase in which our comrade's beautiful life budded, blossomed and bloomed out, was suddenly shattered, may it be ours and those nearer to him to sustain our loss with the same fortitude undaunted with which he endured the trials of this passing existence.

We will cherish his memory and endeavor to profit by the example he furnished, hoping that we may be able to leave behind us as bright a shield of personal honor, as was laid down by him at the close of his warfare, and across which, no bar sinister ever gave its foul attaint. It is therefore,

Resolved, That we place on permanent record this memorial to our departed comrade; that the papers of the city be requested to publish it, and that a copy be sent to his family.

MARTIN S. WILLARD,
ROBT. N. SWEET,
C. H. WHITE,
Committee.

HIGH COST OF LIVING

Mr. D. L. Gore Assigns Two Reasons In Present Conditions

Editor Star:—"No use for committees to investigate the high cost of living." The two principal causes are first, the migration of farmers to the city, which lessen the quantity of eatables made. Why do they come? One reason is the want of better school facilities, and they foolishly think the environment in the city is always better than that of the country, this reminds me of last Fall when I advised someone with several children, why he did not stop his children from school two or more months to help pick out the cotton, he was abusing the negroes for not picking. No, he could not do that but the cotton could go to waste before his children could lose two months from school to pick it. This educational idea when not interspersed with the inculcation of labor, is topheavy, and is showing against our citizenship. How many college men stay on the farm and how many of them amount to much in case they do stay there.

I am a friend of education and think the State should furnish a good English education to all its children, but nothing more, and when a sensible parent sees his child has that, then if the child wants to go to college let him work it out, and it makes nim a better man for having done it.

Now, the second cause of the high cost of living is every person from the poorest to the richest, want the best of everything. No one wants at my store any flour except the best patent, and in fact, they want the best of everything, and I hear it is the same way at the butcher shop, and other retail places of trade. There are many pieces of meat which sell for 25 to 50 cents less than the high-priced cuts, just as good and half patent flour will taste as well and go as far in the support of the family as the full patent will.

This is a free country and each person can do as he or she pleases about what they spend their money for, but please don't blame other people about their own folly. I could go on indefinitely but what is the use, this covers the ground. Stop and think for yourself, but in Lord Chesterfield's letters to his son he said: "Very few people think for themselves." I am satisfied that many of them are thinking for themselves now. We should all read history, the lives of great men of this and other countries and the best magazines and newspapers and think over what we read.

Yours truly,
D. L. GORE.

NEW VARIETY OF THE YAM.

Yields Enormously, Keeps Well and Has Fine Qualities.

Editor Star:

I am sending you under separate cover some samples of a new sweet potato of extraordinary yield, keeping qualities, and other good points, that will be known as the "Simmons yam" in honor of North Carolina's senior Senator, from the fact that they give the best results in every way of any potato tested by me. They grow to fine size, a peck to the hill; and the more you know of their good qualities the better you like them. They mature in from 60 to 75 days from the time of setting out the sprout.

Ask the agricultural editor, Col. Clawson, to try them and attest their efficacy. They may be served in many ways, and are now juicy and sweet, making most excellent timber for the old fashioned sliced potato pie flavored with

"Nutmeg, spice, peach brandy;
Other good things that are handy."

Rest assured that Col. Clawson, who is no mean judge of small matters and good potatoes, will return a favorable verdict.

Only last week in re-bedding the land for cucumbers, bushels of these potatoes were ploughed out of the ground after the crop had been dug last Fall and run over by hogs. They grow deep. E. D. P.

EASTER HATS!

Trimmed and Ready to Wear.

Some very effective styles. Style in a Hat counts more than materials, with most women. But we don't rest content with that.

Styles in Rehder's Hats is underlaid and emphasized by the good quality of the materials. Just as the sparkle of a Diamond is more lustrous in a gold than in a brass setting.

Women's Stylish Hats
At $5, $6, $7.50 and $8.50.

Misses' and Children's Trimmed and Ready to Wear Hats in great variety
At 98c, $1.50, $1.98, $2.48, $2.98, $3.98.

White Muslin Underwear.

The Snowy White Crisp Kind, made by the best and cleanest manufacturers, and of high grade muslin — Gowns, Skirts, Corset Covers, Drawers, Princess Slips—in great variety.

WHITE SHIRT WAISTS. WHITE MIDDY BLOUSES. WHITE LINEN SKIRTS. CREAM SERGE SKIRTS.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Mourning Hats a Specialty—
$3.50, $5, $6 & $7.50.

The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. All the members are urged to attend. Strangers cordially invited. Everybody welcome.

St. Thomas' church, Dock near Second street.—Mass, 9 A. M. No evening service.

Grace M. E. church, Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., sermon by the pastor. At 3:30 P. M., Sunday school. M. F. Allen, superintendent. You are invited to attend these services.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector.—Holy Communion, 7:30 A. M. Service and sermon, 11 A. M. Sunday school, 4 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon, 8 P. M. Seats free at all services. All are cordially invited.

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor.—Sunday school, 10 A. M.; H. A. Decover, superintendent. Preaching at 11 A. M., "Jesus at a Marriage;" 7:45 P. M., "The Kingdom of God." Christian Endeavor, 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday, at 8 P. M. Come and worship with us.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and Seventeenth street.—Services at 11 A. M. Subject of lesson sermon, "Matter." All are invited.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor. German service, 11 A. M. Vesper service, with examination of catechumens, 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, 3:30

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.—Rev. Dr. Geo. C. Worth will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Rev. R. C. Anderson will preach.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets.—First Mass, 7 A. M. Last Mass, sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers, answering questions, 8 P. M.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Holy Communion at 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon, at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Bladen Street Methodist church, corner Fifth and Bladen streets, Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor.—Preaching, at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor. Sunday school, at 3:30 P. M., J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Midweek prayer service, Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor.—Morning worship at 7:30 o'clock. Sermon subject: "Helpless Without Heaven." Evening worship at 7:30 o'clock. Sermon subject: "A Message from Beyond the Grave." Baptism at night, Sunday school, 3:30 o'clock. Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Deacons' Meeting, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U., Thursday night and Teachers' Meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Small Accounts

as well as large ones are welcomed here.

You need not wait until your business has assumed great proportions before opening an account.

Do So at Once

Our patrons, regardless of business done receive every courtesy in all matters of business entrusted to us.

The Southern National Bank

FOR SOUTHPORT
(By Harper Steamboat Line.)
STEAMER WILMINGTON.

Leave Wilmington daily at 10:00 A. M.
Leave Southport daily at 2:30 P. M.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Carroll Building

SAID THE SPIDER TO THE FLY--

"Come into my parlor." Thus saith the man with the Get-Rich-Quick scheme. He has a smooth tongue and a glad hand but his schemes are highly speculative and non-productive—Beware! Keep a tight hold upon your wallet.

Better deposit your earnings in some strong savings bank, there to accumulate and be ready for some good legitimate business enterprise.

This bank receives deposits, small or large, and pays Four Per Cent Compound Interest on all accounts.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
115 North Front Street. Orton Building.

The Perfect Dress Foundation

DeBevoise

Figure-Forming Brassiere.

A style for every figure 50c and up.

A. D. BROWN
The Modest-Price Store

YOU'LL like the looks and the feel of these new Spring clothes which we have for you; you'll be pleased with the new models—the English soft roll sack, the new Varsity, the young men's Shape-maker. The beautiful all-wool fabrics, soft and luxurious; they're perfectly shrunk, and correctly tailored.

The style will stay stylish.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes are always that way. They're the true economy in clothes; they cost just enough to be as good as clothes can be.

Suits, $18 and up.

Correct Styles and Lasting Materials in our Boys' Suits.

Suits made to order by Smith, Gray & Co., 5th Avenue, New York; also by Our Own Tailoring Department. We have an experienced draftsman and cutter all the time.

You can get what you want in Furnishings at this store.

ROYAL BRAND
THE A. DAVID CO.
This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothing, Manhattan Shirts and Stetson Hats.

NOTES OF BOY'S BRIGADE

Basketball Season Is About to a Close And Baseball Now is Receiving Much Attention—Other Notes

With the approach of warmer weather the mind naturally turns to the out of doors and this state of mind now prevails among the members of the Boys' Brigade. The basketball season is about to close and will be finished within two weeks, there being only two questions of supremacy to decide, these being the championship of the Friday night league and the Class B league. The first game between the Pirates and the Tigers for the championship of Class A league will be played on next Friday night. The next game in Class B league will be played next Wednesday night.

Company B has practically won the championship of the Brigade over Company A though there will be three more games played, the next one being played next Thursday night. Should Company B win it will be the undisputed champions of the season 1911-12 and the games between these teams finished for this season. The gymnasium classes, which have been well attended this year will close this week.

Baseball is now the topic of general conversation among the members of the Boys' Brigade. Two teams will represent the organization this season. One in Company A and one in Company B. The latter team is now fully organized and will begin practice this week. Uniforms were ordered this week for this team. They will be pearl grey with dark blue trimmings having the insignia of Company B on the chest and will be real "classy." The first game will be played on Saturday, April 6th, when Company A and Company B will cross bats. Company C will also have a team composed of small boys and they give promise of playing good ball. Among the candidates for this team are Grant Dickerson, Chas. Bell, Jas. Munroe, Louis Hill, Marvin Register, U. C. Ellis, W. Ruark, Harry Fergus and others. All that is required now is warm weather and baseball will be in full swing.

Probably what promises to be one of the most delightful affairs of the entire season will be the annual bazaar. This is always looked forward to with keen interest by the puolic as one of the most enjoyable social events of the year. The plans for this year are more elaborate than ever before and will embrace splendid decorations, beautiful booths of unique design, and more of them than ever before, novel features of various description, besides many special features for the entertainment of those who attend. The committee this year is in charge of Mr. Frank Brittain and this assures a successful affair. Because of the continued bad weather the date is a little later this year than heretofore and the bazaar will not be held until May. The exact dates are May 1st, 2nd and 3rd, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. The complete plans for this delightful affair will be announced later. The ladies who assisted last year and many more will assist again this year and this is all that is reguired to make this the most successful affair of the kind ever attempted by the Boys' Brigade. The money raised will be used in defraying the expense of the annual encampment and as the Brigade now has three companies the expense will necessarily be greater, hence this special effort to raise enough to cover the entire cost.

The present equipment of the Brigade for its regular indoor work is very complete, with reading room, library, gymnasium, baths, auditorium, bowling alleys, etc, but the Brigade does not possess any adequate facilities for outdoor recreation and games. These are badly needed for the boys have no place for athletics or baseball or other features of outdoor sports and no place for clean swimming where they may be free from the evil influence of some of the worst characters in the city. One of the friends of the Brigade recently gave the organization about an entire square in the southern section of the city within one block of the street cars but this must be properly graded and filled in before it can be used to advantage. Then a baseball diamond and track should be built besides a place for bathing but these can be secured only by the expenditure of money which the Brigade does not possess. One public-spirited gentleman has prepared a place in the northern section of the city where boys may go and play baseball and where they may have a good running track and athletic field and contemplates arranging a splendid outdoor gymnasium and swimming space for any boy who wishes to enjoy them and where they may be free from interference and evil characters. The need of this kind of place is just as great in the southern section as in the northern and would add greatly to the efficiency of the Boys' Brigade if some friend, who really wished to see the youth of this section of the city greatly benefitted, would give to the Brigade for its Summer work just such a place as has been given to the boys of the northern section. Under intelligent supervision and careful management such a place could be made of incalculable benefit from a moral and physical point of view. The active work of the Brigade comes to a standstill in the Summer for lack of just such a place and much of the good accomplished during the Winter is lost and if the highest state of efficiency of this splendid organization is to be maintained such a place should be provided at once. This is an opportunity for some person, philantropically inclined to accomplish a great good at little cost. It will be remembered that the present armory is the gift one one friend who saw a great need and who met it in this manner and this friend will have the grateful thanks of the entire community for this magnificent gift through which so much has been accomplished for the uplift of the boys of the southern section of Wilmington.

—The annual meeting of the United Charities, colored, will be held at Maria's Hall Monday, March 25th, at 3:30 o'clock. All members are invited to attend, as important matters are to be acted upon.

SEVERE STORM ON THE COAST

Tug Fawn and Schooner Prince Lost Off This Coast Friday Night—Last Named With Cargo General Merchandise.

Accompanying the decided drop in temperature on the interior, severe gales were reported off this immediate coast Friday night and yesterday morning. Heavy seas were running and at times the gale is said to have reached a velocity of 60 miles an hour.

Two marine casualties are already reported and others are expected to come in today and tomorrow unless the weather abates. The small coasting schooner Prince, Capt. Albert Arnold, outward bound for Little River, S. C., where she is owned by the Stone Brothers Co., was swamped by the heavy seas in Southport harbor and went down with miscellaneous cargo valued at $5,000, while late Friday evening the tug Fawn, of Wilmington, in charge of Capt. J. L. Pinner, and outward bound for Newbern, N. C., for repairs, was caught in the gale and having suffered a broken rudder, was driven hard and fast ashore, four miles south of Masonboro Inlet. Capt. Pinner and crew of five men escaped and took private conveyance overland for Wilmington, reaching here at an early hour yesterday morning. The Fawn is owned by the Hammer Lumber Co. of this port, and may be a total loss. She was about 70 feet long, valued at $6,000, and is understood to have been partially covered by insurance.

The schooner Prince went down in about 24 feet of water and little hopes of raising her are now entertained. She carried among other cargo about 2o tons of fertilizers and this would make wrecking exceedingly difficult. The owners carried not one cent of insurance. The Prince was anchored in the river and the heavy winds and high tide caused seas to break over her, washing the cargo on deck out to sea and filled the little craft so quickly that she soon sank. Capt. Arnold had a narrow escape and owes his life to Capt. Jones, of the three-masted schooner Wm. Thomas Moore, which was anchored nearby.

The Prince was about 35 tons burden, 70 feet long and valued at $2,000. It was purchased about six months ago by the Stone Brothers Company. Its cargo was consigned to merchants and farmers at Little River, S. C., Wampee, S. C., Calabash and Pireway, N. C., and it seems to be a total loss the blow will fall heavily on them.

BOYS' MEETING.

Mr. Sheely, of Roanoke College, Will Speak at Y. M. C. A. Today.

There will be special services at the Y. M. C. A. this morning, for the boys at 10 A. M. An invitation is extended to all the boys in the city. The speaker will be Mr. Theodore G. Sheely, of Roanoke College, who has recently come to Wilmington as office secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Mr. Sheely's subject will be "The Determination of Purpose." He will make it interesting as well as profitable for all who attend.

Fifth Street Methodist Church.

The pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams, will preach at 11 A. M., on "Giving the Soul a Square Deal," At 7:30 P. M. the subject will be "The Overflowing Life." or "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" Twenty minutes song service by large chorus choir. Everybody invited. The Junior Congregation meets at 10:15 A. M. Sunday School 3 P. M. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M.

Brotherhood Meeting Today.

The Brotherhood Bible Class of the First Presbyterian Church will hold its meeting at 12:20 this afternoon, immediately after the morning church services are concluded. All members are cordially invited to attend, and visitors will be gladly welcomed.

BOOKS CLOSED YESTERDAY

Registration Said to Have Been Larger Than Usual—Elector Alleges Was Not Allowed to Examine the Lists.

The registration books for the Democratic county primary to be held next Wednesday, March 27th, closed last evening at sunset, and it is the general consensus of opinion among interested parties that the registration has been considerably larger than is usually the case for an election of this kind. One reason given for this is the interest in the United States Senatorial contest, though the result of the primary will hardly have any direct bearing on the outcome of this race.

Figures for the different wards were not available last night, but Mr. W. W. Hodges, registrar for the Second Ward, stated that 532 old names and 158 new ones had been entered upon his books, making a total of 690, which is considered a very good registration. It is believed that the registration ran much larger proportionately in the three inside wards, the Second, Third and Fourth, than in the outlying wards, the First and Fifth.

Considerable comment was created yesterday by a question which arose as to the right of an elector to inspect the registration books and to take copies of the names entered. According to a statement by Cameron F. MacRae, Esq., chairman of the county board of elections. Mr. R. H. Jarman, who is understood to be a supporter of Mr. W. B. Cooper, a candidate for the State Senate, was refused the privilege of inspecting the books in both precincts in the First Ward, and of making copies of the names. Mr. MacRae stated that Mr. Jarman had come to him and told him that he had been refused the privilege of inspecting and copying the registration by Mr. W. L. West and Mr. P. J. Breen, the registrars in the First Ward, and that Mr. Jarman had also told him that Mr. West had intimated that he (Jarman) could have copies of the lists for $25 each. Following this, Mr. MacRae said, he had written to the registrars in the First Ward informing them of the law in regard to the matter and instructing them, in his capacity as chairman of the board of elections, to let Mr. Jarman or any other elector have access to the registration books and also to let them copy the lists if they so desired. Mr. MacRae said that the law provides that any elector may inspect the registration books at any time during the registration period for the purpose of making challenges, and that he construed this as meaning that an elector had the right to make any memorandum he saw fit, so long as he did not interfere with the registration.

The chairman of the board of elections stated that he understood that Mr. Jarman had been refused the privilege of inspecting the books a second time after he had written to the two registrars. He intimated that the board of elections woud make an investigation of Mr. Jarman's statement as to having been told that it would cost him $25 each to see the two lists in the First Ward.

It is understood that heretofore electors have had the opportunity of examining the registration books.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCK.

Kentucky Horse and Mule Co., Announce Another for This Week.

The Kentucky Horse & Mule Co., Mr. F. T. Mills, manager, announces another of its big auction sales at its sales stables, No. 116 North Second street, on Thursday, March 28th. Mr. Ward Luke, of the company, has been in Kentucky the past two weeks purchasing horses and mules for his firm and advises Mr. Mills that he has secured a fine lot of stock. Mr. A. H. Jewell will be the auctioneer and everybody is invited to attend the sale. It begins at 1 P. M. and every animal will go for the high dollar.

CANDIDATES' REQUEST DENIED

Board of Elections Rules That Aspirants for Office Shall Not be Allowed Representation During Voting at Palls.

Disregarding the expressed opinion of the Attorney General of North Carolina, the New Hanover County Board of Elections at a special meeting yesterday afternoon, voted not to grant the requests of several of the candidates for office in the coming election that they be allowed to have personal representatives inside the ropes or guard rails at the polling places during the voting in the primary to be held next Wednesday, on the ground that to grant such request would not be legal, adopting a resolution, however, granting the candidates the privilege of representation at the count after the polls have closed.

The special meeting was held at the Court House yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock and followed the receipt of a letter by Cameron F. MacRae, Esq., chairman of the board, from Mr. W. B. Cooper, one of the candidates for the State Senate, demanding that he be allowed to have representatives at the polls at the coming primary. The question had come up in an informal way the night before and Chairman MacRae had telegraphed Attorney General T. W. Bickett, at Raleigh, for his opinion on the legality of the matter, and had received his reply. Several other candidates for office were present or had representatives present at the meeting and the discussion was quite extended. Following the decision of the board, J. A. McNorton, Esq., who appeared on behalf of Mr. W. A. McGirt, a candidate for County Commissioner, gave notice of an appeal, stating that the necessary steps would be taken as soon as possible.

When the meeting was called to order Chairman MacRae stated that the question as to the legal right of a candidate to have a representative at the polling places, inside the ropes or guard rails during the voting, had been questioned and that the meeting had been called for the purpose of having the board pass upon it. He asked Mr. William Struthers, Jr., who, with Mr. R. C. DeRosset compose the other members of the board, to read the correspondence on the matter. Mr. Cooper's letter to Mr. MacRae was read first, and was as follows:

Mr. Cooper's Letter.

"March 23, 1912.

"Mr. C. F. MacRae, Chairman, Board of Managers. City.

"My Dear Sir:—It appears that Mr. T. W. Bickett, Attorney General for the State of North Carolina, has advised you that the provisions in Act of 1905 allowing candidates the right to have representatives at polls has not been repealed by the Acts of 1909. In view of the decision rendered by the Attorney General, I demand of your board that the law be carried out at the coming primary on the 27th instant. I will give you the names of my representatives allowed by law to be permitted within the rope or guard rail on Tuesday, the 26th instant, before the primary on the 27th instant. "Yours very truly,

"W. B. COOPER."

Mr. Struthers then read Mr. MacRae's telegram to Attorney General Bickett, asking if the clause in the act of 1905 allowing candidates to have representatives inside the rope or guard rail at the polls in New Hanover county had been repealed by the act of 1909, and Mr. Bickett's reply to it, which was as follows:

"Cameron F. MacRae, Chairman Board of Elections, Wilmington, N. C.

"Provision act 1905 allowing candidates right to have representative at polls not repealed by act of 1909.

"T. W. BICKETT,

"Attorney General."

The chairman then stated that if any one was present who would like to discuss the matter the board would be glad to hear them. Herbert McClammy, Esq., stated that he was appearing on behalf of Mr. Cooper, and that he would like to say a few words in regard to the matter. He said that he had been approached on the streets by a gentleman who asked his opinion as to whether the act of 1909 repealed the clause in the act of 1905 allowing candidates the right to have a representative at the polls during the primary and that he had told that gentleman that he thought the latter act did not repeal the clause in the first one. He said that he did not know until yesterday morning that the matter had been submitted to the Attorney General for his opinion, but that he had advised Mr. Cooper to make his demand in the form of a communication to the board. Mr. McClammy read the acts of 1905 and 1909, pointing out that the former was an act to legalize primaries in New Hanover county, while the latter was an act to preserve the integrity of the ballot and prevent election frauds in New Hanover county.

He read a clause of Section 5, of the act of 1905, as follows: "Provided further, that any candidate may have a representative at the polls to witness the casting and counting of the ballot," and a clause from Section 8, of the act of 1909: "No persons other than the election officers and challenger allowed by law shall be permitted within the rope or guard rail except by authority of election officers who shall keep order and enforce the law." In Section 14 of the same act, Mr. McClammy read the following clause: "That this act shall not be construed to abrogate or change any existing laws or clauses thereof regarding elections or primary elections in said New Hanover county, except insofar as the provisions of this act are inconsistent with such existing laws."

This, Mr. McClammy argued, showed very plainly that the act of 1909 did not repeal the clause in the act of 1905 allowing candidates to have a representative at the polls. One of the great principles of the Democratic party, he said, was a free vote and a fair count, and it would be only simple justice to allow the candidates to have representatives at the polls in order that there might be no criticism of any one connected with the election. No candidate, he declared, could object to such an arrangement.

When Mr. McClammy had completed his talk Mr. George Harriss, as chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of New Hanover county, said that personally he would be glad

(Continued on Page Six).

Special Services This Week

St. John's Episcopal Church.

Special Mission services conducted by the Reverend John R. Matthews, missioner, will begin at St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. Wm. E. Cox, rector, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock, and will continue through next Sabbath, March 31st. Every member of the parish and the public at large are invited to attend these services, to come and bring their friends. The invitation is neatly put in handsome little cards, bearing the following quotation:

"Oh! come apart from the world today!
"Live with the Master! Think and pray,
"Then, when the Forty Days are done,
"Give the world the strength you've won."

Morning prayer or holy communion will be held daily at 7:30 A. M., but the main service will be daily except Saturday at 8 P. M., with sermon by the missioner. Bible readings will be conducted daily except Saturday at 5 P. M. These promise to be most interesting and helpful as Rev. Mr. Matthews is a profound Bible scholar and possesses the happy faculty of being able to impart this in an interesting and pleasing manner. There will be a special service for men only next Sunday at 4 P. M., further announcement of which will be made. By special request Mr. Matthews will hold noonday services for business people at The Grand Theatre from 1:05 to 1:25 P. M. daily, beginning on Tuesday.

Rev. Mr. Matthews is a most earnest worker and is pleasantly remembered in Wilmington as having supplied St. James' during the interim between the leaving of Rev. Mr. Hogue and Dr. Milton. He should be heard by large congregations at each service. The service on next Sunday will be the administration of the Apostolic Rite of Confirmation by the Bishop of the Diocese, at 8 P. M.

● NEW INTEREST QUARTER ●

APRIL FIRST

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

WILL BE PLEASED TO HAVE YOUR ACCOUNT.

THE BANK—

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

THE OFFICERS—

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr .....President
H. WALTERS .....Vice-President
J. W. NORWOOD. . . .Vice-President
J. L. WILLIAMS .....Cashier
W. HULL MOORE. . . .Assistant Cashier

THE DIRECTORS—

H. Walters,	J. W. Norwood,	J. V. Grainger,
Donald MacRae,	Wm. Calder,	J. H. Chadbourn,
J. D. Bellamy, Jr.,	H. C. Bear,	D. H. Penton,
N. B. Rankin,	D. O'Connor,	H. L. Vollers,
W. V. Hardin,	Lyman Delano,	C. E. Taylor, Jr.

THE DEPOSITORS—

Too numerous to mention—over 13,000 of them!

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

A GOOD PLACE FOR YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT.
SEE US ABOUT IT.

PEOPLES BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

Wilmington's Great Home-Builder and Money-Saver opens its 19th Series of Stock Saturday, April 6th.

——SUBSCRIBE NOW——

D. R. FOSTER, Sec'y and Treas.

——112 PRINCESS ST.——

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy."

Our Millinery Opening Was a Great Success

We are thankful for the large patronage given us during and since our Opening. You may buy Millinery and Suits elsewhere at the same price as ours, but you will not find the values the same.

Ladies, when you start out to buy your Spring "Togs"—come Here. You'll find our assortment large, our styles elegant, our values and the way we serve you pleasing. In fact, we have done, and will do, everything in our power to make this a pleasing and satisfactory place for you to trade this Spring.

To secure all the style, service, satisfaction and good value to which you are entitled in your Suits and Millinery, you had better come to this store, where the NEWEST and BEST of EVERYTHING WOMEN and GIRLS WEAR can be had in qualities you like, at prices you will be pleased to pay.

Don't wait until the last minute to get your Spring Suit or Millinery. Get them NOW.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Friends will regret to learn of the illness of Miss Mary Schrader, at her home on North Third street.

* * *

Mrs. H. D. Thompson, of Baltimore, is visiting the family of her brother, Mr. C. C. Covington, No. 519 Grace street.

* * *

Mrs. J. E. Ligon and little son, Richard, of Lillington, N. C., are visiting Mrs. Ligon's sister, Mrs. A. L. Mincy, No. 409 Wright street.

* * *

Miss C. B. Montague and little niece, Miss Loretta Montague, of Montague, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hines, No. 114 Nun street.

* * *

Miss Fannie Holden and Miss Willie Southerland left Friday night for Norfolk, Va., where they will spend several days as the guests of Mrs. L. P. Sneeden.

* * *

The monthly meeting of the Whatsoever Circle of King's Daughters and Sons will be held at the home of Mrs. James Howard, No. 418 North Third street, Monday, March 25th, at 4 o'clock.

* * *

The Literature Department of Sorosis will meet Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the club room at the Library, and it is asked that as many members as can possibly attend will please do so.

* * *

The Study Circle of Fifth Street Methodist Church will meet Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Oscar DuRant, on Second street, and all members are urged to be present. The subject for discussion will be "China."

* * *

St. Agnes' Guild of St. James' Episcopal Church, will hold its annual Spring Sale of lingerie and neckwear next Thursday, March 28th, at 10:30 o'clock. It has not yet been decided where the sale will be held, but the announcement will be made later.

* * *

A unique entertainment will be given in the lecture room of Grace church Friday night of this week, beginning at 8:30 o'clock. There will be living pictures, songs, recitations and instrumental selections. All are cordially invited to attend. Admission will be 10 cents.

* * *

The Cathedral Sewing Circle of St Mary's will hold a white sale on Friday of this week at the residence of Mrs. Jos. H. Watters, No. 110 Orange street. It will open at 10 A. M., and all friends are most cordially invited with the assurance that they will find some real attractive offerings.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. Thos. D. Meares left last night for New York City, where Capt. Meares will attend a meeting of the officers of the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, which is called for the purpose of deciding the question of changing the annual meeting place from Fort Worth, Texas. Capt. Meares is master of exchequer. He will return to the city Thursday.

* * *

The annual Spring sale of the Ministering Circle of King's Daughters will be held Wednesday, March 27th, at 4 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Clayton Giles. Among other things there will be for sale boudoir caps, kimonas, dressing saques, etc., and a variety of useful linen and cotton articles that will be particularly serviceable in Beach cottages. The ladies of the circle wish special mention to be made of the fact that the articles for sale will not be open for the inspection of their patrons until the hour of the sale.

* * *

CONFEDERACY DAUGHTERS TO HOLD BRIDGE CONTEST.

The Ways and Means Committee of the Daughters of the Confederacy will give a Bridge Tournament at the armory Wednesday. April 17th, afternoon and night, for which invitations will be issued in a few days. Savannah, Norfolk and other cities have given these entertainments, which have been enthusiastically responded to by the people who are fond of playing cards, and the merchants who generously assisted by giving the prizes, (among whom are some of the veterans).

The ladies are planning a very attractive party and hope to meet with a ready sale of tickets. Any other information will be gladly given by the committee, which is composed of the following ladies: Mrs. Walker Taylor, Mrs. W. L. Beery, Mrs. F. L. Huggins, Mrs. W. G. Pulliam, Mrs. P. Q Moore, Mrs. E. K. Bryan, Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, Miss Jane Meares, Miss Lena Beery, Miss Alice Davis, and Miss Bessie Loder.

MRS. McDONALD TO SPEAK.

National Lecturer and Organizer at Academy This Afternoon.

Mrs. Almena Parker McDonald, National lecturer and organizer for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will speak in the opera house this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The programme has been arranged as follows:

Hymn—"Onward Christian Soldiers."

Scripture reading and prayer—Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster.

Introduction of Speaker—Mr. W. P. Stacy.

Address—Mrs. McDonald.

Hymn—"America."

Benediction.

Pianist—Miss Mattie Chasten.

Leader of Singing—Mr. Geo. Leftwich.

We wish to call attention, especially to the fact, that Mrs. McDonald will speak also at the First Baptist Church Monday night at 8 o'clock.

MRS. W. H. SHAW.
Press Supt. W. C. T. U.

Public Water Supply

The following is the latest report of the analysis of the Wilmington public water supply received yesterday at the office of the Water and Sewerage Commission: Sediment, 0; colo-Platinum-Cobalt standard, 0; turbidity-Silicia standard, very slight; odor, cold, 0; odor, hot; Alkalinity (in terms of Calcium carbonate) 12.5; chlorine, 8; nitrogen as nitrates, trace; nitrogen as nitrates, very slight trace; free ammonia, .180; albuminoid ammonia, .096; colon baelli in 1 c. c., 0; colon in 10 c. c., 0; total number of bacteria per c. c., 38 degrees C 9.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Ed M. Burrows, of Asheville, is in the city on a short visit.

—Mr. T. E. Lupo, who has been away for a month or two, has returned home.

—Mr. Power W. Bethea, editor of the Conway, S. C., Field, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Misses Katie Hawes, of Atkinson, and Augustus Thompson, of Faison, were here yesterday, guests at The Orton.

—Mr. Geo. G. Lynch has accepted a position in the mechanical engineering department of the El Paso and Southeastern Railroad Company and will leave in a few days to take up his new duties.

—Mr. George Carmichael, a student at the University at Chapel Hill, was here yesterday to visit his parents and incidentally to witness the baseball game between Carolina and the Coast Line that was called off on account of the weather.

—Among last evening's arrivals at The Orton were: D. P. Bryant, Marion, S. C.; St. Julian L. Springs, Lake Waccamaw; J. K. Council, Wananish; Graham Woodard, Wilson; C. J. Dillon, Greensboro, and J. E. Porter, Weldon.

—Mr. W. R. Holmes, manager of the Tabor Publishing Co., was in the city yesterday making arrangements with the State News Service Union for printing the outside of the Tabor News. He was accompanied by his foreman, Mr. E. A. Mooney.

—Among the arrivals yesterday at The Southern were: W. T. Norris, Teachey's; R. D. Pridgen, Currie; T. L. Bryant, Burgaw; M. O. Powell, Florence, S. C.; J. M. Brown, Chadbourn; G. D. Edwards, Councils; E. W. Godwin, Jr., Point Caswell.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were H. L. Lyon, Whiteville; W. G. Thomas, Charlotte; W. H. Eaton, Raleigh; F. B. Gault, Lake Waccamaw; J. E. Porter, Weldon; J. Sprunt Newton, Fayetteville; C. J. Dillon, Greensboro; J. P. Walker, Welson; C. A. Stedman, Raleigh.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Rev. R. C. Anderson, president of the Montreat Association, will preach at the First Presbyterian Church this morning at 11 o'clock. His association has charge of the beautiful resort near Montreat, N. C., where the Summer Bible Conference of the Southern Presbyterian Church is always held.

—E. K. Bryan, Esq., yesterday appeared before the City Council, at its special session, in the interests of Dr. J. H. Bornemann, to request that the Tidewater Power Company be made to remove its tracks from the sidewalks at or near 10th and Grace streets. The matter was carried over to the regular session Tuesday.

—Yoke Fellows' appointments for today as announced are as follows: City prison, J. T. Sholar; county home, W. A. McGirt and W. W. Koch; Castle Haynes, G. C. Bordeau and H. E. O'Keef; Wrightsboro, J. L. Strickland and P. Heinsberger, Jr.,; fire station, L. D. Latta and B. A. Robeson.

—Friends will be interested to learn that the family of Mr. William Baker, No. 810 Wooster alley, reported some days ago in destitute circumstances, on account of illness of several members of the family, has been visited by committees from Cape Fear Camp, United Daughters of Confederacy, and Cape Fear Camp, Confederate Veterans, and their wants alleviated as far as possible.

—Mr. I. J. Isaacs has compiled and published under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce a very attractive booklet of 110 pages entitled "Wilmington, the Metropolis and Port of North Carolina—Its Advantages and Interests." The booklet was printed by the Wilmington Stamp & Printing Co., and is filled with interesting facts relative to the city and its business enterprises, etc.

INDOOR BASEBALL

Interesting Game at Y. M. C. A. Beteween Seniors and Juniors

In the initial indoor baseball game of the season the Y. M. C. A. Seniors defeated the Juniors by the score of six to five. The game was played in the gymnasium and was well played throughout, but the Seniors showed more ability to hit the ball than their opponents. The feature of the game was probably the spectacular one-hand stab made by Morrison in the sixth, saving his teammates several runs. The Juniors started off with a rush in the second inning, scoring two runs but the Seniors came back with a trio in the third and from then on it was nip and tuck until the last of the ninth inning when the score stood 5 to 4 in favor of the Juniors. But the Seniors were equal to the occasion and came in in their half of the 9th with two runs, thus winning by the close score of 6 to 5. The line-up was as follows:

Seniors—King, catch; Fillyaw, Lewis, pitch; Lewis, Fillyaw, first; Cashwell, second; Betts, third; Hellen, short; Huntington, L., stop.

Juniors—Lewis, R., catch; Davis, N., pitch; Farrar, first; Johnson, second; Davis, K., third; Morrison, short; Shepard, L., stop.

Are You Fat?

You know you can not stay fat, don't you? That is, you can not be fat and be in style. The day when a fat woman was tolerated is passed. Nowadays all women must be in proportion or be ridiculous. This does not mean you should become skinny, however. You should not get below the hard flesh line. All you ought to lose is the bulky fat. That done, you will find yourself to be a well-formed and therefore handsome woman.

Now, how can this be done? By exercising and dieting? Yes, and no. These two means will bring some results, but not easily nor soon. One is very hard work; the other is torture. Besides, neither can be depended on to cause a uniform reduction. They may leave the double chin untouched. What you need, you see, is something pleasant to take that without injury to your health will take the fat off uniformly and quickly, say at the rate of a pound a day or so, until it is all gone where you want it to go.

For this purpose nothing is less expensive, safer or simpler than Marmola Prescription Tablets. Inexpensive because one large case, costing 75 cents only, will produce results; safe because they cause no wrinkles or stomach trouble, but rather improve the health and complexion, if anything; and simple, because they do all the work without asking thought or effort on the part of the taker. In short, they are the ANSWER if you are fat and wish to be thinner. If your druggist is of the better kind he will have them. If not, write the licensees, The Marmola Company, 606 Farmer Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

CANDIDATE'S REQUEST DENIED

(Continued from Page 5.)

to see each candidate have a representative at the polls, but that he did not think it could be legally done. He declared that he felt sure that the election would be a fair and impartial one to all concerned, even though the candidates did not have representatives at the polls.

J. A. McNorton, Esq., speaking in behalf of Mr. W. A. McGirt, a candidate for County Commissioner, said that as he construed it, the law plainly gave candidates the right to have a representative at the polls, and that he hoped that the board would see it in that light. To refuse the candidates such a privilege, he said, would be to sound the death knell of the principles upon which the republic is founded. Others who made talks in favor of the right of the candidates to have representatives at the polls were W. P. M. Turner, Esq., and Mr. G. J. Boney, who was a member of the Legislature in 1905 and who framed and passed the bill legalizing primaries in New Hanover county. Mr. Boney said that it was the intention of himself, and the others who were interested in passing the bill, to give candidates the right to have representatives at the polls.

Mr. Struthers then made a statement to the effect that he had been on the board of elections for a number of years and that the same question had arisen a number of times previously. It was his opinion, he said, that the board had always ruled that candidates have no right to have representatives at the polls during the voting, but could have representation at the count. He was of the opinion that the board could not legally allow the demand of Mr. Cooper and the other candidates and therefore he offered the following resolution:

Board's Ruling.

"That the Election Board make a ruling that we do not think it in the meaning of the law that any persons other than the election officers and bailiffs be allowed within the election booths or ropes, except in case of challenge, when such person shall be allowed to present his cause and then retire, and, therefore, decline to grant Mr. Cooper's as well as other candidates' request to have a representative in the booth until after the polls are closed, then each candidate can have one man to represent him at the count."

Mr. DeRosset seconded the motion and when it was put to a vote Mr. Struthers and Mr. DeRosset voted in its favor. Chairman MacRae did not vote.

Both Mr. Struthers and Mr. DeRosset made talks stating that the board would personally supervise the voting and counting of votes and that everything would be in regular order. They declared that every effort would be put forth to render the casting and counting of the ballots equally just and impartial to all candidates.

Mr. McNorton gave notice of an appeal, stating that such steps would be taken as would be proper under the circumstances, and Mr. McClammy asked that the secretary of the board prepare a copy of the minutes of the meeting for those who had made the request for representation at the polls.

W. P. M. Turner, Esq., also called the attention of the board to the fact that the polling place in the Third Ward did not meet with the requirements of that part of Section 8 of the Australian Ballot act which reads as fouows: "Such booths shall be placed as nearly as possible in the center of a square enclosed by ropes or guard rails not less than 30 feet square or in some building or a circular space so enclosed, not less than 30 feet in diameter, but with only one opening for entrance therein and one for exit therefrom. The booths shall be within plain view of the election officers, and both they and the ballot box shall be within plain view of those who are outside of the rope, guard rail or door or window of the building, if the booths be in a building."

Mr. Turner said that to his own personal knowledge the polling place in the Third Ward did not meet with the requirements of the law, and that he understood that many of the other polling places failed to comply with the specifications of the act. He asked that the board investigate the matter and make any needed corrections.

Chairman C. F. MacRae, of the Board of Elections, when asked last night as to what steps would have to be taken to appeal from the decision of the board, stated that he knew of no means whereby those pressing the matter could obtain relief except by mandamus proceedings, from a Superior Court judge. Judge Ferguson will be at Burgaw next week and it was rumored on the streets last night that interested parties will apply for a writ of mandamus in order to gain their point.

Chairman Eller's Reply

Mr. MacRae received yesterday evening, after the meeting of the board, a telegram from Chairman A. H. Eller, of the Democratic State Executive Committee, in answer to a telegraphic inquiry similar to the one sent Attorney General Bickett, in regard to the legality of allowing representatives of candidates inside the polling places. Mr. Eller's reply, which was as follows, still further complicates the question: "My opinion election officers can exclude representatives, but should use discretionary powers to admit proper witnesses.

"A. H. ELLER,
"Chairman."

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GRACE CHURCH CONTRIBUTES.

Substantial Sum Given for Benefit of Chinese Famine Relief.

Grace M. E. Church, of which Rev. J. C. Wooten is pastor, has been most liberal in its contribution to the Chinese famine relief fund, having recently sent a check to Mrs. E. L. Prince, treasurer of the Wilmington Chapter of the National Red Cross Society, for $57.25. This amount is most cheerfully acknowledged in behalf of the Wilmington Chapter of the Red Cross Society.

I. T. Mintz for Constable.

Elsewhere in today's paper will be found the announcement of Mr. I. T. Mintz for constable of Wilmington township. Mr. Mintz has been with the Jacobi Hardware Co., for several years, and previously was in charge of large naval stores interests across the river. He is well equipped for the duties of the position and will make a strong race for the office at the primaries to be held Wednesday.

THE BREACH GROWS WIDER

Fight to Finish on Between City and Sewerage Co.—Special Meeting Of Council—Connection Alleged Broken

The breach between the City of Wilmington and the Wilmington Sewerage Company with reference to the sewerage question that has been hanging fire for several years, grows wider each day and there is no telling just when or where the controversy will end. The developments of yesterday included a special meeting of the City Council at which the entire matter was discussed at length and the sending of a second or third notice to the Wilmington Sewerage Co., that the city would continue to use the disposal plant for the cleansing of the sanitary cans as per contract entered into with the then president of the company, Mr. Wm. E. Worth, some months ago.

As stated in yesterday's paper the sewerage company disconnected the pipe leading from the point where the city dumps its sewage to the disposal plant, so as to prevent further use of the plant by the city. In accordance with a decision of City Council to use the plant not only in view of the contract but in the interest of the public health, Mr. J. D. Mote, of the Water and Sewerage Department; Chief E. Piner, of the Sanitary Police, and a police officer, went to the plant yesterday afternoon to restore the connection. When they arrived they found Messrs. Arthur and George Branch, of the Wilmington Sewerage Co. Mr. Mote found it impossible to restore connection yesterday ,owing to the fact that the part was broken and as another cannot be procured here it will be Monday or Tuesday before the plant can be put in running order again.

People of the city did not read with any degree of pleasure the announcement in yesterday's paper that the sewerage company had decided to double the rate after the 1st of April. The decision of the company, coming especially at this time, was widely commented upon yesterday. It was said that Mr. W. E. Worth, of this city, is no longer president of the company, but this office is now held by Mr. W. B. D. Smith, of Philadelphia.

For the purpose of considering the sewerage controversy with a view of arriving at some definite conclusion with reference to its several phases, the City Council held a special meeting yesterday morning. It convened at 10 o'clock with Mayor Smith presiding and all members in attendance; also Capt. Thos. D. Meares, the city clerk and treasurer; Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, city superintendent of health, and City Attorneys Herbert McClammy and Geo. L. Peschau. The controversy between the city and the sewerage company was discussed at some length and the correspondence between the two was read to the Council. Letters were read to the Council from the sewerage company declining to sell the existing plant at $50,000; another notifying the city to stop the use of the disposal plant, saying that the city had been granted only temporarily and not permanent use of the plant. Mention was also made of the fact that the sewerage company has served notice that the sewerage rates will be doubled April 1st. The following letter written by Dr. Nesbitt to Mr. W. E. Merritt, superintendent of the sewerage company, was read:

"March 22, 1912.

"Wilmington Sewerage Co., W. E. Merritt, Superintendent, City.

"Dear Sir:—Your letter of March 22nd, 1912, addressed to the Honorable Joseph D. Smith, Mayor of the city of Wilmington, has been referred to me pending action thereon by the Council. Without knowing what disposition will be made of this matter by the Council, I am anxious to know what quantity of sewage can be dumped by us into the disposal plant on Burnt Mill Creek from the sanitary cans without overtaxing its capacity.

"As your action in this matter is placed upon the ground that we are overtaxing its capacity, and the Council has not provided any other means of disposing of this material, and the public at large will suffer greatly if we are compelled because of your action to discontinue the city scavenger service even temporarily, it would be of great public service if this department could be permitted to dispose of the material from a part of the closets now needing attention. Whether or not the city has the right under the law to continue to use this privilege is not a matter for me to consider, nor is this intended to admit that the conditions complained of are due to the city's use of this plant.

"Without further instructions from the Council, I will limit the amount in conformity with your instructions.

"Very sincerely,
"CHAS. T. NESBITT.
"Supt. of Health."

Yesterday morning Dr. Nesbitt wrote Mr. Merritt the following letter, which was also read to Council:

"March 23, 1912.

"Wilmington Sewerage Co., W. E. Merritt, Superintendent, City.

"Dear Sir:—I beg that you will answer immediately my letter of last evening delivered to you about 6 o'clock, asking that you state how much, if any, of the contents of the sanitary cans can be dumped by our city scavengers into your disposal plant without overtaxing its capacity. As I explained to you in that communication no provision has as yet been made by the Council for the disposal of this material and, unless we can obtain some relief of this sort a serious public hardship will be produced. Please answer by bearer so that in any case we will be able to arrange this matter in time for accommodation for the coming night's accumulation.

"Very sincerely,
"CHAS. T. NESBITT,
"Supt. of Health."

An executive session was held at 11:45 A. M. for the purpose of shaping a letter to be signed by the Mayor and sent to the Wilmington Sewerage Company, notifying it that the municipality denies the right of the company to cancel the right to use the disposal plant and also calling attention to the fact that use of the disposal plant is necessary from the standpoint of the health of the community. The letter as sent by the Mayor follows:

"March 23, 1912.

"The Wilmington Sewerage Company, Wilmington, N. C.

"Gentlemen:—Your communication of the 22nd, notifying the city of Wilmington to discontinue at once the dumpage of night soil in your disposal plant, was received about 5 o'clock, P. M. of the same date.

"The city of Wilmington denies your right to cancel the contract existing between your company and the city for the use of this disposal plant, and the city will continue to use said disposal plant, which has not heretofore been objected to. This action is not based solely upon the right of the city as contained in the provisions of said agreement or contract, but for the purpose of protecting the health of the citizens of this community, which must be held paramount to all other considerations, and will be exercised unless enjoined by the courts.

"I have instructed the Superintendent of Health to see that the connections broken by you are restored at once.

"Very truly yours,
"JOSEPH D. SMITH,
"Mayor."

Mr. Merritt Makes Statement.

The following statement was made last night by Mr. W. E. Merritt, secretary and treasurer and superintendent of the Wilmington Sewerage Co.:

"In yesterday's report of the Council meeting as published in the Dispatch, I note the following:

"The second of the two letters was presented to Mr. Merritt this morning by Chief Piner, of the health police. The latter stated that it was received and read, and that Mr. Merritt said he had no answer to make, that the city will not be allowed to use the disposal plant any longer and that he (Mr. Merritt) did not recognize any authority of Dr. Nesbitt as city superintendent of health, with reference to the sewerage system, disposal plant, etc."

"I wish to say that the above is incorrectly stated, greatly exaggerated and is a perversion of what occurred between Mr. Piner and myself. I acquit the reporter, of course, of any such purpose. He was merely repeating what was said. The letter was handed me by Mr. Piner. I told him the city could not dump any cans at the disposal plant. He said Dr. Nesbitt wanted an answer in writing. I said I was not working under the directions of Dr. Nesbitt and he had my answer. It was all I would give. He then went out. There were others present who will sustain me in this statement. If Mr. Piner represented to Dr. Nesbitt that I had said I did 'not recognize any authority of Dr. Nesbitt as superintendent of health, with reference to the sewerage system, disposal plant, etc.', he inexcusably misstated the facts. If Dr. Nesbitt so represented the fact, upon information, he was misinformed. I have previously told Mr. Mather, when he presented from Dr. Nesbitt a former letter asking how much sewerage the city could dump, that it could not dump any. He asked me to put it in writing. I said I was busy and did not have the time. Why put it in writing? The company's notices were perfectly explicit.

"For the information of the public, I will state I am working for the sewerage company, on a salary, and obeying its instructions and acting under the advice of its attorneys.

"I also invite those enough interested to visit the disposal plant to go and inspect and see the unsanitary condition of the plant and its surroundings caused by the health department of the city in its abuse of the privilege granted.

"I will also state that the disposal plant was remodeled a year and a half ago at a cost of about $1,200, in accordance with the recommendation and plans of Mr. Geo. T. Hammond, consulting engineer, who is a man of international reputation, especially on sewer disposal, and at present is at the head of Bureau of Sewer Design for the city of Brooklyn, with 60 engineers under him engaged in sewer construction. We think he knows more about it than any person connected with the health department of this city."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FREE

Wilson's Freckle Cream

100 TWO-WEEK'S TRIAL JARS GIVEN AWAY BY YOUR DRUGGIST ON APRIL 1ST.

Will remove **Freckles, Tan, Pimples** and clear the worst complexions. Harmless to the most delicate skin. A fragrant, superior **Toilet Cream.** The finest Face Bleach known. Insures a beautiful complexion to young and old alike. **Will not Make Hair Grow.**

Regular Size, 50 cents. Mammoth Jars, $1.00. Wilson's Fair Skin Soap, 25 Cents.

Free Freckle Cream distributed by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

WILSON FRECKLE CREAM CO., Makers, Charleston, S. C.

JUDGMENT IN THE COX CASE

Substitute Recorder Imposes Fine of $50 and Costs for Violation of Sanitary Closet Law. Suspended.

Following argument on the motion in arrest of judgment and the several points advanced by Woodus Kellum, Esq., as counsel for the defense, Substitute Recorder Harriss rendered judgment yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the case of State against Mr. W. H. Cox, who was found guilty Thursday of violating the city sanitary closet ordinance.

The judgment of the court was that the defendant be fined $50 and costs, judgment to be suspended, however, on payment of costs, upon condition that he provide a sanitary closet to comply with the requirements of the law within 10 days, otherwise judgment to be prayed.

Notice of an appeal was given and the appeal bond was fixed at $100, which up to a late hour last night had not been given. It was said yesterday that Mr. Cox has made arrangements to provide a proper sanitary closet on the property in question, which, while owned by him, is occupied by a tenant.

Mr. Kellum advanced several legal points in his argument, which were answered by Assistant City Attorney Geo. L. Peschau, who prosecuted the case. The hearing was held at the office of Mr. Harriss.

This is the first verdict in a sanitary closet case and the health department considers that it has won an important victory. Mr. Cox's case was tried once before in the Recorder's court and a mistrial resulted. There are a large number of similar cases under indictment and the health department intends to present them as rapidly as possible. The health officials feel that the favorable verdict and judgment has removed all obstacles obstructing the enforcement of the sanitary closet law and efforts will be redoubled to have such closets installed in every home in the prescribed district of the city, that is not already fitted with either a sanitary closet of connected with sewerage.

TO GET RID OF THE FLY.

Efforts of the Local Health Department are Being Endorsed.

Many Wilmington people will be interested in the information that the campaign carried on through the local health department during the past year for a cleaner and more sanitary city has attracted more than Statewide notice. In the April number of the World's Work, Mr. Frank Parker Stockbridge, writing on the subject, "How to Get Rid of Flies," has the following to say of the campaign in Wilmington:

"Perhaps the most effective of the anti-fly campaigns of 1911 was that in Wilmington, N. C., conducted by Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, health officer of that city. Certainly it is the most complete campaign that has been carried on entirely at public expense. * * * * Dr. Nesbitt observed that the annual outbreak of the disease (typhoid) coincided very closely with the maturity of the first Spring crop of flies. The city was full of breeding places for the insects. The sanitary condition under which a large proportion of the population lived were of the most appallingly primitive nature. A quick survey showed that there was too much filth to be carted away at any reasonable expense. Dr. Nesbitt decided to disinfect the entire town and keep it so thoroughly disinfected that the flies would become discouraged and give up the attempt to propagate their kind. A suitable and cheap disinfectant was found in pyroligneous acid, a by-product of the distillation of turpentine.

"Dr. Nesbitt began, not merely a war on the fly, but a general massacre. Carts, containing barrels of pyroligneous acid stationed at street corners, furnished bases of operation for men armed with sprinkling cans who poured the acid over practically every square inch of Wilmington. There were the usual objections from 'conservative' citizens who maintained the right of the individual to do as he pleased on his own premises, but the work went on and between June 8th and July 17th the entire city had been sprinkled four times. The interesting and instructive lesson from this clean-up is found in the daily record of typhoid cases. Beginning with one case reported on June 1st, it reached a maximum on June 15th of ten cases reported in a single day. After June 23rd, four days after the second disinfection was completed, the number of new cases reported began to diminish until only five new cases in all appeared after July 10th, although the fourth disinfection of the town had not then been begun."

Friendly Suit Instituted.

Friendly suit has been instituted in Superior Court here entitled Lilla A. Platt vs. the People's Savings Bank, Mrs. W. R. Bogart, Miss Fay B. Deming and Mrs. L. A. Bernard. The plaintiffs are suing to determine possession of $2,500 alleged to have been deposited in the bank a year or two ago by F. B. Deming, of Springfield, Mass., who has since died. The claim of the plaintiff is based upon the fact that in life Mr. Deming transferred an account of $5,000 to her order. One half of the amount has been released by two relatives of the deceased man, who gave up any claim. The suit is a friendly action instituted for the purpose of ascertaining who is entitled to the remainder of the money and to protect the bank when it finally pays out the money.

Boy Scouts at Greenville.

Eight of the Boy Scouts, with Mr. J. L. Strickland, associate secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and Scout Master, spent Friday night at Greenville Sound. The camp fire was the center of attraction and enjoyment. After preparing supper out in the open over a fire a number of games were played. It was the first experience of a night outdoors for several of the number, but all slept well and arose in good spirits early in the morning, returning about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Stop That Itch!

We will guarantee you to stop that itch in two seconds. A 25-cent bottle will prove it.

No remedy that we have ever sold for Eczema, Psoriasis, and all other diseases of the skin has given more thorough satisfaction than the

D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION FOR ECZEMA

We guarantee this remedy

Robt. R. Bellamy, Wilmington North Carolina

An Apology

The crowd of visitors was so great and the buyers so eager and insistent that it was impossible to serve all who attended

Gaylord's Spring Opening

of Millinery, on Thursday and Friday, and in order to give those who did not care to mingle in the rush, as well as those who did not attend, an opportunity to make selections, we will continue our display throughout this week, adding New and Fresh Goods Daily. Also a lot of Hats and Millinery Fabrics and Novelties that had not arrived in time for the Opening.

ADLER-ROCHESTER

For old men and young men — the product of the Finest Tailoring in the World. They are Absolutely Without Flaw in any particular—in fit, and in style; in tailoring and in materials, and we are selling them at prices most reasonable for so fine a grade of goods.

Famous "SMILE" Hats for Men's and Boys' Easter Wear; also all kinds of Easter Pumps, Slippers and Oxfords.

210, 212, 214 North Front Street.

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET WAS HIGHER

Rather Active Covering by Recent Sellers Sent the Price of the Staple Up—Gain Was Seven to Ten Points.

New York, March 23.—The cotton market was higher today on rather active covering by recent sellers. The close was steady and last prices showed a net gain of from 7 to 10 points.

The opening was firm at an advance of 7 to 10 points on better cables than expected, bullish reviews of the dry goods trade and somewhat more optimistic view of the labor situation and the weather map showing practically general rains in the South. Realizing and a little local selling checked the advance after prices had shown a net gain of about 10 to 13 points, and eased the market off 3 or 4 points in the late trading. The opinion was expressed that the offer of a 10 per cent. advance in wages by the Fall River mills would lead to a gradual settlement of the wage disputes in New England textile industries. The South was a considerable buyer here on the advance and there also was foreign buying.

Receipts at all the ports today 26,449 bales against 21,213 last week and 5,014 last year; for the week 150,000 against 199,045 last week and 64,294 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 1,048 against 1,121 last year; at Galveston 8,203 bales against 2,554 last year, and at Houston 3,190 bales against 1,223 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 10 points higher; middling uplands, 10.65; do. gulf, 10.90; sales, 60 bales.

Futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	10.63	10.67	10.61	10.64
Feb	10.61	10.63	10.62	10.63
Mar	10.38	10.41	10.37	10.40
Apr	.....	10.49	10.44	10.37
May	10.44	10.49	10.44	10.47
June	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.52
July	10.56	10.60	10.55	10.57
Aug	10.57	10.54	10.54	10.55
Sept	10.50	10.58	10.56	10.57
Oct	10.42	10.66	10.40	10.63
Nov	10.63	.....	.....	10.66
Dec	10.68	10.71	10.67	10.69

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 10 15-16; net receipts, 8,203; gross receipts, 8,203; sales, 2,812; stock, 208,346; continent, 9,583; coastwise, —.

New Orleans—Firm, 10¾; net receipts, 1,048; gross receipts, 1,048; sales, 1,923; stock, 206,659; continent, 100; coastwise, 2,—.

Mobile—Net receipts, 307; gross receipts, 307; stock, 30,730.

Savannah—Steady, 10 5-16; net receipts, 3,761; gross receipts, 3,761; sales, 2,308; stock, 184,860; continent, 4,196; coastwise, —.

Charleston—Steady, 10¼; net receipts, 835; gross receipts, 835; stock, 37,969.

Wilmington—Steady, 10 5-16; net receipts, 1,577; gross receipts, 1,577; stock, 17,872.

Norfolk—Firm, 10¾; net receipts, 2,585; gross receipts, 2,585; sales, 394; stock, —; coastwise, 2,728.

Baltimore—Nominal, 10¾; stock, 8,479.

New York—Quiet, 10.65; net receipts, 35; gross receipts, 4,512; sales, 500; stock, 161,—; continent, 500; coastwise, 2,138.

Boston—Quiet, 10.65; net receipts, 60; gross receipts, 1,522; stock, 10,081.

Philadelphia—Steady, 10.90; gross receipts, 16; stock, 6,598.

Portland—Stock, 18,217.

Fall River—Net receipts, 130; gross receipts, 130; stock, 17,476.

Providence—Net receipts, 14; gross receipts, —; coastwise, 14.

San Francisco—Net receipts, 7,894; gross receipts, 7,894; Japan, 7,894.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 26,449; Great Britain, 17,872; continent, 14,379; Japan, 7,894; stock, 1,011,001.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 26,449; Great Britain, 17,872; continent, 14,379; Japan, —; since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 10,716,716; Great Britain, 3,596,088; France, 1,0—; continent, 3,712,775; Japan, 421,—; Mexico, 7,238.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 11; net receipts, 3,190; gross receipts, 3,190; shipments, 3,919; stock, 95,900.

Memphis—Steady, 10¾; net receipts, 525; gross receipts, 722; shipments, 1,095; sales, 1,—; stock, 71,199.

Augusta—Firm, 10¾; net receipts, 327; gross receipts, 1,800; shipments, 3,547; stock, 88,549.

St. Louis—Steady, 10¾; net receipts, 203; gross receipts, 2,604; shipments, 3,809; stock, 25,626.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 2,229; gross receipts, 2,229; shipments, 944; sales, 300; stock, —.

Little Rock—Quiet, 10¾; net receipts, 305; gross receipts, 305; shipments, 491; stock, 23,0—.

Total today—Net receipts, 6,879; gross receipts, 1,240; shipments, 13,805; sales, 3,—; stock, 326,532.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, March 23.—Tightness became so pronounced today in the May wheat option here that shorts in other futures joined a stampede to cover. News of export sales had a strengthening effect. The close showed a net advance of 3-4 to 1 1-8. Latest trading left corn 1-3 to 3-8 up, oats with a gain of 1-4 to 1-2, and hog products varying from 21-2 decline to a rise of five cents.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.02½@1.03½; No. 3, red, 1.01¼@1.02½; No. 2, hard, 1.02½@1.05½; No. 3, hard, 1.01½@1.02½; No. 1, Northern, 1.11@1.13; No. 2, Northern, 1.06@1.13; No. 3, Northern, 1.05@1.11; No. 2, Spring, 1.05@1.10; No. 3, Spring, 98@1.05; No. 4, Spring, 95@1.05; velvet chaff, 95@1.05; durum, 95@1.06.

Corn—No. 3, 68½@69; No. 3, white, 69½@70½; No. 3, yellow, 66@69¾; No. 4, 66½@67; No. 4, white, 67½@68¾; No. 4, yellow, 67½@68.

Oats—No. 2, 52; No. 2, white, 54½@55; No. 3, white, 54½@54½; No. 4, white, 51@53½; standard, 54@54½.

Wheat:	Close.
May	1.03¼
July	98⅞
Sept	96⅜
Corn:	
May	72
July	72⅛
Sept	72⅛
Oats:	
May	53⅜
July	50
Sept	42½
Mess Pork, per bbl.	
May	16.42½
July	16.75
Sept	17.05
Lard, per 100 lbs.:	
May	9.55
July	9.75
Sept	9.92½
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.:	
May	9.30
July	9.42½
Sept	9.62½

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 23.—The cotton goods market ruled very firm. Woolens and worsteds are firm, with a generally advancing tendency. Yarns are quiet but firm. Burlaps are strong. Linens are not being delivered promptly, owing to the foreign strike complications.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Cundall (Br.), 1,146 tons, White, Glasgow, H. A. Whyte.

Sailed.

Str. Crosshill (Br.), 3,126 tons, Swanson, Liverpool, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Exports—Foreign.

Port Glasgow—Br. str. Cundall, 5,000 barrels rosin, valued at $36,651.27; five million square feet bundled cut gum wood, valued at $40,000; 160,000 board feet gum boards, valued at $5,000; machinery parts, valued at $2,000; 142 cases cut gum wood, valued at $14,000; cargo by Acme Tea Chest Co.; vessel by H. A. Whyte.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Iris (Belg.), 1,786 tons, Thirier, E. A. Thompson.

Str. Vauxhall Bridge (Br.), 2,178 tons, Robinson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Trunkby (Br.), 1,668 tons, Jensen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. The Josephine, 563 tons, Quillin, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Pendleton Sisters, 890 tons, Small, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. John H. May, 319 tons, Stille, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. Adelaide Barbour, 1,171 tons, Tilton, C. D. Mafflitt.

Stephen G. Lond, 409 tons, Graham, C. D. Mafflitt; in distress.

Barges.

Barge Monocacy, 904 tons, Primrose, C. D. Mafflitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., March 23rd.

Atlantic Coast Line—1,285 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 9 barrels rosin; 2 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—292 bales cotton.

Str. City of Fayetteville—50 barrels rosin.

Total—1,577 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 59 barrels rosin; 2 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Total last year—97 bales cotton; 6 casks spirits turpentine; 85 barrels rosin; 131 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, March 23.—Flour steady, with a quiet local trade. Spring patents 5.25 to 5.50; Winter straights 4.35 to 4.50; Winter patents 4.60 to 4.80; Spring clears 4.25 to 4.50.

Rye Flour—Quiet, 4.80 to 5.25.

Corn Meal—Steady, 1.55 to 1.70.

Rye—Steady.

Barley—Quiet.

Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 1.05 1-2 elevator, export basis and 1.08 f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth 1.19 f.o.b. afloat, opening navigation. Options 1-8 to 3-8c net higher. May 1.07 15-16; July 1.04 1-8.

Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 80 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export corn 75 f.o.b. afloat. Futures nominal.

Oats—Spot steady, standard white 59 in elevator; No. 2, 59 1-2. Futures nominal.

Pork, Beef and Cut Meats—Firm.

Lard—Steady.

Tallow—Quiet.

Petroleum, Wool and Molasses—Steady.

Rice—Firm.

Sugar—Raw steady; refined quiet.

Coffee—Futures steady at net advance of from 19 to 23 points. Spot—steady; Rio No. 7, 14 5-8; Santos No. 4, 14 5-8. Mild—Firm; Cordova 16 to 18 1-4 nominal.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese and Eggs—Firm, unchanged.

Potatoes—Quiet.

Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Dull and featureless, trading being of the evening up sort. Crude markets were generally steady. March closed 6 points lower and later months unchanged to two points lower. March 5.63 to 5.69; April 5.66 to 5.68; May 5.70 to 5.72; July 5.80 to 5.81; prime crude 4.54 to 4.60; prime Summer yellow 5.60 to 5.70; prime Winter yellow 5.75 to 6.40; prime Summer white 5.75 to 6.15.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, March 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 48¼c.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.00.

TAR—Firm, $1.90.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.50@$4.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar, firm, $2.00; crude turpentine firm, at $4.50@$6.00.

Receipts:

Spirits Turpentine	2
Rosin	50
Tar	2
Crude Turpentine	2

Receipts same day last year, 6 casks spirits turpentine; 85 barrels rosin; 131 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 10 5-16.

Same day last year, nothing doing.

Receipts, 1,577 bales; same day last year, 57 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Mar. 23.)

CORN—Firm; 85 to .87½c. per bu.

PEAS—White, $2.50 per bu. Mixed, $1.50 to $1.60.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, $1.25 per bu.; nice yams, 75c. to 90c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, dull, .03@.04 per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—8c @9c.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, .08 to .08½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old 16c. per lb; sides and shoulders, 12½c.@13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 16c. on foot; dressed, 20@22; dull. Chickens, grown, 40 to 45c. per head; chickens, Spring, 20@35c. per head. Geese, 65c. per head.

SHEEP—No sales.

EGGS—Dull, 15c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 23.—Spot cotton in fair demand, prices unchanged. American middling fair 6.75; good middling 6.35; middling 6.11; low middling 5.81; good ordinary 5.39; ordinary 5.13. The sales of the day were 9,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 8,400 American. Receipts 5,000 bales, including 4,200 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet. March; March and April 5.86 1-2; April and May 5.86; May and June 5.85 1-2; June and July 5.84 1-2; July and August 5.83 1-2; August and September 5.79 1-2; September and October 5.76 1-2; October and November 5.73 1-2; November and December 5.71; December and January; January and February 5.70 1-2; February and March 5.71 1-2; March and April 5.72.

COPPERS LEAD THE MARKET

Further Activity and Strength in Those Stocks and Affiliated Securities Were Dominant Features on "Change."

New York, March 23.—Further strength and activity in the copper stocks and affiliated securities constituted the dominant features of today's operations on the stock exchange. Amalgamated Copper was again the leader, coincident with an advance in the price of the metal to 15 1-4 per pound, dealings in the stock far outstripping those erstwhile favorites such as United States Steel and Reading. American Smelting was even stronger than Amalgamated, adding to its steady advance of the week by three points.

In the railway group the coalers added to their recent rise after a period of dullness.

With the exception of American Tobacco, which was exceptionally strong, there was little activity in this special class.

News of the day was not entirely conducive to further rise, which was again stubbornly opposed by a large element of professional traders. Less attention is being paid to adverse developments and the domestic political situation appears to be exciting little concern.

Bonds were steady, but demand did not keep pace with the increased dealings in stocks. Total sales, par value, aggregated $1,873,000. United States 4s advanced 1-4 per cent., and Panama 3s, 1-2 per cent. on call during the week. Total sales 456,100 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	3
Amalgamated Copper	80
American Agricultural	63
American Beet Sugar	58¾
American Can	109⅝
American Car and Foundry	57¼
American Cotton Oil	57
American Hide and Leather, pfd	23
American Ice Securities	22
American Linseed	12¾
American Locomotive	38½
American Smelting and Refining	85⅝
American Smelting and Refining, pfd	107½
American Steel Foundries	31
American Sugar Refining	128
American Tel and Tel	148⅜
American Tobacco, pfd	105
American Woolen	29¾
Anaconda Mining Co	41
Atchison	108⅝
Atchison, pfd	103⅝
Atlantic Coast Line	137½
Baltimore and Ohio	105⅝
Bethlehem Steel	31¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	82½
Canadian Pacific	233¾
Central Leather	24½
Central Leather, pfd	88
Central of New Jersey	375
Chesapeake and Ohio	79½
Chicago and Alton	21½
Chicago Great Western	19⅝
Chicago Great Western, pfd	47⅜
Chicago and North Western	142⅝
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	110⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	57
Colorado Fuel and Iron	29½
Colorado and Southern	44
Consolidated Gas	132½
Corn Products	13¾
Delaware and Hudson	170½
Denver and Rio Grande	21⅜
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	41⅜
Distillers' Securities	33⅝
Erie	36⅝
Erie, 1st pfd	56⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	46
General Electric	166⅝
Great Northern, pfd	133⅝
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	41
Illinois Central	130½
Interborough-Met	19
Interborough-Met., pfd	58⅝
Inter Harvester	116½
Inter Marine, pfd	21⅝
International Paper	13⅝
International Pump	30½
Iowa Central	12
Kansas City Southern	28⅝
Kansas City Southern, pfd	64
Laclede Gas	105⅝
Louisville and Nashville	157
Minneapolis and St. Louis	21
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	136¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	30
Missouri, Kan. and Texas, pfd	64
Missouri Pacific	44¼
National Biscuit	150⅝
National Lead	58
Nat Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd	30½
New York Central	113⅝
New York, Ontario and Western	39⅜
Norfolk and Western	109⅞
North American	79¼
Northern Pacific	122½
Pacific Mail	32⅜
Pennsylvania	124¼
People's Gas	107¼
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	105
Pittsburg Coal	18½
Pressed Steel Car	34⅜
Pullman Palace Car	126½
Railway Steel Spring	31½
Reading	158⅝
Republic Steel	21⅞
Republic Steel, pfd	73⅜
Rock Island Co	27⅜
Rock Island Co., pfd	54½
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	42⅜
St. Louis Southwestern	32¼
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	74½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	47
Southern Pacific	112⅜
Southern Railway	30
Southern Railway, pfd	75⅜
Tennessee Copper	40¼
Texas and Pacific	23½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	14½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	33
Union Pacific	170⅞
Union Pacific, pfd	94⅜
United States Realty	75
United States Rubber	52⅝
United States Steel	68⅜
United States Steel, pfd	113¼
Utah Copper	60⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	54⅜
Wabash	6⅝
Wabash, pfd	18½
Western Maryland	63⅜
Westinghouse Electric	78⅛
Western Union	84¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie	8

NAVAL STORES.

New York, March 23.—Rosin, steady. Turpentine, easy.

Charleston, March 23.—Turpentine, firm, at 49½.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: B, 6.87½; D, 6.87½@9.00; E, 7.02½@7.05; F, G and H, 7.07½; I, 7.10; K, 7.30; M, 7.35; N, 7.50; W G and W W, 7.60.

Savannah, March 23.—Turpentine, firm, at 49. Sales, 154; receipts, 34; shipments, 97; stock, 19,895.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 336; receipts, 244; shipments, 183; stock, 75,555. Quote: B, 6.87½; D, 7.00; E, 7.05; F, G and H, 7.10; I, 7.12½; K, 7.30; M, 7.55; N, 7.60; W G, 7.65; W W, 7.70.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, March 23.—Money on call nominal. Time loans firm; 60 and 90 days 3 1-4 to 3 1-2 per cent., six months 3 3-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8425 for 60 day bills, and at 4.8720 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-2. Mexican dollars 47. Government and railroad bonds steady.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

March 24, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. yesterday.

Temperature at 8 A. M., 41 degrees; at 8 P. M., 47 degrees; maximum, 48 degrees; minimum, 40 degrees; mean, 44 degrees.

Rainfall for day, .25; rainfall since 1st of month, to date, 2.39.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 13.8 feet and falling.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Rain Sunday; warmer in interior; brisk to high east and southeast winds; Monday, fair.

Port Calendar—Mar. 24.

Sun rises	6:10 A. M.
Sun sets	6:26 P. M.
Day's length	12 hrs. 18 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	2:00	2:17	9:13	8:35
Southport	11:34	.....	5:52	5:50

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 23, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today	Temperature: Lowest Last Night.	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	44	30	.01
Asheville	raining	42	40	.32
Atlanta	cloudy	46	44	.02
Augusta	raining	46	46	.08
Birmingham	raining	64	46	1.02
Boston	clear	40	22	.0
Charleston	cloudy	58	48	.0
Charlotte	raining	38	36	.44
Chicago	cloudy	34	24	.0
Galveston	cloudy	66	54	.24
Jacksonville	pt cldy	80	66	.0
Memphis	cloudy	46	40	2.86
Mobile	raining	74	62	.02
Montgomery	cloudy	68	56	.52
New Orleans	raining	78	62	1.80
New York	cloudy	38	22	.0
Palestine	cloudy	44	38	1.30
Oklahoma	snowing	36	30	.48
Pittsburg	raining	50	22	.0
Raleigh	raining	38	36	.90
Savannah	cloudy	58	52	.0
Shreveport	raining	46	40	1.12
St. Louis	raining	36	30	.04
Washington	raining	44	26	.26

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 23.

Market, weaker on North arolinas, Spanish and Virginias, steady.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 85c. to 95c.; machine-picked, 75c. to 85c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.05; machine-picked, $1.00.

Virginia—Prime hand-picked, 80c.; machine-picked, 75c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., March 20.—Spanish—Market steady, at 97½c. per bushel.

Virginias—Market, firm. Jumbo, 4c. to 4¼c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¾c. per lb.; Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3c. to 3½c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

Owensboro, Ky., March 23.—Secretary Urey Woodson, of the National Democratic Committee, said that permanent headquarters for the committee probably would be chosen after the National Democratic Convention in Baltimore. A published report had it that the headquarters would be established in Chicago, but Mr. Woodson said no such decision had been reached.

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—**Capudine** reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

Krameta

TRADE MARK

EAT LIKE CHOCOLATE.

The only Laxative and Uric Acid Solvent combined in Tablet form. More convenient than Liquids or Saltz.

GENTLY SWEEP THE SYSTEM.

Cure Constipation in a Night. Quickly Relieve Indigestion, Rheumatism and Uric Acid Ailments.

USE THEM TO-DAY.

At Druggists 10, 25, 50c., or Mail Prepaid. KRAMER MEDICAL CO., Richmond, Va.

Seed Potatoes

We have Seed Potatoes: White Bliss, Red Bliss, Irish Cobblers and Early Rose. Send your orders along, and you will get goods by return freight, while they last.

THE STONE CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Distributors.

MEIER'S MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Wilmington, N. C.

Monuments, Headstones, Tiles, Mantels and Grates.

Let us show you our line.

All classes of stone work for buildings. Write us for prices.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S

ASTHMA REMEDY

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00. Trial Package by Mail 10c.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

Sanitary Fountain

Everything About Our Fountain

is absolutely clean and sanitary. Subject to inspection at any time and all the time.

Expert Soda Fountain Man in charge and ready to serve you promptly.

All the latest delectable beverages: Chocolate and Vanilla Ice Creams.

Golden Girl Sundae.
Silver Sundae

and anything else you can call for.

Plenty room for **"Round Table Chats,"** where you won't be disturbed or disturb your neighbors.

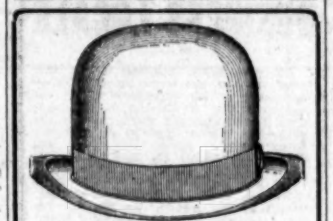
Make Dates With Your Friends at Our Store.

No better place anywhere.

Easter Egg Dyes.
Easter Cards.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

FRONT and GRACE.



ANNOUNCING

The Opening and First Showing of

KNOX HATS.

The New Spring Models in Soft and Stiff Felts.

Knox Extra Quality Soft and Stiff Hats....$5.00
Knox Beacon Soft and Stiff Hats.....$3.00

HAMME

The Hatter and Clothier, 24 N. FRONT ST.

THAT MISSING TOOTH

the absence of which so mars your appearance, can be easily replaced with one that will match its mates perfectly.

OUR CROWN, BRIDGE AND PIVOT WORK

make it a very easy matter to replace one or more missing teeth without the use of a plate.

IF YOUR TEETH NEED ATTENTION

of any kind we invite you to consult us. No charge for consultations.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors

Front and Princess Sts.

IDEAL HAIR BRUSHES

TOILET ARTICLES

GUTH'S CANDIES.

Mission Pharmacy

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County:

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Constable of Wilmington Township, and, if nominated, and elected, I promise efficient and conscientious performance of the duties of said office. I. T. MINTZ.
mch 24-1t*

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the will of the people, to be expressed in the Democratic Primary, on March 27th, 1912. I will appreciate any support that may be given me. I have not been brought into the campaign by any clique or ring, but by a desire for the office, believing that the public offices of the county do not belong to any one set of officers for an indefinite length of time.

I promise, if elected, to give you the best of service.

JOHN A. ORRELL.
fe 27 to Mch 27.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

I hereby announce myself a candidate, seeking the nomination at the Democratic Primary, March 27th, 1912.

I advocate Progressive Legislation and at all times am willing to consult the wishes of the WHOLE PEOPLE. I request your suffrage and promise, if nominated, to do all in my power to benefit the County of New Hanover and not the INTEREST.

Respectfully yours,
mch 18-8t. JOHN S. RAMOS.

For County Commissioner

We, the undersigned citizens of New Hanover county, believing that Mr. W. A. McGirt will make the people at large a conservative, yet progressive and efficient, public official, take pleasure in endorsing him as a candidate for County Commissioner, and respectfully ask that the voters give him their support in the primary to be held March 27th, 1912:

C. H. ALEXANDER,
E. L. MATHEWS,
L. W. MOORE,
L. B. ROGERS,
J. WILDER,
G. J. BONEY,
R. F. WARREN,
W. W. KOCH,
J. F. BAGGETT,
E. A. HERBST,
J. R. HANBY,
B. T. HOPKINS,
A. M. HALL,
M. H. BRIMMER,
H. G. BOWDEN,
A. A. DOCK,
WM. STRUTHERS,
C. H. GASKINS,
L. D. LATTA,
A. G. WARREN,
A. M. ALDERMAN,
M. O. ALEXANDER,
W. R. TAYLOR,
J. F. KLEIN,
D. J. JOYNER,
S. J. ELLIS,
J. A. McNORTON,
W. A. WHITNEY,
H. A. HUGGINS,
E. T. HANCOCK,
W. M. WIGGINS,
W. I. BAXTER,
W. J. KIRKHAM,
GEO. S. BOYLAN.
mh10 to 28

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have been requested by such a number of voters of New Hanover county to permit my name to be placed among the aspirants for the position of County Commissioner that I have decided to accede to those requests.

If a majority of the Democratic voters of the county in the primary to be held March 27th, indicate their preference for me I will be pleased to serve the county the best I can.

Respectfully,
mar 17-to-27. M. S. WILLARD.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

At the approaching Democratic primary, I will be a candidate for the nomination of Senator from the Eleventh Senatorial District of North Carolina, and hereby agree to abide by the results of said primary.

I ask for and will greatly appreciate the support of my fellow Democratic voters. Respectfully,

MARSDEN BELLAMY.
fe25 to mar27

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the will of the people to be expressed in the Democratic primary, March 27th, 1912.

I will appreciate any support that may be given me and promise, if elected, that I will serve the people of the county to the best of my ability. WALTER E. YOPP.
ma 3-till-ma-25.

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County.

Having been urged by my many friends to run for the office of Constable of Wilmington township, I hereby announce myself a canadidate for said office, promising if nominated and elected to do my full duty to the best of my ability. JNO. H. DAVIS.
fe28 to mh27

To the Democratic Voters of New Hanover County.

I beg to announce that I shall be a candidate for the office of County Treasurer at the Primary to be held on the 27th of March next. I shall be very grateful for your support, and thanking my friends for their past favors, it will be my very earnest endeavor to fulfill the duties of the office to my very best ability.
to mch 27. H. McL. GREEN.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

After giving the matter careful consideration, at the solicitation of friends throughout the county, I have decided to become a candidate for County Commissioner. If elected I shall discharge every duty imposed upon me in a faithful, fearless and impartial manner. W. A. McGIRT.
mar 19tf.

COUNTY TREASURER.

We, the undersigned citizens of the County of New Hanover, wish to commend Mr. John A. Orrell, candidate for the office of County Treasurer, to the consideration of any voters who did not know him personally.

He served on the City Board of Audit and Finance for several years, resigning from the Board when leaving the city a few years ago. He has been a lifelong resident of Wilmington, except for about four years, while working for the Standard Oil Co. in other cities.

As an honest, straightforward, conscientious worker, we recommend and endorse him highly, and feel that any support given Mr. Orrell will not be misplaced.

JESSE WILDER,
B. O. STONE,
B. A. MERRITT,
S. J. ELLIS,
W. C. PETERSON,
R. R. STONE,
G. J. BONEY,
JAS. A. MONTGOMERY,
H. R. KUHL,
F. J. DEMPSEY,
L. W. MOORE,
B. T. HOPKINS,
JOE FENLEY,
FRANK HERBST,
MARTIN NEWMAN,
W. R. TAYLOR.
mh20t27

FOR RECORDER.

Subject to the will of the people to be expressed at the Democratic primary to be held Wednesday, March 27th, 1912, I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Recorder of the County of New Hanover.

The support of the voters of the county will be deeply appreciated. If re-elected, I will give my undivided efforts, as I have in the past, toward filling the office to the best of my ability.

Again expressing in advance my appreciation of the support of voters in the approaching primary, I am, with thanks, JOHN J. FURLONG.
mar 17-tf.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I beg to place my name before the voters at the Democratic Primary for re-nomination for the House of Representatives of the General Assembly, and agree to abide by the results thereof. For a definition of my platform I rely largely upon my past record, a record made in seeking to represent the whole people of this county.

Grateful for the honors already conferred upon me, and with the ambition to be truly representative, I am,

Sincerely,
ma 17-tf. WOODUS KELLUM.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

At the primary to be held on the 27th day of March, I will be a candidate for the nomination of Clerk of the Superior Court and hereby pledge myself to abide by the result of the said primary.

I will greatly appreciate the support of my fellow Democrats.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM N. HARRISS.
mh9 to 28*

FOR SENATOR.

To the Voters of New Hanover County:

I hereby announce my candidacy, subject to the will of the people, to be expressed in the Democratic Primary, on March 27th, 1912, for the nomination of Senator from the Eleventh Senatorial District of North Carolina.

If nominated and elected I will serve the interests of the people of this district with the same diligence, application and thought as I have used, and do now employ, in the conduct and promotion of my own business. Respectfully yours,
to mch 27. W. B. COOPER.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC VOTERS.

Subject to your will, to be expressed at the polls in the primary March 27th, 1912, I announce myself a candidate for re-nomination to the Office of Register of Deeds. I am grateful for past favors and will deeply appreciate your further support, promising, if elected, to make faithful returns in duty well performed.

Yours,
fe 18-tf. JOHN HAAR.

To Democratic Voters.

I announce myself for re-nomination to the office of Sheriff at the primary to be held March 27th, 1912. I will greatly appreciate the support of my fellow Democrats and if again honored will render the same faithful service in future as I have in the past, and which my record will show.

Respectfully,
fe 13-tf. S. P. COWAN.

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

The undersigned place in nomination and recommend to the Democratic voters of New Hanover county the following named well known citizens: D. McEachern, W. D. MacMillan, Jr., and H. L. Vollers, for County Commissioners.

M. W. DIVINE,
J. O. REILLY,
G. W. CHESNUTT,
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
C. W. YATES,
R. H. NORTHROP,
M. J. CORBETT,
R. C. deROSSET,
F. W. DICK,
HENRY GIESCHEN,
H. C. McQUEEN,
GEO. R. FRENCH.
J. O. CARR,
fe29 to mh27

ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the will of the people to be expressed in the Democratic primary March 27th 1912. I will appreciate any support that may be given me and promise, if elected, that I will serve the people of the county to the best of my ability.
mch 15-11t* T. W. CALLIHAN.

COAL SITUATION UNSETTLED

(Continued from Page 1.)

sion of all the mines necessarily will follow, pending a vote of the miners on the question of a strike.

Pennsylvania Miners Want Hearing.

Hazelton, Pa., Mch. 23.—The scale committee and the members of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of the Hazelton district left tonight to attend the meeting of the policy committee to map out what course is to be taken if the anthracite and bituminous operators do not grant concessions. The committeemen said that the mine workers in this part of the hard coal fields were in favor of suspension unless they get another hearing.

Mayor Bruch tonight drew up a letter to George F. Baer, president of the Reading Company, urging that the operators grant the anthracite miners' scale committee another hearing in an effort to promote peace in the hard coal fields. The mayor does not go into the merits of the demands of the mine workers, but merely expresses the hope that a conflict may be avoided in order to avert business disturbance and social unrest.

Miners Leave for Cleveland

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 23.—The members of the executive committee of District No. 1, United Mine Workers, left here tonight for Cleveland, where the policy committee of the union will meet on Monday. The members of the executive committee refused to be quoted tonight. It is reported that some individual coal operators in the Wyoming field are willing to make the same concessions to their miners as one of the independent companies in the Scnuylkill region did a week ago; that is to pay the increase asked for, providing their employes do not quit work.

PINEHURST SOCIETY

Delightful Day at This Beautiful North Carolina Resort

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Pinehurst, N. C., March 23.—Interest of a busy week of midseason centered in all-nation dances at The Carolina in aid of the Village Club charitable fund, fully four hundred gathering for the most unique entertainment of the season. The hit of the programme was unquestionably the Irish Jig given by Messrs. N. S. Hurd, of Pittsburgh, and C. M. Fink, of New York; Mrs. C. N. Phillips, of Greenwich, and Miss Mary Fownes, of Pittsburgh, a triple encore being necessary before the audience reluctantly released them. In the Highland Fling Misses Caroline Fuller, of New York; Rosamond Cummings, of Brooklyn, and Sarah Fownes, of Pittsburgh, were twice recalled, and the Dutch Dance with Miss Doris Bliss, of Boston, as Hans, and Miss Ethel Barroll, of Philadelphia, as Gretchen, was equally popular. The Spanish Gypsy Dance given by Misses Ruby M. Stone, of Boston, and Heloise Durant, of New York, was in pleasant contrast with the French Pierre Pierrot of Miss Fuller and Miss Lady Fuller; the minuet-like Japanese Dance of the Misses Florence Bennett, of Binghampton, and Geraldine Walker, of Scranton, being followed by the picturesque Italian Tarantella in which Messrs. J. V. Hurd, of Pittsburgh; C. N. Phillips, of Greenwica; Charles H. Banes, of Philadelphia, and Mr. Fink and the Misses Priscilla Beall, of Uniontown; Adelle Thayer, Esther Tufts, of Boston, and Florence Smith, of Scranton, participated.

Suppers at the Lift-the-Latch Cabin at Pinebluff have claimed many, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Burrage, of Boston, and Mr. N. S. Hurd, of Pittsburgh, among the hosts; with numerous dinners and evenings of bridge. Out-of-doors motoring and riding vie in poularity with golf and tennis.

Kansas City, Mo., March 23.—Snow records for the year were broken by a storm that prevailed here today and promised to continue all night. At dark 15 inches of snow had fallen and the local weather forecaster said five inches more would fall before the storm abated. The storm is general over northern Missouri, Kansas and in the southern portions of Iowa and Nebraska.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gaylord—An Apology.
Platt & Haar—Spring, 1912.
Wilder & Metts—A Few Points.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Easter Hats.
Wooten Real Estate Co.—For Sale.
N. Jacobi Hardware Co.—Sprayers.
People's B. & L. Ass'n—New Series.
Concord Chapter—Special Convocation.
A. D. Brown—The Perfect Dress Form.
Kentucky Horse and Mule Co.—Auction.
Southern National Bank—Small Accounts.
Tidewater Power Co.—The Beach Season.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Our Millinery Opening.
John S. Ramos—Progressive Government.
Home Savings Bank—Said the Spider to the Fly.
Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.—Ten Per Cent.
People's Savings Bank—Regular Interest Quarter.
City of Wilmington—Statement of Expenditures.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Farmer.
Wanted—Salesmen.
For Rent—Rooms.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Salesmen.
Wanted—Salesman.
For Sale—Milk Cow.
For Sale—Furniture.
Wanted—Young Men.
Lost—Diamond Locket.
Wanted—Young Lady
Wilder & Metts—$200.00.
Widow—Wants Position.
Wanted—Lady to Travel.
Triplewear Mills—Agents.
Iron Bedstead—For Sale.
Wilder & Metts—For Sale.
Found—Waterproof Coat.
Car. Ginseng Co.—Wanted.
Wanted—Room and Board.
Bryan-Roberts Co.—Agents.
Wanted—Furnished Rooms.
Wilder & Metts—Nice Home.
L. W. Moore—Farm for Sale.
For Rent—Furnished Room.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
Wilder & Metts—Audubon Lots.
Ladies' Tailoring Co.—Removal.
Ministering Circle—Spring Sale.
Wilder & Metts—Good Property.
Jones Optical Co.—Be an Optician.
L. W. Moore—Splendid Residence.
James Owen Reilly—Pretty Home.
Wanted—Mechanics and Laborers.
American Factories Co.—Salesmen.
Hanover B. & L. Ass'n—New Series.
L. W. Moore—Suburban Homeseekers.
James Owen Reilly—On Fifth Street.
James Owen Reilly—A Lovely Home.
Standard Merc. Co.—Earn $30 Weekly.
L. W. Moore—House on Orange Street.
Wilder & Metts—Delightful Residence.
Boyd Supply Co.—Double Your Income.
James Owen Reilly—A Fine Investment.
Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.—Ice Cream Freezers.

GENERAL ROJAS ARRESTED.

Due to Insubordination in Declining to Obey Orozco's Orders.

Chihuahua, Mex., March 23.—Gen. Antonio Rojas, of the revolutionary forces, was placed under arrest today by Gen. Pascual Orozco, the commander-in-chief, and 200 of Rojas' men were disarmed and their rifles given to men whose loyalty is not questioned. The remaining 500 men of the Rojas detachment were sent south to reinforce Gens. Campa and Salazar, who are in momentary expectation of attack at Escalon.

Rojas is the man who, when in command of the rebel garrison at Juarez, looted the branch of the Mexican National Bank of 17,200 pesos—all that remained in the vaults.

This action was criticised harshly by his brother officers and Rojas was ordered with his command to Chihuahua. He soon returned to Juarez, but on Thursday again took his men to Chihuahua. It is said his arrest is due to insubordination in declining to obey Orozco's ordern.

Two messengers from Ojinga today informed Orozco that Jose de LaCruz Sanchez, commanding 200 Federals at Ojinga, had decided to cast his fortunes with the revolution.

If the report that Ojinga is now a rebel town is correct, the insurrectos are in control of the entire State of Chihuahua from east to west and from the north to the south, to Escalon.

Mexico City, March 23.—Strict censorship of news regarding the battle near Escalon, midway between Chihuahua and Torreon, yesterday, left the result in doubt tonight. Federal officials reiterated the story of a government victory, but from no source were details obtainable.

A dispatch from Torreon over the censored wires purported to confirm the route of the Rebels, though their number was estimated at from 200 to 300, instead of 1,800, as stated in government advices.

According to this account of the battle the Rebels attacked a repair train commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Mercado. A battalion of infantry and a company of sappers came to the rescue and stood off the Rebels for an hour until reinforcements from the command of General Tellez arrived.

The Rebels were said to have stubbornly resisted the aggressive movements of the combined forces for two hours and then fled northward, leaving 18 dead on the field and a number of wounded. From one of the prisoners it was learned that General Orozco was at Santa Rosalia with 1,800 men. He had two machine guns. The Rebel forces engaged in the battle were commanded by Jose Inez Salazar. The command came by train from Santa Rosalia to meet the advance of the Federals. Later Emilio Campa with a small force joined the Rebels.

ANOTHER STRIKE LIKELY.

Thirty Thousand Textile Operatives at New Bedford May Quit Work.

Boston, Mass., March 23.—While the close of the week found improved conditions in the Lawrence strike situation, the most of the mills oeprating with nearly full crews, labor difficulties in various other manufacturing centers in Massachusetts continued, and a strike among the 30,000 operatives in New Bedford was considered tonight as a possibility of the near future.

Strike leaders in Lawrence assert that several thousand operatives still remain away from work, but in a majority of mills little evidence of the recent labor trouble is evident.

The Warren cotton mills, of the Thorndike Company, in West Warren, will be opened Monday in the hope that its striking weavers will return. The weavers ask an increase in wages.

Leaders of the strike of 1,000 operatives of the Lancaster Gingham Mills in Clinton expressed hope tonight of a settlement of their difficulty next week, when the management has agreed to reply to their wage demands

Much importance is attached in New Bedford to the meeting of the cotton manufacturers early next week, when the demand of the Textile Workers' Union for a 10 per cent. advance in wages will be considered. The 5 per cent. offered by the manufacturers is not regarded as satisfactory by the unions.

KNOX ROYALLY ENTERTAINED.

American Secretary Received Lavish Welcome at Caracas.

Caracas, March 23.—A sprinkling of rain this afternoon, the forerunner of the rainy season, did not interfere with the lavish entertainment in honor of Secretary Knox and other American visitors to which the whole capital was given over. Shops were closed, and business was practically suspended by government decree.

The programme, which was carried out, was so arranged that at every place visited one of the ministers received the American Secretary. An escort of cavalry proceeded from place to place with the party, but no guard attended the Secretary.

From the time of the arrival of the Secretary the festivities continued without interruption. The plaza Bolivar was literally roofed with electric lights. The explosion of fire works rivalled the old fashioned American celebration of the Fourth of July. Dense crowds surged in the streets, following the Knox party everywhere.

The demonstrations were unprecedented. Every member of the party was attended by an official. Special horse races have been arranged for Sunday.

ELFRIDA OFF TOMORROW.

Capt. Daniels Receives Orders Issued by Governor Friday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., March 23.—Capt. Thos. C. Daniels, of the North Carolina Naval Brigade, received the orders today issued by Governor Kitchin yesterday to secure a crew of 25 men and three officers and board the U. S. S. Elfrida and leave Newbern Monday for Pamlico, Albemarle and Croatan sounds to protect the fish laws of North Carolina. Commander C. D. Bradham will be the executive officer aboard ship; Mr. Will Dixon, of Oriental, navigating officer, and Lieut. C. J. McSorley in command of the company. The company is ordered to the sounds to assist Commissioner Vann in carrying out the fish laws. It appears that there is a territory in these sounds that pounds nets and other nets are not allowed to be placed in. The fishermen who live in that locality are said to be openly violating the law.

UNMITIGATED GALL

We have often read of the victim being required to kiss the club which was to destroy him, but never before have we been face to face with such a crisis.

Less than one year ago the majority of the wholesale dealers (when we say majority in this case, we mean 98 per cent) realizing the need of their employes for recreation and feeling that the service rendered would justify them in doing so, desired to ask the North Carolina Railroad Commission to order the transportation companies to close their warehouses and thereby give their employes a much-needed half holiday also, which proposition was handled by a committee representing the employes of the wholesale dealers, who presented same to one W. B. Cooper, and he flatly refused to sign it.

Had he held the balance of power, he would have gladly prevented the broad and liberal-minded wholesale dealers and transportation companies from extending their employes a much-needed half holiday, once a week, and now he askes us to send him to Raleigh to make laws for us. Will we send him? NO, NO, NEVER!

One of the committee referred to above was asked to visit the private office of Mr. Cooper and on complying, was told if he, or his committee would induce his employes to agree to waive their regular vacation, he, Mr. Cooper, would sign the petition.

We consider this "Unmitigated Gall" and will most certainly vote accordingly.

A RAILROAD CLERK. **

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—Young lady with several years' experience as stenoghapher and bookkeeper, desirs to locate in Wilmington. Can give best of references. Address Miss M. M., care Star. mh24-2t*

FOUND—Waterproof coat near warehouse of the M. J. Corbett Co. Owner can recover same by applying to shipping clerk at the warehouse. mh24-1t*

FOR RENT—In the nicest locality in city, one nicely furnished room with electric lights and bath. Gentlemen preferred. For information, 'phone 1742. mh24-1t*

WANTED—Room and board, by gentleman, April 1st. "C. D." care Star. mh24-1t*

SPLENDID RESIDENCE, modern throughout, on Fifth street, between Chesnut and Grace; good location and a well built home; can be bought at a reasonable figure. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. mh24-1t

PRACTICALLY NEW eight-room house, on Orange between Eighth and Ninth street. If you are looking for a good home on the car line, with good size lot, at a low figure, it will pay to call Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 1-2 Princess street. mh24-1t

FARM—Good clay subsoil land, 33 acres; only two and one-half miles from city, with five-room cottage; the price is right. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agents, 123 1-2 Princess street. mh24-1t

SUBURBAN HOMESEEKERS—We have two very desirable lots at Winter Park, one at Carolina Heights, and several well located lots at Carolina Place, that can be bought at prices tha will interest you. Telephone 332, L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agents, 123 1-2 Princess street. mh24-1t

FOR SALE—One iron bedstead, complete; practically new. Also one No. 7 cook stove. Will sell at a bargain. Apply at 817 Grace street. mh24-1t*

ON DELIGHTFUL Orange street, we can offer you a nice home for less than $4,250. This is worth inquiring into. Wilder & Metts. mh24-1t

AUDUBON LOTS are still the rage. $10 down secures a lot that will give you $100 profit in twelve months. This calculation is based on past experience. Wilder & Metts' automobile is at your service. mh24-1t

$200.00, or possibly a little less, will secure a nice twelve per cent investment for you. Your chance to get started. Wilder & Metts. mh24-1t

LOST—Diamond locket, with initials "J. G." Reward, if returned to owner, care Star office. mh24-tf

PRETTY HOME ON SEVENTH STREET between Market and Princess. Lot is 55 by 99, and Vitrified Brick street. One of the best neighborhoods in the city. Can be bought for a very reasonable figure. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. mh24-1t

A LOVELY HOME ON CHESTNUT STREET, near Sixth, for sale. Lot is 55 by 132. Has ten rooms and improvements. Can be bought at a bargain. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. mh24-1t

BOARDERS WANTED at 316 Red Cross all modern conveniences. mh24-1t

ON FASHIONABLE FIFTH STREET, I have a lot 66 by 155, for sale. Has two houses. Can be bought for less than $5,000.00. Easily worth $6,000.00. Splendid neighborhood for an apartment house. Vitrified brick street in front of property. Best renting locality in the city. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. mh24-1t

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, convenient to Union Depot; gentlemen preferred. Call 'phone 1368. mh24-1t*

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms close in, for light housekeeping, by young married couple. "N. R." care Star. mh24-1t

STEADY, reliable, energetic salesman to call on retail grocery trade in the city and out of town. Must show recommendations and produce results. Postoffice Box 393, Wilmington. mh24-1t*

FOR RENT—To couple without children, rooms for light housekeeping. Lights, bath and lavatory. Apply 319 S. 5th street. mh24-1t*

A FINE INVESTMENT. For $5,500.00 I can sell you property on Market street that rents for $600.00 per year. Property contains store and dwelling. This will pay you over 10 per cent. net. Can you beat it? This is worth looking into. See me at once. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. mh24-1t

FIFTY TO SEVENTY-FIVE ice cream freezers have been lost. Anyone who has one of my freezers I will appreciate them 'phoning me. Jno. W. Plummer, Jr., 'phone 680. mh24-1t

WIDOW LADY of middle age, of fairly good address, is open for engagement as housekeeper to small family, or companion, city or country. Address "202," care Star. mh24-1t*

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side line deal? Snappiest proposition ever sprung. Will sell everywhere. Strong enough for main line. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. mh24-1t*

EARN $30 WEEKLY taking orders for cut rate groceries. Outfit free. Standard Mercantile Company, Hippodrome Building, Cleveland, Ohio. mh24-1t*

FOR SALE — Good milk cow. Been fresh six weeks. Write or see J. W. Keith, Rocky Point, N. C. mh24-1t*

SALESMEN WANTED for special line of Winter Dry Goods and Blankets, on commission. Factory to retailer. Excellent side line for traveler. Bryn Mawr Mills, Philadelphia, Pa. mh24-1t

NEW SERIES of the Hanover Building and Loan Association will open Saturday, April 6th, limited to 600 shares; books are now open at the office of Wilder & Metts, 207 Princess street. John J. Fowler, President; J. W. Yates, V.-President; H. F. Wilder, Sec'y and Treas. mh24-tf

LADIES' TAILORING CO. now located in room 35 Odd Fellows' Bldg., are prepared to handle all kinds of dressmaking, coat suits, dresses and skirts to order. Prices reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Third and Princess (upstairs). 'Phone 1914. mh24-1t*

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, black walnut marble top bedroom set, black walnut organ, wardrobe, Jewel range, drop head sewing machine, dining table, all in perfect order. 303 South Seventh street. mh24-1t*

ONE OF THE most delightful residences at Carolina Heights, facing Market street, for sale. This is a real home. Call up Wilder & Metts, Monday morning. mh24-1t

FOR SALE—Two modern, well-built houses, on lot 66x165, with alley in rear, on Princess street, between 8th and 9th streets. These houses can be bought at a bargain, if purchased by Wednesday. Wilder & Metts. mh24-1t

WANTED—Every reader ask for our "Ginseng Guide." Teaches successful culture—everywhere; demand great; profits large; fortunes in ginseng culture. Carolina Ginseng Gardens, Biscoe, N. Car. mh24-1t*

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Broadstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. mh24-1t*

AGENTS—The money is yours, if you grab this winner. Positively sells to everybody. No talking necessary; just show it and the sale is made; enormous profits. One big chance. Send for free particulars. The Bryan-Roberts Sales Co., Dept. 23, P. O. Box 483, Florence, S. C. mh24-1t*

THE MINISTERING CIRCLE of King's Daughters will hold their annual Spring sale on Wednesday, March 27th, at 4 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Clayton Giles, 305 South Third street. mh24-3t

IT COSTS YOU nothing to learn how to double your income handling our fast seller. Ask for particulars. Boyd Supply Co., Arnoldsville, Ga. mh24-1t*

SEVERAL good pieces of property near the new Hotel can be bought. See Wilder & Metts. mh24-1t

AGENTS—Triple wear hosiery. Special offer, six pairs free. Greatest agents proposition ever offered. Beautiful line—everybody buys; credit given. Write today. Triplewear Mills, Dept. B, Sansom and 13th sts., Philadelphia. mh24,30-2t*

WANTED—Lady to travel in North Carolina for 1912. Soaps, grocery specialties, candies, etc. Good pay and tailor-made suit in 90 days. Experience unnecessary. McBrady & Co., Chicago. mh24-1t*

WANTED—Man to take charge of an ideal farm close city, on shares. Good house, pure water. Apply 609 Castle street. mh24-1t*

ANYONE qualified as salesman can succeed in every locality with our strong exclusive line. We want good men for the few territories open. Write now for particulars and secure a territory which will make your future business success. Manhattan Advertising Specialties Co., Broadway and Canal street, New York City. mh24-1t*

BRITTAIN AUTOMOBILE LIVERY SERVICE—Two new cars, Ford Four Passenger and E. M. F. Seven Passenger. At Front and Princess, or call Bardin Motor Company. mh24-1w

IMPORTANT NOTICE—If you are a mechanic or laborer, and out of a position, call at No. 16 Princess street, upstairs, room 7, and we will fix you up. Contractors', Builders' and Mechanics' Directory Publishing Company. mh24-6t*

THE CATHEDRAL Sewing Circle will hold a white sale on Friday, the 29th, at the residence of Mrs. Jos. H. Watters, 110 Orange street. Open at 10 A. M. mh24,28-2t*

BE AN OPTICIAN—$50 weekly; we teach by mail. Diploma when course completed Jones Optical Co., Omaha, Nebr. mh24-1t*

FOR SALE—Rose Comb and Straight Comb Rhode Island Red Cockerels; Rhode Island Reds and White Wyandotte eggs, for hatching. Lakewood Farm, Winter Park, Wilmington, N. C.; P. O. Box 371; 'Phone 438-4. mh22-6t*

WANTED—Steady young man who understands double entry books and general office work. Established business house. Address P. O. Box 517. mh21-4t

TRUSTWORTHY MEN or women wanted as local representatives of responsible manufacturer. High class merchandise, and clean selling methods. $12.00 per week guaranteed on easy conditions, with possibility of $30.00 and advance. Experience unnecessary. Manufacturer, Box 278, Philadelphia. fe18-su,w-eow6t

TAILORING—Gentlemen, see my line of Spring and Summer Suitings before you buy; popular prices. Legar Meyer, Merchant Tailor, 109 Princess st., 2nd flobr; Princess Building. jy9-su-tf *tof-18

WOMEN—Sell guaranteed hose; 70 per cent profit; make $10 daily; full or part time; beginners investigate. Strong Knit, Box 4029, West Philadelphia, Pa. fe4-su10t*

MEN—If you want work, sell guaranteed hosiery to wearers; big commission; make $10 daily; experience unnecessary. Address International Mills, 3038 Chestnut, Philadelphia. fe4-su10t*

AGENTS WANTED—Exclusive territory. Good chance to build up permanent business. Mail us $10 for 36-pound feather bed and receive, without cost, 6-pound pair pillows. Freight on all prepaid. New feathers. Best ticking. Satisfaction guaranteed. Turner & Cornwall, Feather Dealers, Dept. 55, Charlotte, N. C. Our reference: Commercial National Bank. fe18-su,w-tf

NOTICE—This is to give notice that Jno. T. Williams has not been in my employment since Feb. 9th. H. L. Fentress. mh23-2t

**WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. del-tu,su,th-tf

WANTED—Two lots in Carolina Place. Address "Lots," Box 433, City, giving lowest cash price. mh23-2t*

DRESSED CHICKENS of quality today. Very best of beef, veal and lamb. Pig brains, new lettuce, celery, tomatoes, snap beans, cauliflower, egg plants, grape fruit, green cabbage and everything in season to be found in our line. Palace Market, 'Phone 72. mh23-tf

HATS—Cleaned, dyed and blocked. Coster, the Cleanser, 122 Market street; 'phone 148. mh23-3t

YOU ARE WANTED to become Railway Mail Clerk; $90 month. Wilmington examinations May 4th. Questions and coaching sent free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 269-N, Rochester, N. Y. mh8-w,f,sa,su-1mo*

NOTICE — J. W. Blake, the Electrical contractor, will move from 209½ North Front to 219 North Front, with a complete line of electrical goods. Call and see our fixtures and get our prices before closing contract for wiring your house. mh17-7t

WANTED—One large, open, airy room for couple with child; all modern conveniences, with use of 'phone; centrally located; with or without board. Answer quick, 'Phone 459, ring 3. mh20-5t

FOR RENT—A modern house overlooking the Cape Fear; completely furnished; 7 rooms; artesian well on premises. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. mh19-6t

GOOD THINGS to eat make happiness at home. We have the goods; get some pleasure at home. First strawberries of season today. Nice celery, lettuce, tomatoes, snap beans, cauliflower. Dressed chickens and turkeys. Choice line of fresh meats, fruits, etc. Call us up or come and see. Palace Market, 'phone No. 72. mh9-tf

FOR SALE—We can make prompt shipments of our "Darlington Brick" which is so well known to the trade as being equal in quality to any brick made in the South Atlantic States. Always accepted by U. S. government inspectors. Color, red. Darlington Brick Co., Darlington, S. C. mh10-12t

FOR RENT—Several cottages on Greenville Sound, near water front. With or without farming land. Write P. O. Box 105. mh6-w,f,su-tf

FOR SALE—Several thousand juniper shingles; also several hundred fence posts, at Southern Exchange Co.'s pole yards, foot of Harnett street. mh1-tf

BARGAINS in a fine line of trunks, suit cases and hand bags. Also all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

SECOND HAND square piano for sale. In good order. Cheap to cash purchaser. Address "Piano," care Star Office. se15-tf

IN THE belief that a banking institution should be prepared to do more than receive and disburse moneys for its patrons, this bank has been for some time past perfecting its system of correspondents, and tenders to its depositors the use of these facilities in carrying out important deals, closing and delivering contracts, making collections, and in the handling of matters of consequence in any part of the world.

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"A Financial Stronghold."

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Ten Per Cent

Saved from what you earn will cause you no inconvenience, and this will make you comfortable in the course of time.

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The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

INTEREST COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY.

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Better write at once before you forget.

mh24-1t

FOR SALE

One eleven-room House, all modern improvements, fine location between Second and Third streets on Red Cross. Lot 58x230.

Bargain in house on Eighth street, between Chesnut and Princess.

Lot on Seventh between Campbell and Red Cross. Six-room house. Can be bought at a bargain.

See

A. C. WOOTEN REAL ESTATE CO.

'Phone 500.

CONCORD CHAPTER, No. 1, R. A. M.

Companions:—

There will be a special convocation Monday evening at 8 o'clock to install the officers and confer the Most Excellent Master's degree.

By order of the High Priest.

W. A. MARTIN,
mar 24-1t. Secretary.

AUCTION

We will have next Auction Sale HORSES and MUL Thursday, the 28th of March, at 1:00 P at 116 N. Second at MILLS' STAB This is the Best lot Horses we have h and they will be put and sold for the H Dollar.

They consist of all classes, from a Draft Horse to a Shetland Pony. Be sure and be here, as this will b our last sale. Sale will take place, rain or shine. Every horse guaranteed to be as represented on day of sle, or money refunded. Yours respectfully,

KENTUCKY HORSE & MULE COMPANY

F. T. MILLS, Mgr.

mh24-3t

New River Mullets

187 Bbls Large Mullets.
261 Bbls Medium Mullets.
168 Bags Head Rice.
271 Bags Med. Head Rice.
99 Bags Broken Rice.
611 Bbls Fancy Pat. Flour.
161 Bbls Standard Patent Flour.
376 Cases Salmon.
297 Cases Sardines.
167 Cases No. 3 Tomatoes.
67 Cases No. 10 Tomatoes.

W. B. Cooper Co.

Seed Potatoes and Fertilizers

Two car loads Seed Irish Potatoes and Ohio Onion Sets just received.

We also have Navassa, Acme and Baugh's Fertilizers, to make them grow.

J. W. BROOKS

Wholesale Grocer,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XC—NO. 2. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,858.

THE STOCK LAW AND FORESTY

Interesting Paper by Wilmington Man Sent Out As Bulletin of the N. C., Geological and Economic Survey

(By Hugh MacRae).

The question of Stock Law in its relation to forestry is so simple that it could be covered by a few emphatic sentences, but as this would savor of dogmatism and would not further the economic interests which we have met here to consider, I am going to ask you to let me surround the bare statement of facts with certain bits of information which I hope will emphasize the importance of this subject.

I shall speak of the longleaf pine forests of the coastal plain, because the problem there is simple and will serve very well to illustrate the subject. As to these forests of the coastal pain, could nature nave been more prodigal? Could we have been less appreciative? Here is a tree, the longleaf pine, of the very highest economic value, absolutely suited to soil and climate, which nature insists on reproducing.

One growing or defective tree, left standing for two or three years after its fellows are taken, will reforest two or three acres of ground.

The pine burrs begin to pop open on the coming of cold weather in October or November and scatter the winged seed or "mast," which is whirled in every direction by the prevailing winds of the Winter.

Almost every seed can germinate, for it falls on an ideal seed bed of sandy loam, which is kept almost constantly moist by the frequent rains.

After a few warm days the seed sprouts and puts down its small tap root. As soon as the tap root digs its way into the sand it performs one of the miracles of nature by straightening up and lifting the mother seed into the air. Now the little tree is nourished from below and fed from above. It is fed through the tips of the pine needles until all proper dangers are passed; and with the warm days of Spring it soon is six incues high, and by Fall it is firmly established in the soil.

Compare this with the slow, expensive process of reforesting in Europe (with trees of far less value), where each tree is planted and replanted by hand.

It may be interesting to you to know that while I have been accustomed to going into the woods all my life, I never had the opportunity to observe the growth of the longleaf pine from the seed, as above described, until after the stock law was passed in New Hanover county a few years ago. The hogs ran at large in that county and were so strenuous that they succeeded in making this phenomenon one rarely to be observed. Now you can see the longleaf pine reproduce itself everywhere.

Recently a gentleman from New York, who spoke Italian fluently, was questioning an italian at St. Helena, about the results obtained from the vineyard of the colony. It was noticeable that the Italian replied with great enthusiasm, and later when the gentleman was asked what was said he replied that there were no expressions in English to give the exact idea; but as near as he could express it the Italian said, "We can not understand why nature has done so much for us, why she is so bountiful with the harvests. We feel that she has made a mistake."

The area of the coastal plain is somewhat in excess of ten million acres. If the value of reforestation is duly appreciated and the forests protected, there should be an increase of at least four million dollars per year to the value of the forests from the natural reproduction.

Can nature do more for us in the way of providing forests? Why has she been so generous in soil and climate, in abundance of moisture? We can quite understand the Italian's point of view.

When we think of the vast areas of the earth's surface not adapted to reforestation and others where the forests, once destroyed, can not possibly be reproduced, we ought to be thankful and protect intelligently what has come to us as a gift.

At the moment we can not feel proud of the part man is playing. Because of ignorance and natural aversion to effort, he sets fire to the woods in order to give the benefit of the new growth of almost worthless grasses to almost worthless cattle, which are enabled thereby to get a scanty living. He ranges his hogs in the woods, when they would prove far more profitable if kept at home. From the time the pine mast falls until the little tree is one year old it affords a natural delicacy for the hogs—but only a delicacy, from the fact that a hog has to cover so much territory to live on this scattered food that he evolves into a high-speed brute, like Kipling's "kangaroo."

The fires and the hogs are enough to complete the destruction; but add to these a few sheep which have the habit of eating the cone-like buds out of the tops, and the little trees, which have escaped other enemies, are killed.

Without being in possession of any figures obtained by scientific investigation, it might be safe to say that one fire-spreading man, with 20 hogs, 20 sheep and 10 cows, will keep ten thousand acres devastated.

Nature does not give up the fight, however. She attacks the hogs with cholera, the cows with tick fever, and the man with poverty; but with what terrific cost to civilization!

Let me tell you of one tract of ten thousand acres which reforested itself. The seeding period was fifty years ago when men were in the war and when hogs and cows were scarce. About one-half the timber on this tract is longleaf pine; the other half shortleaf pine. The reforestation did not cost the owner one cent. As it came easily, it was sold cheap; land, timber and all for $27,000. During the past five years this tract has paid the owners $27,000 in turpentine rent; has paid to the renter more than $100,000, I understand, in the value of the turpentine. The timber is worth at present stumpage prices over $50,000; and on a good market would be worth more than $75,000. The sawed value of the timber would probably be worth as much as $500,000. As the land alone is worth much more than the purchase price, we can see that nature's gift on this tract must be considerably in excess of $200,000; or more than $4,000 per year. While this land has probably been fire swept during recent years, the pine tree after it is several years old fortunately has a bark which will stand fire. The fire retards its growth, but does not kill the tree after the first few days.

A friend told me of an experience he had in the pine belt where there was no stock law. He bought about five hundred acres from which the pine trees had been cut. About six years ago he fenced ten acres of it. Recently he visited the place and found all the land outside of the fence just as he had left it years ago. Inside of the fence was a beautiful growth of longleaf pine, not less than one hundred trees to the acre. This man is naturally a strong advocate of stock laws which will protect the forest.

In this connection it is well to consider the worthlessness of wood cattle. This was brought home to me recently. Some parties joined in a plan to carry on a small cattle feeding and dairying experiment which was to be enlarged if it proved a success. The manager was a Hollander who, while he understood cows, was a stranger to the cattle and methods of this country. He was struck with the cheapness of the woods cow and thought he could start with these and improve them. After feeding forty head of woods cattle until they had about consumed their value in feed, and after going through the trials of tick fever and working with the cattle all Fall and Winter, it became perfectly clear that the wise thing to do was dispose of them and start over again; and the owners were glad to sell the cows at their original cost price, losing one-half of the capital, which had been used up in expenses.

Do we want forests? Yes. Not only because of their economic value in furnishing fuel, crossties, and material for building and for the manufacture of furniture; but because they help to regulate the rainfall and conserve the water supply, which is essential to the prosperity of the agriculturist; and because the forests have a favorable influence on the climate, making it more equable by protecting the country against the sweep of cold winds.

In an article written by W. J. McGee, which appears in a recent issue of the World's Work, it is made clear that the power of this country to support a very large population, one billion, with comfort, is directly measurable by the amount of available water supply—namely, the annual rainfall and that stored under the surface of the earth. He says: "The limit of our capacity for production and population lies not in the land or its living forms—both susceptible of immeasurable improvement—but in the supply of water on which life depends; for without water there are no plants, no soils, no animals, no men, no intelligence to control lower nature."

With the abundance of rainfall which we have in North Carolina the great future of the country undoubtedly lies in the direction of intensive farming. If it is water and not land which sets the limits to population, and the chief feature in preserving our water supply is the care of our forests, then indeed we must handle this problem without delay. Twenty-five acre-feet of water per year on five acres of land will enable a family of five persons to support themselves with comfort and contribute to the support of an equal number of persons engaged in manufacturing or other kinds of work. With ample water, in other words, five acres will yield an easier living than 640 acres, or a square mile, on the plains; and Eastern North Carolina will support easily one person per acre.

In Holland there is a section where five hundred people are comfortably supported on fifty acres of land.

I wish I had the eloquence to demonstrate convincingly that because of this fact of abundant rainfall we of North Carolina live in one of the most favored spots on the globe; but we are not rising to the level of our natural surroundings. We are allowing generation after generation to go by and miss this miraculous opportunity. It seems that we must suffer by falling short of our birthright.

It is common sense to proceed along the lines of least resistance, and to do the thing which can be done to greatest advantage.

We have met to consider ways of protecting the forests. It is obvious that forest fires must be avoided, and that ranging cattle and hogs must first be stopped.

The United States Department of Agriculture and the State Departments, make clear to us the great loss of profits to the farmer from tick fever and cholera, which are directly due to permitting scrub cattle and hogs to run at large. This information is interesting; but to be valuable we should apply the real remedy, which is the adoption of a Statewide stock law. If some of our farmers in certain sections are still too ignorant to be alive to their best interests, it is the duty of those who do understand this to insist that our Legislature shall take care of this matter. A development in one progressive line assists every other, and I think nothing will do more to help drainage projects, the building of good roads, better education, better home comforts, and more profitable agriculture, than the passage of a stock law; and these things mean the development of our country.

A State Stock Law then means that a man shall keep his cattle, hogs and sheep fenced in, instead of permitting them to roam at pleasure over the lands of other persons. If he owned sufficient land so that his hogs and cattle could range freely without interferring with others, we would not be so much interested in the problem; but even though this man owned land he does not have the rights over rainfall and climate. These are for the common good.

It is the function of good government to promote the welfare of the governed, and to do whatever is best for the interests of the majority of the people.

If forests are for the general good, and the protection of forests is advantageous to our civilization and necessary to our comfort, then we are justified in asking our Legislature, which should be composed of intelligent representatives and statesmen, to make the laws necessary for the protection of the forests.

MUCH IMPROVED.

Dr. Mary Walker Says She Is Not Dead Yet.

New York, March 21.—Dr. Mary Walker, who has been seriously ill here for several days, was reported much improved today. Last night she asked for pen and paper and wrote out this statement regarding her condition:

"Don't waste your time writing my obituary now. It will be stale before you have occasion to use it. I expect to add a long record to my life's work. I am not dead yet. I have never sent for a doctor in my life. I have always been my own physician. I have got so few brains that I always know where to find them and how to use them when I need them. I only went to the hospital for one night to rest up."

Columbia, S. C., Mch. 21.—The Columbia city council today appropriated $1,000 for the entertainment of the boys who will attend the National Corn Show in 1913. George Stephenson, secretary and general manager of the National Corn Show, appeared before the council and explained that he expected at least two boys from every county of all the States of the Union to be in Columbia in attendance at the corn show.

Philadelphia, March 21.—According to advices received here a deposit of high grade iron ore estimated at one million tons has been discovered in Fulton county, in the Blue Ride mountains, 200 miles from this city. Geologists and engineers assert that it is the most startling discovery since the discovery of gold in 1849, and is destined to mark a new era in the steel and iron industry of this country.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Some Work That Confronts British Parliament—Modern Progsessive, Liberal China, as Reflected at Canton—Chinese Papers.

(By Associated Press.)

London, March 23.—Foreign relations are certain to occupy a good deal of attention during the present session of the British Parliament, despite the heavy bill of local legislation forecast in the King's speech.

On the Government side of the House of Commons there is a small but very busy body of members whose great interest is foreign politics. They have not been at all satisfied with the way in which Sir Edward Grey has been carrying on his office, and they frequently criticise him. Thus far, their chief grievance has been the treatment of Persia by Great Britain and Russia.

So persistent have they been that Sir Edward in a recent speech occupied considerable time in replying to them. He contended that there had been a tendency to review the Anglo-Russian agreement from a wrong point of view. Great Britain had not assumed any new responsibilities under the agreement as some seemed to believe. Great Britain had always wished to see the integrity of Persia preserved, so that the agreement in that respect was not an increase of responsibility.

Russia had obtained a dominant interest in Northern Persia long before the agreement was made, and to read into the agreement an object to work against Rusian influence in that part of the country was to read into it something entirely contrary to the spirit of the agreement. Sir Edward reminded his critics that the agreement dealt with Afghanistan and Tibet as well as Persia, countries over which there had been frequent diplomatic tension between England and Russia. To remove that tension was the real reason for the agreement, and in this respect it had fulfilled expectations.

Besides having brought about better relations between England and Russia, the agreement would greatly improve the condition of Persia. Certainly had it not been for the agree-

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

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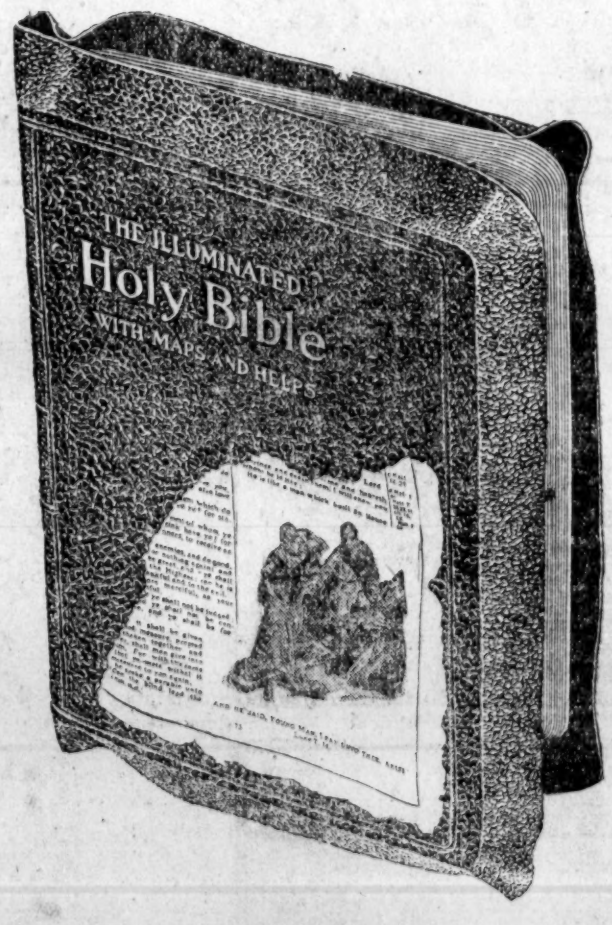

—a magnificent, self-pronouncing pictorial edition of the

HOLY BIBLE

Divinity Circuit, Handsomely Bound, Imperial Seal Limp Leather, Gold Titles, Round Corners, and Illustrated.

It is our good fortune to be able to offer one of the latest and most beautiful editions of this grand book to the readers of the Morning Star, on a plan that is easily within the reach of all.

. . We considered our dictionary a great find, but our Bible so far surpasses it that there is no comparison. In fact, it costs us nearly double what the dictionaries did, at wholesale.

We have just contracted for the largest shipment of Bibles ever brought to Wilmington. We got them at the lowest net factory price, direct from the country's largest Bible publishers.

We are prepared to offer this Bible in either PROTESTANT or CATHOLIC edition, and we believe we have The Only Catholic Bible at a popular price, which has the published endorsement of the Church.

Illustrations alone Cost $50,000.00

Every one of the 600 pictures is a gem of art, and the original conception of a master mind—a wordless discourse of wonderful force. These illustrations are introduced directly into the text, and each has been specially made to illume—i. e., "throw light upon"—the particular verse selected for illustration. Such marvelously faithful portrayal of Bible lands and scenes will prove a glorious revelation to all readers. Modern research has thrown a flood of light upon the people and places of Bible days, and this ripe knowledge shows forth on every page, so truthfully embellished as to give the text a new and personal meaning.

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We want every subscriber of the Star in Wilmington to call at the office and see a copy of this wonderful new edition, whether they want one or not. We want your opinion of the book.

This offer will run only for a short time and everyone is urged to place orders in early, to avoid the rush that will surely be on a little later.

THE WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

The battleship Maine was sunk in the Gulf yesterday with impressive funeral ceremonies.

Reports were current in Peking yesterday that Mongols and Manchus were marching on the city.

Senator Dixon stated yesterday that contests at the Chicago convention would be made against all of Taft's Southern delegates.

Significant orders were issued from the Navy Department yesterday directing three of the big armored cruisers of the Pacific fleet to proceed at once to the Philippines.

Representative Steadman yesterday denounced as untrue the reports on conditions of Southern textile laborcres, published by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

A bomb sent to Judge Otto Rosalsky, the trial judge in the Foltz Brandt case, exploded in the judge's apartments last night and seriously wounded a fire department chief.

Reports from Friday's rain and wind storm show that the damage has reached alarming proportions, business being suspended in many sections, trains annulled and thousands of dollars worth of property washed away.

Eight of the mountain outlaws who killed the entire Carroll county court at Hillsville, Va., were indicted by the grand jury yesterday; one of the wounded jurors died and the reports of Sidna Allen's capture on the day previous were found to be without foundation.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points lower. Flour quiet. Wheat, spot firm, No. 2 red 1.03 3-4 elevator, export basis to arrive and 1.05 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot steady. No. 2, 78 1-2 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 73 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine steady.

TUESDAY.

Latest advices from China yesterday reported the burning of the German consulate at Swatow.

Two of the convicts who escaped from the Nebraska penitentiary were killed yesterday in a battle with officers.

In a speech at Greensboro last night Governor Kitchin made a second attack on Senator Simmon's record and challenged him to meet him in joint debate.

Thirty-two men were killed and more than 50 injured yesterday by the explosion of a locomotive boiler in the Southern Pacific yards at San Antonio, Texas.

The prosecution in the Crawford murder trial at New Orleans sprung a surprise on the defense yesterday by the production of Elise Crawford's exhumed organs.

According to a report from Mount Airy last night it was believed that the Allen outlaws were surrounded by a posse at Squirrel's Spur, near the North Carolina line.

In an address before the Massachusetts Legislature yesterday President Taft declared he was in favor of Presidential preference primaries where the ballot is safeguarded by law.

In the debate on the excise tax bill in the House yesterday Representative Underwood declared the Supreme Court was responsible for the growth of Socialism in the United States."

A detective posse which returned to Hillsville, Va., yesterday failed to find any trace whatever of the Allen outlaws; Governor Mann issued a proclamation increasing the reward for their capture.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-8 to 2 1-2; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-8, offered at 2 1-2. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points lower. Flour quiet. Wheat, spot firm, No. 2 red 1.04 1-2 elevator, export basis, and 1.06 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm, No. 2, 79 elevator, domestic basis to arrive, and export 74 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine quiet. Rosin firm.

WEDNESDAY.

The coal miners' minimum wage bill passed its first reading in the House of Commons last night.

W. J. Bryan's birthday was celebrated at Lincoln, Neb., yesterday by several leaders of his party.

The Maine Democratic State convention elected an unpledged delegation to the National convention yesterday.

Bills were introduced in both houses of Congress yesterday designed to secure an investigation of the probable anthracite coal strike.

Judge Riley, of Atlanta, Ga., assessed bond for Mrs. Ople Grace yesterday at $7,500 and at a late hour she was still confined in jail.

Cardinal Gibbons made the principal address at the installation of the Rev. D. J. O'Connell as bishop of Richmond, at Richmond, Va., yesterday.

According to early returns LaFollette had a good lead over Roosevelt in the North Dakota Presidential preference primaries yesterday.

The Allen outlaws were located last night at a point about five miles from Floyd Allen's home, and all the available men in Hillsville were hurried to the scene.

Former Senator Beveridge attacked the Sherman law yesterday in a speech in which he arraigned the administration of Taft and extolled Roosevelt's.

Oscar Crowley, a negro who invaded the home of Mrs. Charles Williamson, in Carteret county, was brained with an axe and instantly killed on Saturday. She was exonerated by a coroner's jury.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-8 to 2 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-8; offered at 2 1-2. Spot cotton closed quiet and unchanged. Flour about steady. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 1.04 1-4 elevator, to arrive and 1.06 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm; No. 2, 79 1-2 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 79 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine firm.

THURSDAY

Yesterday's trial of Annie Crawford, charged with the murder of her sister, ended in a near riot when attorneys in the case engaged in a fight.

Forty miners were killed and little hope is held out for 47 others entombed in a mine of the Sansbois Coal Co., at McCurtain, Okla., by an explosion yesterday.

Wage discussions between coal operators and miners' representatives yesterday were without any definite results and a suspension of work seems unavoidable.

The detectives who were hurriedly summoned to the supposed hiding place of the Allen gang near Floyd Allen's home failed to find any trace of the court murderers yesterday.

Theodore Roosevelt made the opening speech of his campaign to a large crowd in New York last night. He spoke on "The Right of the People to Rule," and answered some of the criticisms of Taft.

Misses Lora and Marion Little and a two-year-old child were killed yesterday and several others injured when the two-story building occupied by the Parsons Drug Co., at Wadesboro collapsed.

The State Democratic Executive Committee in session at Raleigh last night selected that city and June 6th as the time and place for holding the State convention. Precinct meetings and county primaries are to be held May 18th and county conventions May 25th.

New York markets: Money on call firm, 2 3-8 to 2 1-2; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-8; offered at 2 1-2. Spot cotton closed quiet, 5 points higher. Flour steady. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.04 1-2 elevator, export basis and 1.06 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm; No. 2, 79 1-2 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 74 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin quiet. Turpentine steady.

FRIDAY

A 10 million ton deposit of potash has been discovered in California.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, appearing as a private citizen, yesterday before the Pure Food Board, called the drug representatives dopers.

A negro convict who killed a guard and attempted to kill another at a convict camp near Cochran, Ga., was lynched yesterday afternoon.

The North Carolina Pine Association in session at Norfolk yesterday elected officers for the ensuing year and transacted other important business.

The coal operators in session yesterday turned down the demand of the miners for a 10 per cent. increase in wages and the dispute was referred to a sub-committee.

Twenty-six men were rescued from the Sansbois coal mine at McCurtain, Okla., yesterday, 55 bodies were recovered and 35 miners remain unaccounted for as the result of the explosion of Wednesday morning.

Senator Gore's resolution that the people of Nebraska wanted Clark to withdraw from the race in that State to keep Harmon from capturing the delegation was resented by Clark and Harmon campaign managers yesterday.

Virginia authorities have a plan afoot to capture the Allen outlaws and it is thought that the movement of the several posses has been only a blind to conceal the whereabouts of one large posse which has been hunting the assassins.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-8 to 3 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-8; offered at 2 1-2. Spot cotton closed quiet, 10 points lower. Flour steady. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 1.04 3-4, elevator, export basis and 1.07 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot steady; No. 2, 79 1-4, elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 74 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin steady. Turpentine firm.

SATURDAY.

It was rumored yesterday that the government intends to investigate the alleged coal trust.

A Rebel force was defeated by the vanguard of the Federal army near Jiminez yesterday.

An attempt was made to hold up a passenger train just before it entered the union station at St. Joseph, Mo., last night.

Counsel for the defense will begin argument today in the trial of Annie Crawford, charged with poisoning her sister Elise.

The remains of the heroes who lost their lives in the blowing up of the battleship Maine will be laid to rest with military honors at Arlington today.

The largest cargo of cotton, 17,872 bales, valued at $1,073,000, was exported from Wilmington, N. C., to Liverpool yesterday by Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Sidna Edwards, member of the Allen outlaw band, and for whom reward of $1.000 was offered, dead or alive, was captured at Lamsburg, Va., yesterday by Detective Felts and a posse.

W. C. Petty and associates of Greensboro and Charlotte have acquired a site at southeast corner of Front and Walnut street and will build $150,000 hotel in Wilmington, N. C.

Representative Linbergh announced yesterday that he would introduce a resolution in the House next week to abolish the Senate and Vice Presidency and to reduce membership of the House to 300.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 per cent.; ruling rate 2 1-2; closing bid 2 1-8; offered at 2 1-4. Spot cotton closed quiet, unchanged. Flour steady. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 1.05 elevator, export basis and 1.07 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot firm; No. 2, 79 elevator, domestic basis to arrive, and export 75 f.o.b. afloat. Rosin and turpentine firm.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Turpentine As A Remedy — One would hardly believe that as simple a thing as good, old-fashioned turpentine had so many high sounding characteristics. It is a stimulant, a diuretic, an anthelmintic, a homostatic, given internally, and applied locally it is a rubefacient and an antiseptic. Besides all that it is a volatile oil.

Well, that is to say that as a diuretic it will increase the flow of urine; as an anthelmintic, it is death on worms; as a hemostatic, it will check a bleeding; as a rubefacient, it will redden your skin, and as an antiseptic, it will prevent or destroy putrefaction. It is a volatile oil because it rapidly evaporates. What is more to the point, however, out of all these things it is a fine remedy for many of the ills that flesh is heir to.

Turpentine fomentations relieve almost any pain due to inflammation Used as a rubefacient, that is to say, rubbed on locally, it is very efficacious in rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, bronchitis, pleuracy, perotinitis and tympanites, this latter means drumlike swellings. Thus it is decidedly helpful in typhoid fever where there is a tympanitic abdomen. In five or ten drop doses it is efficient when in tympanitic abdomen there is a hemorrhage or is not, but when there is a dry brown-fissured tongue. In such cases it should also be used as an enema, properly diluted. In any case of internal hemorrhage, it should be used.

As a remedy against worms; turpentine should be given in comparatively large doses and in proper time should be followed by castor oil.

Relief is obtained in chronic affections of the larnyx and bronchial tubes by the inhalation of steam surcharged with the fumes of turpentine. It is a quick and reliable respiratory stimulant in teaspoonful doses. To sterilize nail thrusts and puncture wounds, turpentine and hot water are thoroughly effective. For this purpose the turpentine should be ozonized by leaving a bottle of it for some time uncorked. The bottle should be wide mouthed.

In phosphorus poisoning, turpentine is very useful. The French acid oil is preferable, as it is old and is largely ozonized. In salivation turpentine is a good remedy. It would naturally seem that this would be irritating, but on the contrary, the effect upon the mucous membranes of the mouth is soothing and salutary.

In bladder and kidney troubles, turpentine stimulates the cystorenal function, leaving behind an antiseptic effect. Large doses are purgative and if not quickly eliminated, are liable to produce strangury—painful urination in drops.

It has been said that turpentine in large doses has an ecbolic effect—producing absorption or assisting in childbirth. But this is doubtful.

Anyhow, turpentine, like eucalyptus oil, any many other simple productions of that kind, are good, old-fashioned remedies that our grandmothers used effectively, before new diseases and new drugs had been invented.

Club Notes

Dear Doctor:—Please tell me of a remedy for enlarged liver. My side hurts most of the time. What is best to eat? Have been troubled a little with gall stones. Have lost over 30 pounds in the last few months.

For two weeks do as follows: Every night before retiring, take two tablespoonfuls of pure olive oil, and upon arising in the morning take one teaspoonful of cream of tartar in half a glass of water. If there are any gall stones, this will clean them out, and will also relieve your liver of a great amount of work, and aid in restoring it to normal condition. You should then very carefully select your diet; use very little of concentrated foods, but plenty of juicy fruits and vegetables, and drink from one to three quarts of water daily.

Dear Doctor:—I have had for several years, a skin disease, commonly known as blackheads. It never affects any part of my face except my forehead, but it is now on my chest and back. Please prescribe treatment, diet, etc. F. E. K.

Blackheads is not as a rule due to dietitic errors, although an excess of pork, buckwheat and syrup may aggravate the condition. In some cases, the difficulty is aggravated by being around a hot stove or where there is an abundance of steam. This causes the little sweat glands to open and become thoroughly relaxed, so that they do not close readily, then a little dirt lodges inside of the opening and clogs it up. The perspiration, in attempting to escape, is held back by the dirt, and forms a hard lump of mass, which upon being squeezed out looks like a worm with a black head. It is not, however, but is simply accumulated waste matter with a little dirt at one end of it. Every night before retiring you should very thoroughly wash your face with a mild antiseptic soap and soft water, after which apply the following solution: One ounce commercial (32 per cent) acetic acid, 2 ounces witch hazel, 1-2 ounce glycerine. This will cause a little smarting but you can put it on without any fear of injuring the skin. Let it remain on 15 or 20 seconds, then rub the face thoroughly with a soft cloth. You will find that a great deal of dirt which has been left on the skin by the soap and water will readily come out. You will be surprised at the amount of dirt you will get off in this way. After rubbing carefully, apply the liquid again and leave it on. The next morning you will find the skin looking cleaner and much clearer, and it will be soft and flexible. Wash every night before going to bed with soft water and a mild soap, and apply the acetic acid solution two or three times per week only.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, La Porte, Indiana, U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

New York, March 23.—The statement for the clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $13,344,900 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $2,297,900 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

What About Your Husband?

PERHAPS you worry day after day because he drinks. You are never sure of him. There is always that feeling of impending evil, always the uncertainty of his condition and you dread his coming home inebriated.

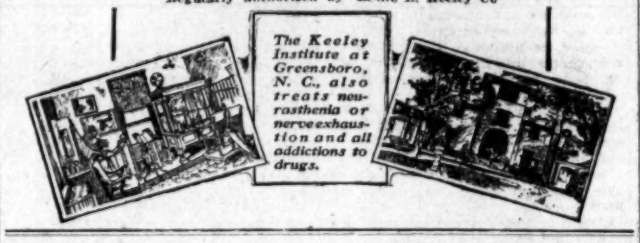
You can take away those fears. Send him to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C. Four weeks of treatment at our homelike sanitarium will take away his appetite for liquor. We will kill his craving for alcohol and send him back to you a new man in every sense of the word—with a firmer step and a brighter eye. We'll make him the same man he was before he started drinking.

There is a personality behind the treatment that is administered at the Keeley Institute of Greensboro, N. C., that rebuilds the moral forces of the patient. There is a modern institution with every appliance and spacious grounds to rebuild his physical and nervous tissues, and there is a fellowship that will give him a firmer grip upon himself.

Write us today, in all confidence, for our descriptive book. Let us give you absolute proof of our ability to help you.

W. H. OSBORN, Pres.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
GREENSBORO N. C.
Regularly authorized by Leslie E. Keeley Co



The Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., also treats neurasthenia or nerve exhaustion and all addictions to drugs.

Easter Clothing

For Men and Boys

Boys' Split-hip Knickerbocker Suits, sizes from 4 to 18 years, price, from $3.00 to $14.00. The swellest line of Boys' Clothing in the State.

Men's Coat and Pants New Spring styles, Serges, Mohairs, Cashmiers, all new designs of sincerety make, price from $10.00 to $27.50, all displayed in our new way cabinets and it's a pleasure to show them to you.

5 and 10 Dry Goods—We can save you 2 1-2 to 5 per yard.

75c. Al-Wool Serges and Mohair colors, Navy Cream, Grey, this week 48c.

15c. Long Cloth, 12 yards, price $1.20.

7c. Shirtings, light and dark colors for 5c.

Yard-wide Homespun, 5c.

J. W. H. FUCHS

28 South Front Street.

MARCH BREEZES

We have made special preparation to make March the breeziest, busiest, best month of the year.

On the going out of business of the Globe House Furniture Co., the largest manufacturers in High Point, we stepped to the front with the cash. We have nearly two solid car loads of their goods in Dressers, Wash Stands, Beds, Chiffoniers, Buffets and Sideboards, all quartered oak which we can sell at the price the factory formerly sold at.

Chairs, Rockers, Morris Chairs.

We recently bought and brought to the city one and a half solid car loads of the dropped patterns from Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Co., Baltimore. These are the largest manufacturers of chairs in the world. Every piece of their goods bears their mark, which is a guarantee of quality. These are to be sold at and below manufacturers' wholesale price.

Iron Beds.

Yes! From the Simmons Manufacturing Co., the largest makers of Iron Beds in America. The patterns are good, only dropped because they had too many patterns. Will be sold at and below the regular wholesale price at the factory.

Rugs and Art Squares.

Bright, nobby, attractive goods in Brussells, Velvets, Colonial and Wilton Velvets and Axminsters, floral and Orientals from the looms of Alex. Smith & Sons, not dropped because bad patterns, but only for a change. These to go for less than wholesale prices.

This proves what money and buying tact are worth to a business.

Wilmington Furniture Co.

"A JOY FOREVER"

is a pretty lawn or a garden, but it is also a fact that useful things are likewise in that class. Try our

GARDEN HOSE, BALL-BEARING LAWN MOWERS AND GARDEN SETS

and get a Sorosis Prize.

PECK & HOLLOWAY

'Phone 612.

CHALLENGE NOT ACCEPTED.

Governor Wilson Stands for Presidential Primary Not Other Candidates.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—Only Woodrow Wilson among the Democratic aspirants for the Presidency has endorsed the Presidential preference primary. As yet neither Speaker Clark, Governor Harmon, Chairman Underwood, or any of the others except Governor Wilson has suggested that the nomination be left to the will of the Democratic voters. The challenge issued by Mr. W. F. McCombs, of the Wilson campaign managers for a Presidential primary, has not been taken up by any of Wilson's opponents. Neither Clark nor Harmon nor Underwood is on record in favor of the election and instruction of delegates to the National convention by a vote of the party voters.

On the other hand, Governor Wilson is plain spoken in advocacy of the Presidential primary. He believes in the direct primary as the cure for the evils of bossism and machine politics and he believes that it should govern the nomination of all candidates for office from President down to constable.

That this advocacy of a Presidential primary is not a new thing engendered by Governor Wilson's present Nation-wide popularity and taken up as a sure means to get the nomination, is proved by the fact that it was a feature of the first legislative fight Governor Wilson undertook after he became Governor of New Jersey. Since Governor Wilson is the only Democratic candidate who is a candidate in every State of the Union, and since he is opposed by a field that has divided the States in sections and are allied against him, his friends naturally believe that a primary would nominate him. His enemies believe the same thing, that is why they are not for the primary, and that is why no reply has been received to the McCombs challenge.

But no such motive of expediency can be assigned as explaining Governor Wilson's attitude. When he was elected Governor and the Legislature convened, his first fight was to persuade the Legislature to respect the will of the party voters who had nominated James E. Martine for Senator in a direct primary. James Smith, Jr., the old-time boss whom President Cleveland had connected with the perfidy and dishonor of the emasculation of the Wilson Tariff Bill, wanted to set aside the primary and come back to the Senate. Governor Wilson stood for the primary and won.

The next thing he did was to get a bill introduced to change the election laws and to provide for direct primaries for every officer from President down to constable. The machine leaders told him they wouldn't let it pass, and a Democratic conference was called to vote the bill down. The bosses had the votes to do it, too. That is, they had them when the conference was called.

Governor Wilson got himself invited to the conference. He made a three-hour speech in favor of the direct primary bill. When he had finished, the conference that had met to vote the bill down voted it up as a party measure and carried it on to victory. The people and not the bosses, therefore, will instruct delegates in New Jersey this year. It was an effective speech and it showed not only the power of Governor Wilson's logical eloquence, but also it showed how deep is his faith in the people, how firm is his conviction that nominations ought to be made by the voters in primaries, and not left to coteries of bosses and machine leaders working behind closed doors, even when they work according to "the rules of the game."

SIGNIFICANT RESULTS.

January Railway Receipts Fall Off While Expenses Increase.

Official returns for the month of January received by the Inter-State Commerce Commission up to March 14th, covering about 93 per cent. of the steam railway mileage of the country, show that the total operating revenues for that month were $203,143,118, and the operating expenses $158,911,489. In comparison with January, 1911, this is a decrease of $2,886,149 in operating revenues and an increase of $4,205,871 in operating expenses.

Net operating revenue amounted to $44,231,629, which is less than for January, 1911, by $7,092,020. This is an average decrease of $34 per mile of line for the month, or 15 per cent.; and an average decrease per mile for each day of the month of $1.11, the net operating revenues averaging $6.26 per mile per day in January, 1912, as compared with $7.37 for January, 1911. The decrease was most serious in the South, where it amounted to 19 4-10ths per cent.; almost as serious in the West, where it amounted to 17.7 per cent.; in the East it was 10.7 per cent. These net operating revenues are gross profits, out of which must come taxes, rentals, interest on bonds, appropriations for betterments, and dividends.

Taxes for January amounted to $9,079,337, an average of $42 per mile.

These results for January summarize for all the railways per mile of line for the month as follows: Total operating revenues decreased 2.8 per cent.; operating expenses increased 1.3 per cent.; net operating revenues decreased 15 per cent.; taxes increased 11.7 per cent.

The foregoing compilations are taken from the summary of revenues and expenses of the railways for January issued by the Bureau of Railway Economics. This summary also states that the net operating revenue per mile of line for January, 1911, was 7 per cent. less than for January, 1910. Therefore, the average net operating revenue per mile of line for January, 1912, was over one-fifth less than for January, 1910.

SWEET GUM AND MULLEIN

Best Medicine for Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Whooping Cough and All Lung or Throat Troubles.

Sweet Gum.

During 50 years' trial Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein has cured thousands of the worst cases of coughs, colds, whooping cough, croup, sore throat, sore lungs, hoarseness, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein has saved many a man or woman from consumption. The grand effect of sweet gum and mullein on the inflamed membranes is well known. It was used by our grandmothers with wonderful effect. It is good today as ever. Druggists, 25c and 50c.

Mullein.

Take no substitute. Manufactured only by Haltiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga. Send for Confederate Veterans' Souvenir Book, Free.

STATEMENT.

The Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

Condition December 31, 1911, as shown by Statement Filed.

Amount of Capital paid up in cash	$ 750,000.00
Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st of previous year, $—; increase of paid-up capital, —; Total	7,623,345.15
Income — From Policyholders, $3,490,262.57; Miscellaneous, $333,058.53; Total	3,823,321.10
Disbursements—To Policyholders, $2,135,820.75; Miscellaneous, $1,567,224.35; Total	3,703,045.10
Fire Risks—Written or renewed during year, $424,300,918; In force	677,287,985.00
Assets.	
Value of Real Estate	$ 180,377.07
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	194,500.00
Loans on other than first lien.	125,587.34
Value of Bonds and Stocks	6,460,443.36
Cash in Company's Office	1,328.64
Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks not on interest	20,000.00
Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks on Interest	99,124.87
Agents' balances, representing business written subsequent to October 1, 1911	627,133.94
Agents' balances, representing business written prior to October 1, 1911	26,126.03
Interest and Rents due and accrued	88,224.64
Total	$7,831,645.79
Less Assets not admitted	200,546.70
Total admitted Assets	$7,622,099.09
Liabilities.	
Net amount of unpaid losses and claims	$ 352,746.48
Ledger Liabilities	909,123.31
Unearned Premiums	$3,331,386.71
State, county and municipal taxes due or accrued	30,000.00
Commissions, brokerage and other charges due to to become due to agents and brokers	8,364.45
Total amount of Liabilities, except Capital	$4,631,620.85
Capital Actually paid up in Cash	750,000.00
Surplus as regards Policyholders	2,420,478.24
Total Liabilities	$7,622,099.00

Business in North Carolina During 1911.

Fire Risks written, $2,629,759; Premiums received, $ 35,833.31

Losses incurred—Fire, $17,203.01; Paid 18,309.31

President, R. D. Benson; Secretary, W. G. Crowell; Home Office, 510 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Attorney for service, S. M. Boatwright, Wilmington, N. C.; Business Manager for North Carolina, W. E. Chapin, Atlanta, Ga.

State of North Carolina—Insurance Department, Raleigh, February 26, 1912.

I, James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of The Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1912.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and date above written.

JAMES R. YOUNG,
Insurance Commissioner.

mh17-su2t

STATEMENT.

Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company, Hamburg, Germany.

Condition December 31, 1911, as shown by Statement Filed.

Amount of Capital paid up in cash (deposit)	$ 205,000.00
Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st of previous year, $—; Increase of paid-up capital, $—; Total	1,974,675.40
Income — From Policyholders, $1,351,970.71; Miscellaneous, $187,348.27; Total	1,539,318.98
Disbursements—To Policyholders, $796,564.41; Miscellaneous, $788,591.65; Total	1,585,156.06
Fire Risks—Written or renewed during year, $173,562,485; In force	251,495,848.00
Assets.	
Value of Bonds and Stocks	$1,660,330.00
Deposited in Trust Companies and Banks on interest	56,461.60
Agents' balances, representing business written subsequent to October 1, 1911	231,111.50
Agents' balances, representing business written prior to October 1, 1911	6,872.42
Interest and Rents due and accrued	23,012.72
Total	$1,977,768.24
Less Assets not admitted	6,852.42
Total admitted Assets	$1,970,915.82
Liabilities.	
Net amount of unpaid losses and claims	$ 186,200.00
Unearned Premiums	1,173,916.80
Salaries, rents, expenses, bills, accounts, fees, etc., due or accrued	7,500.00
State, county and municipal taxes due or accrued	27,500.00
Commissions, brokerage and other charges due or to become due to agents and brokers	4,673.61
All other Liabilities as detailed in statement	4,110.04
Total amount of Liabilities, except Capital	1,403,960.45
Capital Actually paid up in Cash (deposit)	205,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities	361,955.37
Total Liabilities	$1,970,915.82

Business in North Carolina During 1911.

Fire Risks written, $2,581,260.00; Premiums received $ 45,816.05

Losses incurred—Fire, $14,278.26; Paid 15,198.26

President, H. R. Minchmeyer; Secretary, F. O. Affeld, U. S. Manager; Home Office, In United States, William street, New York; Attorney for service, S. M. Boatwright, Wilmington, N. C.; Business Manager for North Carolina, Jno. W. Gordon, Richmond, Va.

State of North Carolina—Insurance Department, Raleigh, March 10, 1912.

I, James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Hamburg Bremen Insurance Company, of Hamburg, Germany, filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1911.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and date above written.

JAMES R. YOUNG,
Insurance Commissioner.

mh17-su2t

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage made by William E. Worth and wife to the Co-Operative Building & Loan Association, registered in Book 59, page 370, and assigned and transferred to me, the undersigned, by deed of assignment duly registered on the records of New Hanover County, I will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Monday, the 6th day of May, 1912, at twelve o'clock M., at the front door of the Court House of New Hanover County, in Wilmington, N. C., the following described property, subject to the homesteady right of William E. Worth, to wit:

Beginning in Southern line of Dock street 121 feet West of Western line of Front Street, runs West along Southern line of Dock street 94 feet 9 inches, to Water Street; thence South along Easern line of Water Street 61 feet to Potts' Alley; thence East along Northern line of Potts' Alley 94 feet 9 inches; thence North parallel with Water Street 61 feet to the beginning.

This 19th of March, 1912.

W. GRAHAM HERRING.

mh21-30d

Globe-Wernicke
SECTIONAL BOOKCASES AND FILING CABINETS
FOR SALE BY
C. W. YATES & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING THOUGHTS

(By T. W. C.)

What is adversity but a chance for a man to dare?

* * *

Adversity, what is it but a schooling, a toughening, a taking of the kinks out of the backbone?

* * *

Compliance with the will of God always produces joy in the heart. Joy springs from obedience to the Master's will by the servant or steward.

* * *

The constant recognition of God as owner, the constant acknowledging of him as the bestower of all good, and that we are stewards entrusted with his bounty, will cultivate joy in the heart.

* * *

Men perish for want of a vision, and men fail to go and present the vision for want of funds, and men fail to furnish the funds for lack of conviction, because God's claim has not been presented by men of conviction.

* * *

Cheered by the presense of God, I will do at each moment, without anxiety, according to the strength which he shall give me, the work that has providence assigns me. I will leave the rest without concern; it is not my affair.

* * *

Joy is the fruit of faithfulness. Joy is the reward of obedience. Joy is the product of compliance with the terms of the trust. Joy is the sense of satisfaction that rises in the heart when sense of satisfaction that rises in the heart when duty is well done and the Master has passed His hearty commendation, "Well done, good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of the Lord."

* * *

Some time ago I saw, on a pastor's desk, a metal box containing ten compartments, one for every day in the week and three over. Upon asking what it was for, the pastor said. "It is my daily reminder." As we left the house we noticed that he looked at his box and picked up a card. Immediately he said, "Wait a moment, I must call up Mr. —— by phone, I nearly forgot it." It was evident then what the device was for. Many a pastor would do his work better and more promptly if he had one of these boxes.

* * *

In the Book, then is the sentence—"take my yoke upon you." The oxen ploughed in couples, sharing the yoke. The burden, which would have been irritating, wounding, exhausting, if dragged by a single ox, became tolerable when shared by two. And so a yoke was just a curved wooden collar by which a pair of oxen were joined together for the purpose of drawing a wagon or a plough.

The all-significant matter to reminder is this: the yoke is an implement for two, and in the double pull the yoke becomes easy and the burden light.

* * *

Christ's yoke is not a collar of obligations, a responsibility slipped upon our single neck, in which we are then sent forth to plough our lonely furrow in the heavy field.

Christ has no single collars; he deals only in yokes. If we are wearing a single collar, and straining at our load, the collar is of our own fashioning; we have not obtained it from the hands of Christ. The Lord's collars are yokes fashioned for two, and He Himself is always one of the two.

* * *

The significance of the Master's appeal is this: "Take off that single collar Exchange it for this yoke, and let me share the burden with you."

The offering of a yoke is the gracious offer of partnership. It is the tender purpose of the Lord that we should pull our loads in fellowship with Him. But we decline the partnership; we work in single collar; and our necks are galled and our strength is broken. We "labor and are heavy laden" We are like the laboring ox, straining, fainting, falling, burdened to the point of pain, crushed beyond endurance. Such are the deadly effects of the single collar. Life becomes irksome and burdensome; our spirits become irritable and despondent under the burden. There is no spring in our goings, and our days are gray and commonplace.

* * *

Life is not intended to be a bloody tragedy, its roads choked with fainting souls dropping beneath their load. Life is purposed to be right and buoyant, with gleams of innocent comedy and its night-time filled with songs.

There are a multitude of burdened men and women carrying loads beyond their strength. The pilgrim's way is loud with groans and sighs.

Where is the dance of the vintage? Where is the song of the harvest home? God's children are fainting on the long road; they are dropping at the hill. What is there wrong? It is the fault of the single collar. We are resolving life into individualism when it was purposed to be a fellowship. We are making it merely human when it was intended to be divine. We are wearing a single collar when it was intended that we should wear the yoke.

* * *

Here is a man ploughing a bit of heavy land. It is a patch of desert abounding in scrub, or it is a stretch of unclean soil, filled with wiry roots of ancient custom and tradition. Or it is a plot where everything seems unyielding, and the plough can make no headway. And the strain tires the spirit; the heart loses its optimism; and the will becomes lax and irresolute. He "labors and is heavy laden". Work of this kind is a very hopeless labor; it is positively heart-breaking if it be attempted in a single collar.

And so the Master speaks to such a man, and says, "take off that collor; share my yoke with me. Let me follow in thy labor. Take me into partnership; let us do that long, heavy furrow together. Let me bring the power of the resurrection into it. For my yoke is easy and my burden is light."

* * *

Here is another man dragging the burden of constant commonplace. When life is full of changes, the changes themselves may provide a rest. The change brings other muscles in to play. It is restful even to lift the eyes away from the detailed work, and allow them to roam over wider space.

But some lives are burdened by a fearful monotony. There is the monotony of waking to the unchanging programme; there is the monotony of the road to work; there is the monotony of the work itself. There is the monotony of the return—a gray, gray road. Gray, gray, gray, forever gray—never a change to scarlet or blue! Every morning the same gray load on the same gray road, the journey to begin at the metallic stroke of the clock, and at the metallic stroke of the clock to cease.

* * *

And, O, the sighs that rise along that road! The old, old round! And often it is so hard to drag along, and the ox-like soul staggers and faints.

What shall we say about it? We were never intended to drag along that gray road in the harness of a single collar. Let the man try what will happen if he changes the single collar for the yoke of the Lord. It is not only that the load will become lighter, but the road will become brighter.

What a difference a companion makes to one's pilgrimage. I said to a couple of pedestrians, "Did you see Warwick's gloomy prison as you came along?" "No", was the answer. But then they were two lovers, and their absorption in each other made them immune to the gloom.

And I hmgiht say to many a soul "Was not that a bit of monotonous road at noon today?" Or, "Was not that a wearisome struggle in the evening?" And the answer would be, "I never noticed it. I felt like singing all the time." But then, these people are lovers, and their companion lover is the Lord They shared a common yoke and walked a common road.

* * *

Of course, we all know that God has sent us into this world not to be miserable and discontended, but to be happy. But there are times in which we have no right to do what we like—when you have lessons to learn and you yourself would rather go and play—when it is time to get up in the morning and self is lazy, and you decide, "Oh! I'll have ten minutes more in bed"—when self is greedy and wants to grasp all the nice things that are going. "Oh!" you say, "I do wish the temptations that come to me were not always so pleasant; one is always tempted to a nice thing." Why, of course, there would be no temptation if we were not enticed by something that seems delicious and entrancing.

* * *

Let me add only this. that the man who lives to be happy is really much less likely to be happy than the man who tries to be good. You say, "I can't understand that," But it is true. If a man seeks to be happy before anything else, he is much less likely to find happiness than the man who says, "I will be true, whatever happens."

I cannot explain it, but I think that it is a little like this: Suppose you had nothing but holidays with no work at all, don't you think that you would very soon get tired of play? I am sure of it.

Heaven is not the reward of those who seek to be happy, but of those who try to be good.

* * *

Among the mountains of Switzerland, where the difficulties and dangers of travelers are great, they have a way of binding a group of adventurers together. Before they commence the slippery and perilous ascent, a strong cord is bound around the waist of each, and all are then tied together; so that every one helps the others, and if a brother slips the others pull him up again. Just so helpful have the ties of Christian church relationship been found to multitudes of members as they have felt the uplift of mutual sympathy, the onpush of united effort and the inspiration of a common purpose and love. And there are so many difficulties in the Christian life that we really need all the help we can get. The church may have some faults, but we venture the opinion that seldom will you find a professing Christian who will not say that he was strengthened and helped by uniting himself with God's people. Blessed, very blessed, are all they who find a home in God's house!

* * *

The church is a place of sympathy and fraternal help. God calls his church a family. He intends that each individual church shall be a family where are found love and sympathy and mutual helpfulness. It is one of the tests of discipleship that if we love God we will love our brethren also. And let us not forget that, notwithstanding all that is said to the contrary by the enemies of Christ, there is a sympathy and a love, there is a spirit of encouragement and of helpfulness, found among the members of Christ's church that is not found in the outside world. The church has faults enough, and does not profess to be perfect; but one of the first commendations of her early days was the remark of her enemies: "See how these Christians love one another." And, despite all the flings to the contrary, the time has never come yet when her members cannot truly sing:

"Blest be the tie that binds
Our hearts in Christian love."

* * *

A Hindu girl who has been some time in a mission school was married and went to a home in a place some distance from the city of her girlhood. A Christian lady was asked to find her to present the greetings of her former teachers. She was still in Hindu surroundings. Her home-life, however, was far above that of her neighbors. In bidding farewell to this former pupil of the mission school, the visitor said: "I shall write to say I have seen you. Have you a message of cheer about yourself which I can give to your former teachers?" "Tell them," was the answer. "that I always repeat the Lord's prayer as I light the lamps of my home in the twilight." The teachings of one's childhood are not forgotten, even under unfavorable surroundings.

THE TEST OF TIME

is a sure test by which to gauge the efficacy of any remedy for human ailments, whether advertised or ethically prescribed by a physician.

A medicine that has stood the test of time is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Its intrinsic merit has been proven by the fact that for nearly forty years it has been relieving womankind from suffering and has constantly grown in popularity. The demand for it today is larger than that of any similar remedy in the world.

This famous remedy for female ills has proved to be of incalculable value to hundreds of thousands of American women.

A personal victory has nothing to do with it, by George! The country has got to be saved, and that's all there is to it.—Indianapolis News.

GOTHAM TO BE ART CENTRE

Plans for Great Museum—Morgan Treasures—Overthrow of Roosevelt Theory—Remarkable Lighthouse.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, March 23.—That New York in the near future will become the possessor of the greatest art museum in the country and in all probability in the world, far surpassing the famous foreign galleries is now becoming assured. By many this is looked upon as a most significant step in the movement which they believe will eventually make this city the art center of the world.

The arrival here of a portion of the wonderful Morgan art collection has brought to an acute crisis a situation which has been impending for a number of years, that is, the proper housing of the city's art treasures. At present there is no adequate place for the exhibition even of that portion of the Morgan collection which has arrived and even the completion of the new wing of the famous Metropolitan Museum of Art will afford only partial relief. Accordingly concerted action is now being taken looking to the establishment of the greatest museum of its kind in the world and already three plans have been suggested. The first contemplates additions to the present museum at a cost of something like $4,000,000, but objection is made to this because of the fact that it would require about 15 acres of land now used as part of Central Park and blot it out from Fifth Avenue for a distance of six blocks. A second plan contemplates the removal of the museum from Central Park to an adjacent site. but the cost of so doing would run so far into the millions as to make the price prohibitive. The third plan, which seems most feasible as being free from the objections to the other two proposes to drain the great reservoir in the heart of Central Park and erect in it a great group of buildings surrounded by sunken gardens and carried out in every detal in the most splendid manner. This plan it is pointed out, would not only save the park intact, but would minimize expense and provide ample room. The reservoir is now surrounded by a 16-foot wall, and this, broken only with entrances and exits, it is proposed to cover with vines. This plan has already met with much favor and if carried through will undoubtedly give to this city an art center of unsurpassed beauty and facilities. Even the world famous Luxembourg and Tuileries galleries have no such great natural advantages as those available under the new plan which may eventually make New York the art center of the world.

* * *

In spite of his political activities and the approach of the National Convention, Col. Roosevelt has found time to get into a controversy with a well known artist and naturalist over the question of which colors make an animal most easily seen in the jungle, and which render the most efficient protection from the eyes of its natural enemies. The two differ widely on this question and as a result, although the term "nature fakir" has not been resurrected and brought into the controversy, New York has been witnessing some ingenuious and amusing tests, which have been conducted in Central Park in an effort to settle the matter. Col. Roosevelt holds that the stripes of the zebra and the spots of the leopard make them conspicuous in their native haunts, and that the drab gray of the wild ass makes it difficult of discovery, while his adversary takes exactly the opposite stand. To prove his contention Col. Roosevelt's opponent proceeded to demonstrate that the stripes of the zebra make it inconspicuous. He secured a number of specimens of zebras and wild asses, all of them stuffed and placed them about twilight at unknown points in the jungle in Central Park. A number of persons were then called upon to impersonate lions by crouching on the ground, and to see which animals they could discover first. The queer test showed that in every case the stripes of the zebra served to confuse the eye and make it almost indistinguishable, whereas the wild ass with his monochrome coloring was easily and clearly seen. In view of the fact that one of the subjects used, and the one which caused the overthrow of the Colonel's theories, is practically the same as the one which has an intimate pictorial connection with one of the great political parties, local politicians who believe in hunches are wondering whether the outcome of the test may be taken as an indication of the outcome of the next election.

* * *

Fishermen in this vicinity who in the near future find themselves hauling up a cod with a revolver grasped in his teeth, or a weakfish with a sword tucked under one fin, need not fear that they have been partaking too freely of the bait, that the finny denizens have begun to arm themselves in self defense, or even that the tale of such a catch will be looked upon with any more suspicion than the average fish story. Indeed, it will be entitled to more credence, as the result of the biggest burial at sea of firearms and other murderous weapons in the history of the city. No less than 16,000 weapons of various kinds, most of them revolvers, which the police have taken from criminals and suspicious characters in this city and which have been accumulating at headquarters for years, were unceremoniously loaded aboard a police boat this week, taken 20 miles out to sea, and dumped overboard in 80 feet of water from which only fish will be able to bring them up. In the collection there were pistols and revolvers of all makes and ages, from old fashioned single shot affairs, newest magazine revolvers and army revolvers to the tiny pearl handled revolvers of about two inches in length, those which are carried by women in their stockings. All kinds of sabres, swords, including two Japanese "Katana" (swords of Samurai) was there, while fencing foils, can openers, pen knives, sword canes, sandbags and clubs were represented in large numbers. The collection was conservatively valued at $15.000 and many were the protests over its destruction. Under the law, however, no other course was possible.

* * *

By the middle of next month New York will have in operation one of the queerest lighthouses on record, that is so far as location goes. While these mariners' guides are usually located either on the seacoast or on rocks or small islands at sea, the new one which is soon to begin twinkling is located in a densely wooded portion of Staten Island, and is about two and a half miles in shore. The reason for this seemingly strange location lies in the fact that by taking the lighthouse inland it has been possible to erect it on a hill which will give it an elevation of 231 feet, much greater than the height which could have been obtained had it been erected on the shore. As a result of its altitudinous location it will be possible to see the light for a distance of 21 miles at sea. Only the Navesink electric light, which flashes every five seconds, can be seen further than the new beacon, its range being 21 miles. The new lighthouse practically completes the safety equipment of the great seven miles long Ambrose channel leading in from the sea, as this work is finished except for the "trimming" or finishing off. In addition to the lighthouses which safeguard this monster waterway it is also equipped with a wonderful system of buoys. At each turn of the channel there is a ten-ton acetylene gas buoy which flashes every few seconds and burns day and night for six months without attention. The sides of the channel are marked with buoys, which show a fixed light for four months. The only part of the channel indeed which may cause anxiety is the bottom, for although the minimum depth is forty feet speculation is already rife as to how much longer this will be sufficient to accommodate the largest vessels of the near future.

A movement to provide this country with the most gorgeous night spectacle in the world is now underway her in the shape of a proposal for the illumination by night of the waters of Niagara Falls by means of huge electric searchlights and projectors. Already a bill has been introduced at Albany providing for an appropriation of $50,000 for the construction and equipment of an electrical plant, provided, however, that no part of this sum shall be available unless the government of the province of Ontario, which has prepared a similar bill, appropriates an equal amount for the same purpose. Should the plan prove successful there is no doubt that the great silvery sheets of illuminated water pouring over the falls would constitute an eighth wonder of the world. The electrical illumination will be by no means an experiment since about five years ago some $35,000 was raised for a temporary illumination, and photographs taken at that time gave some idea of the wonderful effect produced. Estimates have been prepared by electrical experts, based in part on the experiment of five years ago, and it has been ascertained that the permanent construction and installation of the electrical plant will cost $100,000 and that the cost of operation and maintenance will be $5,000. The estimate is based on the understanding that the power companies of Niagara Falls will give the electric current, and they have given the assurance that they are willing to do this. LONGACRE.

Husband's Hair

How About it, Madam, is it Falling Out or Growing Thin?

Most husbands are careless regarding their hair—many are skeptical regarding hair tonics, restorers and the like.

It is only when their hair comes out in combs full that they really sit up and take notice.

If your husband's hair is falling; if he has dandruff or scalp itch, don't let it make a baldhead of him, get a 50 cent bottle of PARISIAN SAGE today, rub it on his hair every night until dandruff goes, hair stops falling and the new growth appears. Then use it every other night until the hair is thick and abundant. PARISIAN SAGE is a delightful, refreshing hair dressing for men, women and children. It will do as advertised, or your money back. Girl with auburn hair on every carton and bottle. Sold by Robt. R. Bellamy and dealers everywhere.

MICHELIN QUICK DETACHABLE

Tire-fitting is not always the easy task motorists could wish, but the Michelin Tire Company has minimized the difficulty with the introduction of its 1912 Quick-Detachable Clincher. An important advantage of this tire is that it is very easy to put on any Quick-Detachable rim. It eliminates the necessity for laborious fitting. It simply drops on the rim without forcing and without the use of tools.

Another feature is the elimination of the inside envelope flap or tube protector, which has usually been considered a necessary evil. The absence of protectors simplifies the fitting of inner tubes, reducing the danger of pinching, as well as the labor formerly involved when protectors were necessary.

The Michelin Quick-Detachable Clincher is shaped full and round. The tread is bfoad and flat. The side walls are properly porportioned to assure maximum durability without sacrificing resiliency.

It is believed by the Michelin Company that car owners will appreciate a tire of advanced design that at once removes several of the old vexations of motoring.

To Mothers—And Others

You can use Bucklen's Arnica Salve to cure children of eczema, rashes, tetter, chafings, scaly and crusted humors, as well as their accidental injuries—cuts, burns, bruises, etc., with perfect safety. Nothing else heals so quickly. For boils, ulcers, old, running or fever sores or piles it has no equal. 25 cents at Robt. R. Bellamy's.

PLENTY OF PROOF

From People You Know—From Wilmington Citizens.

The greatest skeptic can hardly fail to be convinced by evidence like this. It is impossible to produce better proof of merit than the testimony of residents of Wilmington, of people who can be seen at any time. Read the following case of it:

Mrs. W. W. Mince, 712 Vollers St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I am very thankful to Doan's Kidney Pills for the great benefit I received from their use. For a long time kidney trouble clung to me and I was caused great annoyance by the kidney secretions. My back ached and I did not seem able to get a minute's peace. Some days I was hardly able to move around to attend to my work. At last I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills from Bellamy's Drug Store and they restored me to good health." (Statement given February 24, 1908.)

Endorses Doan's Again.

Mrs. Mince was interviewed on December 27, 1910, and she said: "I can still speak highly of Doan's Kidney Pills and recommend them as being good for kidney trouble. During the past two years I have taken this remedy and it always has a prompt and beneficial effect."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

S.S.S. NATURE'S TONIC

The very great majority of persons need a tonic in the Spring or early Summer. The system undergoes a change at this season and the entire physical machinery is disturbed. The general bodily weakness, a tired, worn-out feeling, fickle appetite, poor digestion, a half sick feeling and a general run-down condition of the system, show that the blood is weak or anaemic, and a blood purifying tonic is needed to build up the deranged system and enrich the blood. The use of S. S. S. at this time may save you from a long spell of sickness, and it will certainly prepare you for the long, hot Summer. Many people have put off using a tonic until the system became so weakened and depleted it could not successfully throw off disease germs, and have paid for the neglect with a spell of fever, malaria or some other debilitating sickness. S. S. S. is Nature's ideal tonic. It is a composition of the extracts and juices of roots, herbs and barks which science and experience have proven are best fitted for a tonic to the human system. It contains no minerals of any kind and is therefore perfectly safe for persons of any age. S. S. S. tones up the stomach and digestion, rids the system of that tired, worn-out feeling, and imparts vigor and strength to every part of the body. It purifies and enriches the blood, stimulates the secreting and excreting members to better action, quiets the overstrained nerves, and makes one feel better in every way.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A Proposition For You:

Upon receipt of proper reference we will deliver an absolutely NEW PRINTYPE OLIVER to you and charge you Five ($5.00) Dollars per month rental. At the expiration of nineteen months, provided your rental has been paid promptly each month, we will give you the typewriter.

Now, It's Up to You

Second-hand and REBUILT Underwoods, Remingtons, Royals, L. C. Smiths, Monarchs, Smith Premiers, in fact, any kind you want at BARGAIN PRICES. All our REBUILT machines have practically the same guarntee as the manufacturers give.

CONSULT US BEFORE BUYING. MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION.

C. W. YATES & CO.

Clergy and Religious Press Endorse

MILAM FOR GOOD BLOOD

The following ministers of the gospel have used MILAM with beneficial results, and believe it to be a valuable remedy, authorize the publication of their endorsement:

Rev. J. Cleveland Hall, Rector Church of Ephiphany, Danville, Va.
Rev. R. L. McNair, Pastor Presbyterian Church, Charlotte C. H., Va.
Rev. W. W. Royal, Secretary Board of Foreign Missions, Va. Conference M. E. Church South, Norfolk, Va.
Rev. Nathan Maynard, Returned Missionary from Japan, Roanoke, Va.
Rev. L. C. Douthit, Walhalla, S. C., State Evangelist for Wesleyan Methodist Conference of N. C.
Rev. J. C. Holland, Pastor Keen St. Baptist Church, Danville, Va.
Rev. H. D. Guarrant, Methodist Minister, Danville, Va.

"The Methodist" endorses Milam.

The Methodist has never taken any stock in, or pinned its faith to, patent medicines. Indeed, many of them are takes of the highest order. Revenue for no real benefit has been the policy of the promotors of these "cure alls." There has been introduced in Danville recently a medicine that, if the testimony of some our best citizens can be accredited, has real merit. It is known as the Milam cure.

The effect of this medicine upon some of those who have been induced to try it has been marvelous as a restorer of health. The company who manufactures this remedy that has such a tremendous sale is composed of gentlemen of the highest social and moral standing in Danville. We feel that in placing the advertisement of this medicine before our readers we are rendering a service that will prove a blessing to suffering humanity.

This commendation is written without fee or reward upon the testimony of those who have been benefited by the use of the MILAM remedy.

"The Baptist" endorses Milam.

Milam is the name of a great medicine now being manufactured in Danville, and from the testimonials of some of our best citizens we can safely recommend it to our friends who are suffering with any of the diseases it proposes to cure. The men at the head of the company manufacturing this medicine can be relied on.—Rev. J. E. Hicks, in the Baptist Union.

Buy 6 bottles for $5.00 and get your money back if not benefited.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST OR WRITE
The Milam Medicine Co. Inc.
DANVILLE, VA.

The Beach Season Approaches

Electric Lights on the Beach FREE until May 15th

Property owners on the beach who have any work to do to their beach property should not delay in having this work attended to. Those who delay may have difficulty in getting their improvements done in time, for the regular season is nearly here, and there will be a great deal of building done on the beach this spring.

Plans have been made for six new buildings on the beach for this season, and it is likely that this number will be increased. Work has already begun on some of the six now planned, and the others will be started within the next few days. Four of the buildings will be located at Wrightsville Beach Extension at the northern end of the Beach.

The Tidewater Power Company makes its usual offer to furnish electric lights free until May 15th, to any of the cottage owners who may wish to occupy their cottages before that time. There are indicatications that a number of cottages will be opened very early this season.

AN INDICTMENT

The People vs. Machine Politicians

ANY MAN who can count and who has observed the trend of our present County Government can readily figure out that with the elemination of the present abuses, a saving of from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars per annum may be effected. Of course this cannot be done if the present system is endorsed, and **it becomes absolutely necessary to elect new officials whose avowed purpose it is to put our County affairs upon a business basis.**

It is a sad commentary that the people of New Hanover County have permitted themselves to tolerate the rule of a wasteful and intriguing political coterie. Boss Cox, of Cincinnati, never enjoyed a more complete dictatorship than has been exercised right here in our community. **The Taxpayer, of course, paid the freight.**

Not only that, but the dignity of the individual citizen demands from a public official the attitude of a servant rather than that of a boss. A political sage a century ago pointed to the matter enumerated above in the following manner:

> It is always dangerous to keep the offices of government filled with men linked to-gether by the same tie of interest and association. Should this ever happen, and these men acquire influence to keep themselves in office, the liberties of the people will be swallowed up in their particular interest. To prevent such a calamity the "Bill of Rights" is continually reminding you, that "Elections ought to be free and frequent," and that a rotation in office, is one of the best securities of permanent freedom.

Mr. Voter: YOU Must Decide the Issues

F. H.

NEW SOUTHERN INDUSTRIALS

Little Rock Packing Enterprises—Mattamuskeet Drainage Award — Textile Company at Charlotte and Several Others

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, March 23.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises announced in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Well Packing Co., and Little Rock Stock Yards Co., Little Rock, Ark., were incorporated with $200,000 and $25,000 capital stock, respectively, to build meat packing plant and stock yards, packing plant to have weekly capacity of slaughtering 300 cattle and 2,000 hogs.

Mattamuskeet Drainage District No. 1 and Southern Land Reclamation Co., Swan Quarter, N. C., awarded contract at $250,000 for building and equipping pumping station to drain 54,000 acres of land forming Mattamuskeet Lake; contract previously awarded for dredging to cost $210,000; bonds for $500,000 issued for this drainage project.

Kentucky Natural Gas Co., Lexington, Ky., was reported as to invest $500,000 for additional gas mains and $300,000 for additional territory, drilling wells, etc.

Homochitto Lumber Co., Brookhaven, Mass., and Scranton, Pa., was reported as to develop 75,000 acres of timber land and build band saw mill with daily capacity 150,000 feet of lumber at Monroe, Miss.

Illingworth Resinate Timber Corporation, Baltimore, Md., was incorporated with $600,000 capital stock and $100,000 bonds to build plant for chemical treatment of lumber.

E. A. Smith Manufacturing Co., Charlotte, N. C., organized with $300,000 capital stock to build mill of 15,000 spindles and 450 looms at Rhodhiss, N. C.

Highland Spruce Co., Black Mountain, N. C., was incorporated with $350,000 capital stock to develop timber properties; Asheville and Worcester men being incorporators.

Central Portland Cement Co., Kansas City, Mo., was chartered with $45,000,000 capital stock to merge 13 Portland cement manufacturing companies of Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas and Kansas.

Kosmos Portland Cement Co., Kosmosville, Ky., was reported as to erect buildings and install machinery doubling present annual output of 400,000 barrels of cement.

Harlingen Land & Water Co., Harlingen, Texas, will extend and enlarge system to irrigate 20,000 additional acres of land, cost to be $100,000.

Maryland Coal Co., New York, was reported as to expend $200,000 for improving and extending mining developments near Lonaconing, Md.

Universal Concrete Tie Co., New Orleans, was incorporated with $250,000 capital stock to manufacture concrete railway ties.

Dorothy Manufacturing Co., Dallas, N. C., was incorporated with $250,000 capital stock to manufacture cotton goods.

Little Giant Stump Puller Co., Hattiesburg, Miss., was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock to manufacture pullers.

Barber-Paschal Lumber Co., Goldston, N. C., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber.

Bladenboro Cotton Mills, Bladenboor, N. C., will erect $35,000 building, install 8,000 to 10,000 spindles, etc., costing $75,000 and equip with $15,000 steam power plant.

F. Z. Bishop, Corpus Christi, Texas, purchased a portion of King ranch near Bishop, Texas, containing 22,000 acres of fine black prairie land; is surveying into 640-acre sections and grading standard roads around each section; will market in 80-acre tracts; purchase price, more than $600,000.

Twyford Auto Manufacturing Co., Houston, was organized with $400,000 capital stock; purchased 20 acres of land with equipped machine shop, office building, etc.; later will erect additional buildings and install additional machinery.

Cannon Manufacturing Co., Concord, N. C., was reported as having awarded contract for 3-story 200x400-foot building and to increase from 30,000 to 50,000 spindles at Kannopolis, N. C., plant.

Louisville & Nashville Railroad, Clarksville, Tenn., was reported as to expend $200,000 for terminal facilities to include bridges, depots, tracks, yards, etc.

Harriman Riverside Woolen Mills, Harriman, Tenn., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to manufacture woolen goods.

Birmingham Realty Co., Birmingham, Ala., was reported as to erect 20 buildings with cold storage plant in connection; latter to cost $225,000.

Isaac and Bernard Bernheim, Louisville, Ky., purchased 3,746 acres of coal land at about $30,000.

West Virginia Border Coal Land Co., Williamson, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to develop coal properties.

Momer-Blanks Lumber Co., Lottie, La., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to manufacture lumber.

Bullychoop Gold Mining & Power Co., Atlanta, Ga., was incorporated with $500,000 capital stock to develop gold bearing land and waterpowers.

McNeel Quarrying Co., Atlanta, Ga., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to develop granite quarries.

Boone Coal & Timber Co., Huntington, W. Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to develop coal and timber land.

Johnston-McIntire Coal Co., Rosewood, W. Va., was organized with $50,000 capital stock to develop 250 acres of land; daily output 300 to 500 tons of coal.

Nineteen Miles a Second

without a jar, shock or disturbance, is the awful speed of our earth through space. We wonder at such ease of nature's movement, and so do those who take Dr. King's New Life Pills. No griping, no distress, just thorough work that brings good health and fine feelings. 25 cents at Robt. R. Bellamy's.

LOSS OF LIFE IN THE MINES

Not Making Satisfactory Progress Says Dr. Joseph A. Holmes—Lessons That Might be Learned from Disasters.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, March 23.—"We are not making satisfactory progress in reducing the loss of life in our mines," said Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, Director of the United States Bureau of Mines, today. "And we will never make this progress until we get away from theory and get down to actual practice, and develop that hearty, determined co-operation between the mine owner and the mine worker, which is absolutely essential to success.

"It would be unfortunate and unpardonable if from the many American mine disasters of the past few years we have not learned some lessons that may help to prevent or minimize future disasters, or reduce the loss of life resulting from them. Mine disasters have resulted from mine fires, gas explosions, or dust explosions, or a combination of two or all of them. The two most notable recent disasters from mine fires were the Cherry disaster of November 13, 1909, where 259 men lost their lives—the fire having started from the burning of hay in the mine stable—and the Pancoast mine disaster, near Scranton, Pa., where 72 men lost their lives from a fire which appears to have started from the inflammable material at one of the underground power stations.

"In neither of these two mine fire disasters does there appear to have been any accompanying gas or dust explosion. It is evidest that the men wre suffocated or poisoned by the gases generated from the fire, excepting, of course, the few who were killed from the heat of the fire itself.

"The two most important lessons taught by these two disasters were the risks that always attend the practice, entirely too common, of carrying inflammable materials into the mines and keeping them in the mine, and the inadequacy of the methods and equipment for fighting and extinguishing mine fires. Of course, we must have timber in the mine, and no economical method is now known for fireproofing this timber. As long as we keep mules in the mines, certain materials must be carried with which to feed them, but if baled hay must be taken into the mines for feeding purposes, it can be easily and superficially wet either by sprinkling or dipping it quickly into a tank of water, and it can be carried in closed cars. By all means the easiest way to prevent the risk of fires in mine stables is to keep these stables outside of the mine.

"In the prevention of gas explosions in the mines, the lesson which all past experience teaches as being of first importance is to sweep the gas out of the mine by means of adequate ventilation. In connection with such a ventilating system it is important that there should be duplicate fans, so that, if in any way, one is destroyed, another is immediately available. In order to prevent the destruction of the fans, they should be placed where they will not be in line of force of any explosion in the mine.

"Safety lamps and permissible or quick-flame explosives each contribute to safety. The keeping of electricity out of gaseous mines is a further wise precaution. There are number of other minor precautions that are important, but all will agree that the first essential is adequate ventilation. An unexpected outburst of gas from breaking into an old gas well or from the smaller hidden reservoirs in the coal itself, each contributes a danger which it has been found difficult to provide against in many cases, but against which every precaution should be taken. In quite a number of mines the danger from gas has been reduced by an extension of the entries far in advance of ordinary working operations, and taking the gas from the coal in advance of the ordinary mining work without overloading with it the ordinary return air currents.

"The lessons taught in the recent study of dust explosions are that the dust from practically all of the bituminous coals will explode under favorable conditions without any gas being present. They have also shown that a small gas explosion is one of the easiest ways of starting a dust explosion, which, if the mine is wet, will be a local explosion, from which many miners may escape; or if the dust is dry and abundant, there will be a general explosion, extending to every part of the mine, and killing by its own violence or its poisonous gases all the men in the mine.

"One of the important lessons taught by certain recent mine explosions is that the coal dust, while thoroughly wet, will not explode, but that with modern ventilation, and especially during cold weather, wet coal dust often becomes dry and dangerous within a few hours, and that therefore the sprinkling of coal dust once a month or once a week only gives us safe conditions for a few hours immediately following the sprinking. Indeed sprinkling occasionally is often a useless and even a dangerous practice, as it does little or no good unless done thoroughly and frequently and it often tends to make us less careful in dealing with this half-dry or dry coal dust in between the periods of sprinkling and it never reaches the other unused portions of the mines.

"Wetting coal dust through the introduction of steam along with the air current is by all means the most effective and cheapest way of moistening the coal dust during the cold weather. This steam warms the inflowing air and saturates it with moisture, which moisture is in turn deposited on and wets the coal dust in all parts of the mine where this air penetrates. This method continues through the Winter season, the natural 'sweating' process which keeps the dust wet and helps to prevent dust explosions during the Summer season.

"As far as possible the coal dust should be kept out of the mine. And what cannot be removed should be kept wet, either by liberal sprinkling or turning exhaust steam into the mine, or keeping the coal dust mixed with fine soil dust, ashes, or stone dust.

"The influence of stone dust in preventing or checking coal dust explosions is being carefully considered in France and other European countries. In many mines the stone dust is considered more effective than water. In this country stone dust has not passed beyond the experimental stage, but is worthy of serious consideration and a thorough trial."

FRISCO ROAD TRAIN.

Four Cars to be Sent Into Several Southern States.

On March 25th, 1912, a unique train will depart from Brownsville, Texas, for a four months' trip over the 'Frisco System. This will be the Good Roads Special to be operated by the 'Frisco Railway Company, the office of Public Roads, of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the American Association for Highway Improvement. It will be a train of four cars, specially equipped, and will carry lecturers and an unusual exhibit. This exhibit consists of carefully prepared models of all types of road construction from sand-clay and gravel to bituminous macadam, and of re-inforced concrete bridges and culverts, completed and under construction. It also contains miniature models of road machinery and a rock quarry, which are operated by electricity. Each model in the car is properly labeled so that the object lesson in itself affords a considerable road education. The equipment of this train even surpasses that of the four similar Good Roads trains recently operated over other railway systems in the United States.

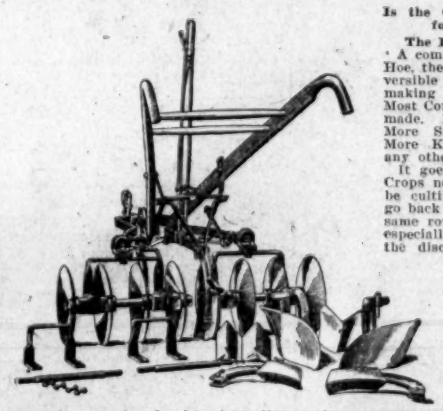
This train will cover about 15,000 miles in the States of Texas, Louisiana, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Mississippi and Alabama. A complete schedule of stops has been prepared which provides opportunity for more than 300 lectures upon good road subjects which are most intimately connected with the locality visited.

Mr. H. C. Wells, superintendent of road construction, assisted by Mr. J. W. Janssen, both of the United States office of Public Roads, will accompany the train to give good roads lectures. Their addresses will be illustrated by over 100 colored lantern slides. The representative of the American Association for Highway Improvement will effect good roads organizations where there is a desire to have them. These men are expert highway engineers and are prepared and willing to answer all questions which time permits at each stop.

Eczema Cured In 10 to 30 Days

The Paris Medicine Co., 2624 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo., manufacturers of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic and Laxative Bromo Quinine, have a new and wonderful discovery, GROVE'S SA-NARE CUTIS, which they guarantee to cure any case of ECZEMA, no matter of how long standing, in 10 to 30 days, and will refund money if it fails. This ointment is perfectly clean and does not stain. If your druggist hasn't it, send us 50c. in postage stamps and it will be sent by mail.

An Invention By a Farmer



Now equipped with eight discs and rear tooth and patent expansion lever.

Is the Greatest Labor-Saver for the Farmer.

The FRANK BEASLEY

A combination of the Horse Hoe, the Plain Tooth and Reversible Disc Cultivators — making the Very Best and Most Complete Cultivator ever made. It can be set up in More Styles and used for More Kinds of Work than any other cultivator.

It goes Between the Rows. Crops never get too large to be cultivated with it. Then go back and sow grain in the same rows with it. Draft is especially light when using the disc (because discs are small and close together), and one small horse carries it easily, working out the whole middle between two rows of any width from 2½ to 4 feet wide at only one trip, or any width from 4 to 6 feet at two trips, either working the dirt to or from the plants at any desired depth down to 4½ inches. Has extra parts for using six or eight discs at a time.

Discs can be set at any angle any other disc machine can be used.

It is especially suited for cultivating tobacco. Can also be used as a light harrow. Either 11- or 12-inch discs furnished with it.

We can also furnish the disc with attachments for using on any ordinary five-tooth cultivator. Can furnish either six or eight disc attachments, or both as one, if desired.

For prices or further information, write

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Wilmington, N. C.

25% Off

on all Men's and Boys'

Suits and Overcoats

In order to close out balance of winter goods, we offer our entire stock of fine clothing

At ONE-FOURTH OFF

their regular value.

J. W. FLEET COMPANY

One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

A NEW SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

Department in Connection With Harvard University—How It is Being Received in the World of Commerce.

Cambridge, Mass., March 23.—If anyone were asked to name two activities which would be least likely to come into direct contact with each other he might reasonably pick out an ancient and learned University and the retail boot and shoe business. As a matter of fact, these two activities are now in close and friendly relations with each other.

It came about in this way. Harvard University has recently established a Graduate School of Business Administration. Its aim is to bring business into the professions by showing young men how to reason from the individual facts of business to large general principles and how to bring their experience and intelligence to bear in advancing the general efficiency of business concerns and so directly adding to the prosperity of the country. This school has been in active operation for nearly four years. It has received enthusiastic support from many of the largesst and most far-seeing business men in the country.

One man, who became early interested in it was Mr. Arch W. Shaw, the editor of "System," a prophet of efficiency and economy in business methods. He, seeing the possibilities of this Graduate School of Business Administration, has given to it a fund to be used in research and with this fund there has been established a bureau of business research to collect information and to classify it. Here is where the connection of the University with the retail boot and shoe business begins; for when the officers of the bureau began to cast about for a Son hich looked promising for their desk, a gations, they soon decided on partme ail boot and shoe business. It week siness which is necessary, what is very widely spread, and which is my es stores of almost every size the h pe. Here, then, the bureau deat hi to begin its investigations with medi ope in the first place of getting must material in the way of actual ly fo nd then, on the basis of these what f laying out general principles for w would apply to this and other more of merchandising. From the boxes side the retail boot and shoe , so far as they have been ap- ed, have given eager welcome In appearance of Harvard Univer- plou their field. The ome ways, the retail boot and irrita usiness is simple. It deals with drag ne large class of goods and able it supplies from a single class yoke nufacturers. A grocer must deal by w kinds of products, but the basis toge boot and shoe business is leatha w or the individual boot and shoe Th however, the problems are very er is om being as simple as they look. two e last few years has seen an enorbee s increase in the variety of styles materials out of which boots and C s can be made. The manufacturli and back of them the last mak- take a very active interest in increasing the number of these varieties and with the shorter skirts now worn by women, footwear has become a much more obvious subject for the play of Fashion. There are at least ten fabrics out of which women's shoes can be made, such as cravenette, satin, canvas, and all the different kinds of leather. Besides the fabrics, the styles vary constantly, not only in general cut, but in toe, heel, instep and the shape of the top. It is said that last Summer the fashions in shoes for women changed every three weeks.

With all these changes in fashion the unfortunate retailer who has a clientele of even moderately fashionable ambitious must keep up, and keeping up means constantly ordering new goods with the risk of having goods which are out of fashion and therefore unsalable left on his hands to be turned over to the bargain sellers at perhaps 20 per cent. of their cost. No wonder that the retail boot and shoe dealer is ready for help which may come to him from any direction.

The Bureau of Business Research at Harvard has therefore had a warm welcome in the beginnings which it has made towards getting information which can be digested and then sent back to the retailers in the form of general principles. The campaign began last Summer when two officers of the School of Business Administration at Harvard went out to the Middle West armed with lists of retail dealers and letters of recommendation which would open their doors. The response was cordial to this preliminary investigation and the investigators came back in the Autumn with enough facts and ideas to make possible the drawing up of a more systematic and comprehensive scheme.

Roughly speaking, that scheme is based on a simple form of keeping accounts. This form is sent out with a careful explanation to all retailers who will agree to use it and to send at the end of the year summaries of the business done, drawn up and classified according to the form. The greatest care is taken to make the information confidential. A system of numbers is used under which not even the dean of the school knows the names of the firms who send in information. The results are tabulated and reduced to a form which can be used by the retailers.

The benefit which retailers will get out of it are two-fold. In the first place, the form will provide them with a system of bookkeeping which anybody can follow and which will make it possible for them to know the exact state of their business and its profits or losses. For example, this form provides a separate account for gross sales and for allowances on goods and for goods returned.

The advantage of separate accounts is obvious as soon as it is explained. Suppose that a dealer sells a pair of shoes for $4 and they are returned in two or three weeks as worn out, and he has to make an allowance of $3 on another pair of $4 shoes. He may enter the whole on his books as one transaction; but if he follows the form sent him by the Bureau of Business Research he will make three entries: two sales of $4 each in the gross sale account and one of $3 in the allowance account. The benefit of the latter method is that at the end of the month or the end of the year he can see if there is any one line of goods on which he has had to make many allowances. If these allowances concentrate on a single line, the dealer will know better next year. Thus he will have a very practical and useful guide to his buying.

Another account made in this form is for goods returned. This is a difficult matter for the retail dealer, for goods returned mean double selling expense. That is to say, a clerk to sell a pair of shoes uses twice the time that is used if the goods are not returned. It is complicated by the fact that some women seem to have a mania for being in the shops just for the sake of being there; so that they will buy a pair of shoes and bring them back the next day and get another when neither the salesman nor the owner can see that they have in any way bettered themselves.

These cases apart, however, an account for returned goods is of direct practical value to the retailer. If any goods are returned the clerk is required to put in a memorandum stating the character of the goods and the reason for their return. The owner of the store then has a check of the most valuable sort on his salesman. If a salesman does not know how to satisfy customers the number of shoes returned will go up and the salesman needs either instruction or assistance to some other form of business.

Besides this the account of goods returned aids in showing the needs and likings of the general body of customers. It may be that the goods returned will run in a single line; perhaps a frequent complaint may be that the instep is too high or too low. That this is by no means an impossible case is shown from an actual case. A retailer in a Western States within two or three years engaged a new buyer from the South. This buyer before starting on his business ordered $15,000 or $20,000 worth of women's shoes, largely in the narrow sizes. They proved to be quite unsalable, because the women of the State where they were to be sold thought more of comfort than of looks, and the dealer had to put up with a large loss.

Facts like these on a less pronounced scale are brought out by a properly kept account for goods returned. By such an account the owner of a store can keep close track of the efficiency of his buyers and of his salesmen. When the net sales approach closely in volume to the gross sales, he knows that things are going well. When the net sales fall away from the gross sales, causing large number of goods returned it is time for him to look to his business.

These are only two examples of what can be done by a Bureau of Research to help retailers. The investigators found that the bookkeeping of the places visited was in great confusion. Very few retailers whom they visited kept separate accounts of buying and selling expenses. The accounts for avertising were confused and very various. Electrically lighted signs might be charged to the light account and not to advertising. Some dealers used the advertising account as a kind of dump into which went everything which was not at first sight assignable elsewhere.

All these matters are taken care of in the form which is sent out by the Bureau; and its officers are confident that any retailer who will use these forms will almost immediately be doing business to better advantage because he can tell more accurately where the money which he expends is going and where he is making gains from his business.

The study is now in full swing and it has had the hearty approval of the trade papers and of the officers of the associations. Mr. A. C. McGowan, the president of the National Shoe Dealers' Retail Association, recommended it to retailers in an address made at the convention in New York on the 24th of January. Mr. T. J. Sherron, secretary of the Southern Shoe Retailers' Association, thought so highly of it that on his own initiative he sent out notices to his members, urging them to send for the forms and to adopt the system. Requests for information and forms have come from all over the United States, from Canada, from England, Australia, New Zealand, and Germany.

On the University side the interest in the scheme is also great. The science of economics a generation ago was an abstract science in which such examples as were used were made up for the occasion. The present generation of economists start from the other end. They want to know the actual facts of the business. Then from these facts they can work out the general principles which govern business. The advance of their science therefore depends on their getting these facts. This is the way then that a University and the retail boot and shot business have joined hands.

MODERN POLITENESS.

Hygenic Courtesy in Coughing, Spitting and Sneezing.

"No spit, no consumption," is literally true. Ninety-five per cent. of our consumption comes from careless spitting, coughing and sneezing. Spit is frequently laden with deadly disease germs—particularly from consumptives.

Now when one coughs, spits or sneezes, a great multitude of tiny drops of spittal are violently expelled from the mouth and nose. The largest of these drops can be readily seen. A large number of smaller droplets can be found if a mirror or piece of glass is held before the face when coughing or sneezing. A tremendous quantity of still smaller droplets are discharged in the form of an invisible spray or mist, which floats about in the air for some time.

Scientists have found that a man can cough, spit or sneeze in a large hall or room where the air is quiet and these tiny, invisible germ-laden droplets will float in the air for a distance of 25 to 100 feet. These tiny droplets, in the form of mist or spray, may be breathed by other people or they may settle on objects with which we come into intimate contact, such as our food and clothes. Viewed in this light, such conduct is at least impolite. Furthermore, it is dangerous to the public at large to have careless people actually coughing, sneezing and spitting germ-laden matter into their faces even if it is invisible and in the form of fine mist.

Unfortunately it will be a long time before we obey the old saw, "DON'T SPIT." In the meantime we must make the best of the situation and learn how to spit.

When coughing or sneezing, if a handkerchief is held before the face the fine spray or mist is coughed into the handkerchief and prevented from coming into contact with others. When spitting is necessary, do not spit where it will later become dried and stirred up in the form of germ-laden dust. Such dust may later enter the lungs of another and produce disease, or settle on food or clothing. Spit in a cuspidor, in the gutter, into running water, or into the fire. Never spit in a pathway or in a dark corner. Disease germs live for many months in a dark place. Spit in the sunshine, as bright sunlight will kill the germs in a few hours. Consumptives should spit in paper napkins or into sputa cups when cuspidors, etc., are not accessible. Whenever possible, avoid coughing, spitting and sneezing in the presence of others. It is more polite and far more hygienic.

E. D. SMITH FOR WILSON

South Carolina Senator Declares For New Jersey Governor

Washington, D. C., March 23.—Another United States Senator today joined the already large list of Democrats in that body who favor the nomination of Gov. Woodrow Wilson for the Presidency. Senator E. D. Smith, of South Carolina, who has been claimed by both the Clark and Underwood forces, came out today in favor of the nominations of Gov. Wilson, expressing the opinion that the New Jersey Executive is the most formidable candidate the democracy can nominate for the Presidency.

In giving his reasons for favoring the nomination of Gov. Wilson, the South Carolina Senator said:

"I have heard Governor Wilson speak on three separate occasions. On two of these occasions, it was when others aspiring for the Presidency also spoke. At the Jackson Day banquet, held in the city of Washington, Democrats aspiring for the Presidential nomination spoke together with him.

"In Philadelphia, at the Periodical Publishers' Association banquet, I heard Gov. Wilson when aspirants for the Republican nomination also spoke.

"On both these occasions, as on the occasion when he spoke alone, he impressed me as being a profound student of the philosophy of government. I consider that his expressions as to the theory of government, and the comparison of this theory with that now in practical existence, was by odds the clearest and most convincing of any expressed on these several occasions. He, of course, as a student—a college president—would be considered, and is considered by a great number, a theorist, that is, an impractical one. But his every utterance indicated that he has a clear comprehension of the fact that the so-called "practical politics" is but another name for the corrupt and corrupting tendencies that must sooner oriater undermine the very foundations of our republican form of government, by increasing the army of malcontents as well as the unjustly protected number of those specially favored.

"I believe that Gov. Wilson is the most available candidate that the Democrats have in the field for the Presidency. His work as Governor of New Jersey, in bringing into the fold of Democracy a State otherwise hopelessly Republican; his elimination of "boss" rule and corruption in that State illustrates his ability to put into practice as a National executive the theory that he advocated.

"I am convinced in the light of his political career in New Jersey, his public utterances as a candidate for the Presidency, and above all, the frenzied opposition toward him of certain newspapers, periodicals and individuals, that he is the most formidable candidate that the Democrats can nominate for the Presidency and support against any nominee of the Republican party."

ROBIN HOOD'S FRIENDS.

"Robyn stode in Bernysdale,
And lened him to a tree,
And by hym stode Lytell Johan,
A good yeoman was he;
And also dyde good Scathelock
And Much, the miller's sone."

Prominent among Robin's friends were Midge, or Much; George Green, the poundkeeper of Wakefield; Will Scarlet, whose real name was William Scadlock, or Scathelock; Little John, and Allin-a-Dale. Little John could shoot an arrow more than a measured mile. He was noted for his bravery and his kindness to the poor and the oppressed. It is not pleasant to think of his execution for robbery when a gracious king's pardon might have rewarded his chivalry. He owed his name to merry William Stutely, another of Robin's followers.

"O here is my hand," the stranger replyed,
"I'll serve you with all my heart.
My name is John Little, a man of good mettle.
Ne'er doubt me, for I play my part."
He was—I must tell you—full seven foot high
And maybe an ell in the waist.

Brave Stutely said then
"This infant was called John Little," quoth he,
"Which name shall be changed anon.
The words we'll transpose, so wherever he goes
His name shall be called Little John."

Allin-a-Dale was to be married to a lovely girl whose parents compelled her to forego Allin for a wealthy old knight. In the disguise of a harper, Robin Hood went to the church where the wedding was to be. As the bridal party entered Robin exclaimed: "This is no fit match. The bride shall have the man of her chice." Then, sounding his horn, Allin with 24 bowmen entered. The bishop refused to marry the girl till the banns had been asked three times. So Robin pulled off the bishop's robe and put it on Little John, who asked the banns seven times and performed the ceremony.

All of these heroes will appear at the May Day Fete given by the Normal College girls in Greensboro, May 18th.

Dryden's Wise Words.

Ill habits gather by unseen degrees,
as brooks make rivers, rivers run to seas.—Dryden.

Strange Companionship.

A thrush and a wren have built nests in the same basket in a shed at Wells, Somerset, England.

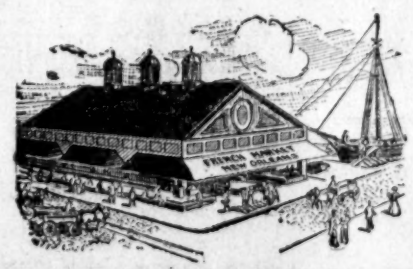
This is the Coffee Andrew Jackson Liked so Well

ANDREW JACKSON

After his brilliant victory at Chalmette in 1815, Andrew Jackson led his troops past the old French Market in New Orleans and treated the officers and men to fresh, hot *French Market Coffee.* And in 1843, Henry Clay—at the conclusion of his eloquent speech at the great banquet in his honor—slipped away, with his friends, to the old French Market for a cup of the same famous beverage. *Then* you could get

French Market Coffee

nowhere in America except at the old French Market in New Orleans. But NOW you all may serve it—daily—on your own tables. For the old French Market blend is perpetuated by



The Same Unique Hygienic Roasting Process

and we deliver genuine French Market Coffee everywhere in hermetically sealed cans. It reaches you fresh from the mill with all its enticing aroma and delicious flavor. "There is only one *real* old French Market flavor"—only one coffee with a history. Get it from your grocer.

But *be sure* it is the *genuine French Market Coffee*—packed only at the

French Market Mills
(New Orleans Coffee Company, Ltd., Proprietors)
New Orleans, Louisiana

It will cost you only half as much for a Spring, 1912, Outfit as it did in the year gone by.

SPRING 1912

Finds us better prepared than ever before to please the public. The public is pleased with:

OUR CASH SYSTEM,
OUR ART DEPARTMENT,
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OUR READY TO WEAR DEP'T,
OUR DRAPERY DEP'T,
OUR SILK DEP'T,
OUR DRESS GOODS DEP'T,
OUR LINEN DEP'T,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Leave your order for your Easter Hat as early as possible, so as to avoid the rush of the last moment.

Platt & Haar

SAVE THE DIFFERENCE.

FREE TO YOU--MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Woman's Ailments.

I am a woman.
I know woman's sufferings.
I have found the cure.
I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is safe and sure cure for Leucorrhœa or Whilish discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Ulcerine or Ovarian Tumors, or Growths; also pains in head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney, and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember, that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book—"WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa, Green Sickness and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in young Ladies, Plumpness and health always results from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten day's treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H - - Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

PILES

are a serious trouble from which a great many people suffer. The most common treatment in mild cases is an external application which gives temporary relief, but does not cure. In severe cases, an operation is usually the remedy.

If your trouble is a mild one you can get a certain cure. Or if piles have become chronic with you, don't submit to the knife, try

KETTERER'S EXCELSIOR BLOOD PURIFIER

(K. E. B. P.)

Your druggist will sell you a bottle with the distinct agreement that if you are not benefited, your money will be refunded.

K. E. B. P. is the common sense, natural treatment for piles. Piles are a varicose condition of the local veins, caused by constipation, or some other trouble, resulting in impure blood.

K. E. B. P., Ointment, used externally, will give immediate relief and by taking KETTERER'S EXCELSIOR BLOOD PURIFIER, internally, you can get well quickly.

Try the K. E. B. P. treatment at once. If you are not benefited demand your money back.

Ask your Druggist

Made by the F. W. KETTERER MEDICINE CO. Jacksonville, Fla.

Easter Display

of Up-to-Date CLOTHING —and— FURNISHING GOODS

You are invited to call and inspect the only Real Classy Ready-to-Wear Clothing in the city. Our stock of Furnishing Goods are the height of fashion.

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Building Material.

GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

(Continued from Page Nine.)

ment matters would have been much worse there. When the agreement was made, Persia was on the eve of revolution, was falling into chaos, and the government was breaking up. Had there been on agreement when the revolution broke out, Russia would have pushed on to Teheran and consolidated her influence in Northern Persia. England would have had no security that that influence would not have been used to push on strategic movements, railway extensions, and so forth to the Indian frontier, and she would have been pressed to take measures in the territory bordering on the Indian frontier to secure herself against military aggression and strategic expansion on the part of Russia. There would have been continual friction and. sair Sid Edward, "Lord Haldane would be asking for increased army estimates to provie for a further strengthening of our position on the Indian frontier."

The Government, Sir Edward said, was opposed to sending British troops to protect the trade routes in the South, and he believed the decision was well taken. The trouble there had been caused by the presence of the ex-Shah and now that Russia and England had undertaken to see him out of the country, Persia herself would be able to protect trade. In the North Russia was withdrawing her troops, and had given definite evidence of her intention and desire not to embark on any permanent occupation of Persian territory.

Conditions in China.

Canton, China, March 23.—It has been said that Canton is the pulse of China, but it is still truer to say that Canton is the brain of China, not of th old hide-bound, superstitious, unprogressive land, but of modern, progressive, liberal China. Only to mention the names of the great leaders of the times proves the statement: Wu Ting Fang, Tang Shao Yi, Sun Yat Sen and others.

It has been in Canton where the revolution has been nourished and fostered for many years. The actual overturning of the city, however, like the precipitaition of the revolution, was unexpected and in some ways unprepared for. From what seems to be the most trustworthy account of all the many theories, the false report of the fall of Peking, concocted by the revolutionists in Hongkong, and the threats of these same men to blow up the city, completed the panic in official circles, which the peaceable transfer of the important districts of Waichow and Sunning to the revolutionists had started The viceroy, after some hesitation, accepted the offer of the British consul to give him an escort to Hongkong and quietly disappeared from view. The other officials either made their escape or welcomed the new government.

Two hundred men came up from Hongkong on November eighth, and on the ninth took charge of the different government offices from which the officials had fled. Since that date there have been several presidents or co-presidents, the most successful of whom has been Wu Hon Man, who is reputed to be a Christian. He was taken to Shanghai, with Dr. Sun, to act as his private secretary. The present incumbent is Ch'an Kwing Ming, who seems to be able to work his own will in the councils of the province.

The government is a dictatorship, as revolutionary governments generally are until a settled government is established, and the army is unruly. Most of the generals are robber chieftains who were invited to come to the city by the revolutionary party for fear the "New Army" and the provincial troops would not be able to overawe the Manchu garrison, and the Bannermen, or old style troops. This incursion of robber soldiers has greatly complicated the problem of government. The several chiefs are working independently and are not submissive to the command of the governor general.

The Provincial Assembly, since the fire which destroyed their beautiful hall, has been meeting in the new theatre near the east end of the river front. The work of the Assembly is to a great extent advisory, as power has not yet been vouchsafed them. It is composed of representative revolutionists from the different districts. As a sign of the progressive character of the people here, ten women have been seated as representatives.

The army at present in Canton has been variously estimated at from 60,000 to 130,000. The lower figure is probably the more accurate. Yet the temples and government compounds are all full of soldiers. The barracks outside the east gate are crowded. One can seldom walk far through the streets without meeting a company of soldiers or a band of the "Dare to Die" brigade, decked out in light blue underwear and carrying bombs in little straw baskets, parading along the narrow thoroughfares. The soldiers of the "New Army" are mixed with the new recruits to act as instructors. Thousands more men are hastily being brought into some sort of discipline in order to join the republican army.

The great need of the new government has been money. Immediately after the city turned revolutionary, taxes of every description were abolished. No money was in the treasury, and many thousands of men to be supported. The officials gave their services two months free of charge. A great wave of enthusiasm spread over Cantonese everywhere in the world, and millions of dollars Mexican have been paid in as free will offerings to defray the expenses of the new government. Merchants, landlords, students, ricksha coolies, servants, even, gave liberally of their funds to help the common weal. The need is continuous, however, and enthusiasm quickly dies down. The students of the Canton Christian College, in a campaign for contributions, collected over $40,000.

The government schools have all closed and will not open this year, unless conditions change remarkably. Many private schools are also similarly affected. As soon as some settled form of government is established, taxes may be again adjusted.

The whole province is in a state of anarchy. Robberies are occurring continuously in all sections of the country, and food is becoming dearer as transportation of supplies has been rendered so unsafe.

The long train of abuses, oppression and injustice has been until now heard of but little. The people have, however, risen, and Dr. Sun Yat Sen's "Declaration of Independence" will be placed by China's sons alongside a similar statement so revered by the American citizen.

The newspaper, which originated in China, has only during the last few years begun to play its part in educating the man on the street. No greater example of the influence of the daily press can be cited than has been shown in the present-day journalism of China. Hongkong newspapers have not been censored, and their terriffic phillippics against the Manchu government have borne abundant fruit. Canton newspapers, subject to a strict censorship, still are wielding immense influence among the reading public.

The students and teachers have been leaders from the beginning. As soon as any work could be done the students volunteered to do it. They have enlisted a regiment of troops to serve without pay. They have organized associations for securing contributions of money and for instructing the people in the principles of the republic. Never once has Canton province hesitated between a monarchy and a republic. Many of the teachers are now district magistrates, members of the assembly, or hold office under the central government. Christian school teachers and Christian preachers are now represented in several of the principal offices of the government.

Despite the efforts of the Christian missionaries to keep their constituents from bringing the Gospel into disrespect by their too evident sympathy with the revolutionary movement, the prominent place which the latter have in the new order shows how permeated these men have been with the leaven of freedom. It must be remembered that there are probably not more than six thousand Christians in the million of Canton's population. Many of the new officials are Christians, and more are friendly to the doctrine. In fact, the important position in the councils of the province of so small a body has begun to create jealousy in quarters unfriendly to this belief.

The outlook is fraught with grave dangers. The lack of money, the anarchy in the country districts, the idea that liberty means license, the ignorance of the principles of government, the factions and feuds, and the carelessness of foreigners traveling in the affected areas, combined with the inexperience of the new administration and lack of control over the soldiers, make the most sanguine fear for the future. The Chinese, however, are inherently peace-loving. This revolution is the greatest the world has ever seen, and involves greater changes. China has awakened!

WASTE OF NATURAL GAS

Bureau of Mines Has Discovered a Remedy—Expert Talks

Washington, March 23.—The waste of millions of dollars worth of natural gas which is going on each year in the petroleum fields of the country may be stopped in the near future by a plan made public today by the Federal Bureau of Mines.

Briefly, the plan as outlined by the oil experts of the bureau is to take the so-called "wet gas" found in all the oil fields and obtain from it a liquefied gas that can be used for illuminating purposes. This liquefied gas, which is a by-product of the natural gas, is held under high pressure in steel containers and can be shipped to localities that do not have a gas system. In this way, small towns, hotels and country estates may have the advantage of gas illumination at a fair cost. This gas, it is thought, will also prove an excellent iluminant for lighthouses and lightships and other public works of a similar nature that must be located at a distance from a commercial supply of gas.

Irving C. Allen, the oil expert, in discussing this by-product of natural gas says: "The possibility of handling this liquefied gas in the way that Pintsch and Blau gases are handled opens a new field of comparatively great importance in the natural gas industry and should add materially to the investments made in the so-called 'natural gasoline' industry.

"There is no difficulty nor secrecy in the production and use of the liquefied natural gas product. The third or fourth stage compressor product must, however, be treated as liquefied gas, and no attempt should be made to handle it as an oil.

"This product of natural gas is equal in quality to any of the similar manufactured gases; it is very clean and pure and can be handled in the same way as they are. The containers can be easily transported and the turning of their valves makes a supply of gas available. The highest economy in its use for illuminating purposes will be attained with inverted burners provided with mantels, burners of this type being especially adapted for gases of high heating value."

Dr. I. C. White, State Geologist of West Virginia, in referring to the waste of natural gas in the United States said, recently: "At this very minute, natural gas, the purest form of fuel, ideal in every respect, self-transporting, is passing into the air from uncontrolled gas wells, from oil wells, from giant flambeaus, from leaking pipe lines, and many other methods of waste at not less than one billion cubic feet daily and probably much more. The record of waste of this best and purest fuel is a national disgrace. The heating value of a billion cubic feet of natural gas is equivalent to that of one million bushels of coal. There can be no doubt that for every barrel of oil taken from the earth there have been wasted more than ten times its equivalent in heating power, or weight even, of this best of all fuels; and that much more than half of this frightful waste could have been avoided by proper care and slight additional expenditures in oil production."

Repels Attack of Death

"Five years ago two doctors told me I had only two years to live." This startlling statement was made by Stillman Green, Malachite, Col. "They told me I would die with consumption. It was up to me then to try the best lung medicine and I began to use Dr King's New Discovery. It was well I did, for today I am working and believe I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure that has cheated the grave of another victim." It's folly to suffer with coughs, colds or other throat and lung troubles now. Take the cure that's safest. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free at Robt. R. Bellamy's.

Governor Kitchin is depending on the record of Senator Simmons rather than his own to win in his campaign. —Durham Herald.

COL. A. M. WADDELL

Some Expressions of the Press Upon Recent Death of Distinguished Carolinian.

(Fayetteville Observer.)

Col. Alfred M. Waddell, of Wilmington, is dead. This announcement will bring sadness to many hearts in all the upper Cape Fear section, for he was greatly loved and admired by thousands of its people.

(Greensboro Record.)

The distressing news of the death of Colonel A. M. Waddell at his home in Wilmington yesterday was erceived here today. He was 78 years old and death was sudden. Colonel Waddell was well known throughout the State and beyond as a fine specimen of man, a brilliant speaker, mayor of his home city a number of times and a man who perhaps did more work for his party in the days when it took courage to stand up and speak than any man in the State. God rest his soul. A noble man has passed.

(Raleigh Times.)

In the death of Col. A. M. Waddell, of Wilmington, the State lost one of the most distinguished citizens. He had been much in public life and filled every position he held with entire credit. He was a delegate to the convention of 1860, which nominated John Bell for President. Then he went through the war as lieutenant colonel of the Third North Carolina cavalry, and was a brave soldier and competent officer. He served four terms in Congress, from 1871 to 1879. He was elector at large on the Democratic ticket in 1888. He was delegate at large to the National Democratic Convention at Chicago in 1880 and again to the convention in Cincinnati in 1896. He also served three terms as mayor of Wilmington. A part of his busy life was given to literary pursuits and his work as author and editor added to his distinction. He is also remembered throughout the State as the leader for decent government in the revolution of 1898, when the city government of Wilmington was taken out of the hands of the Republican-Populist-negro combine.

(Charlotte Chronicle.)

In an altogether inadequate paragraph yesterday — inadequate because there was but time for a brief reference to the event—the death of Colonel Alfred Moore Waddell, of Wilmington, was noted. Colonel Waddell lived in the strenuous times in North Carolina. Coming home from the war, he found himself called to take up the fight for the Democratic party. It was in 1870, and Republicanism and reconstruction held sway. The Democratic convention in Colonel Waddell's district had made a nomination for Congress, but the nominee declined to accept, his opponent being Colonel Oliver H. Dockery, the strongest Republicans in the State. Colonel Waddell's friends made requisition on him to enter the race against Dockery, and he did so. The campaign which followed was one of the most notable in the history of the State. Colonel Waddell was elected, having reversed an overwhelming Republican majority. He was re-elected for three terms. In Congress he was alert for lances hurled at the South. There were many which were turned on his shield. He had been there but a few days when he invited Representative Cannon (later Speaker), outside to settle a debate at close quarters, but Cannon kept the crowd in the cloak room around him. Perhaps Colonel Waddell's most notable political service was his canvass of the New England States in 1880. He was delegated to this duty by the Cincinnati convention. He first invaded Pennsylvania, then he went to New York, and thence his real canvass centered in the New England States. He was heralded as the rebel brigadier general, and he let it go at that, for he often stated that it afforded him much amusement to witness the curiosity everywhere manifested over the presence in the heart of New England of a real rebel brigadier general.

Few North Carolinians clung to the traditions of the State and of the Confederacy more tenaciously than did Colonel Waddell. A beautiful orator, he could write as well as he could talk and through his pen has been preserved much State history of value that might have been otherwise lost. He was a soldier who never quailed; he was a man and a citizen who knew no fear—absolutely none. There were characters who avoided him because they knew he would slap them in the face. Much eloquence was silenced when Waddell died, and when he passed the South lost one of its cleanest and purest types of the chivalrous gentleman.

(Raleigh News and Observer.)

The death of Colonel Alfred Moore Waddell, of Wilmington, which occurred on Sunday, removed from this State a man who was a North Carolina Sir Galahad. If any man in this age in North Carolina deserved the title of a Knight of the Round Table, he was Alfred Moore Waddell, and in his going the State is a loser, though it is the richer because he has lived in it. Amongst all who love the gallant and the brave there will be sorrow because his courageous soul has been called into the Beyond.

The most conspicuous and most militant leader in the Cape Fear country in the two greatest political crises in the State was Alfred Moore Waddell. During the year when the Reconstruction forces were dominant, from Anson to the ocean, and when the bottom rail was everywhere on top in the South; when the men in control and the election officers were the pimps of the carpetbaggers, it seemed that the real people of North Carolina were doomed, at least for a generation, to live with the heels of interlopers and their allies upon their necks, there were plently who were ready to follow even though they saw little hope of victory. The need in the Cape Fear district was for an eloquent and fearless man, who would do as righteous a work in driving out the carpetbaggers as the Master did when he took the whipcords and cleansed the temple. In 1870 this leader was found in Alfred Moore Waddell, and he was found equal to the great task which came to him. He was the chieftain in a great cause that brought aid to the State that he loved.

For ten years Colonel Waddell represented his district in Congress and held the important position of chairman of the committee on the postoffice, a leader in constructive work. There has not lived in North Carolina in half a century a more eloquent man than Alfred Moore Waddell, and he used his great power to tongue-lash the forces which were battening on the South, back of him being a cordon of men who were ready to give him full support. He was a very quiet man, with no political astuteness for himself, but a magnificent leader of campaigns for the betterment of the State.

After the Reconstruction forces had been driven from the State, Colonel Waddell gave much of his time to writing history and in magazine work, spending the quiet life of a scholar and a writer. Though he was frequently a delegate to Democratic national conventions, with other party honors given him, he did not press his own claims. But again there came a need for his virile leadership and in 1898 in the Goldsboro convention his eloquent words roused to action in the White Supremacy campaign. In that convention he made a speech which for brilliancy, audacity and militant courage has never been surpassed. It was his voice that led to action and once again the State was redeemed.

Except when the State was in danger, Colonel Waddell led a quiet life. His History of New Hanover County is a model, and if such histories were written of other counties they would prove of great value, for his history is of literary and historical excellence.

Courageous in politics, a student and a thinker, he showed his high manhood and exercised his courage and wisdom in the practice of his profession. No one who heard his speech in the State asylum matter, when he prosecuted Eugene Grissom, will ever forget it. There were men of eminence of both sides, Governor Jarvis, Colonel Thomas C. Fuller and Judge Charles M. Coke, for Grissom; Judge Spier Whitaker and Colonel Waddell for the prosecution. The speech of Colonel Waddell in that case was his masterpiece, and, while the prosecution lost in the verdict by the directors, the speech of Colonel Waddell, which was widely published, aroused the people, and the final result was victory for the prosecution.

A great man has fallen in North Carolina in the death of Colonel Waddell. Seventy-eight years of age, a native of Hillsboro, he has taken high place in the history of the State. In the three years' course at the University of North Carolina he secured the A. M. and the LL. D. degrees. He practiced law with ability and at times was an editor, holding this position with The Wilmington Herald in 1860 and with The Charlotte Journal-Observer in 1881-82. In 1860 he was a delegate to the Democratic convention which nominated John Bell for President, and to the Democratic conventions in 1880 and 1896. In 1888 he was elector-at-large on the Democratic ticket. He was a gallant Confederate officer, Lieutenant Colonel of the Third North Carolina Cavalry. He was the author of "Colonial Officers and Times," as well as the History of New Hanover County. For three terms he was mayor of Wilmington. Honored in his home, honored in the State, he was a North Carolinian of the highest type, and in his death the State loses one whose life will prove an example in patriotism, high-minded living and in constructive statesmanship.

Vapor Treatment For Catarrh

The HYOMEI vapor treatment is especially recommended in stubborn cases of chronic catarrh of long standing, but remember that the inhaler should be used daily as usual.

This treatment only takes a few minutes time before going to bed. Pour a scant teaspoonful of HYOMEI into a kitchen bowl of boiling water, cover head and bowl with towel and breathe for several minutes the vapor that arises.

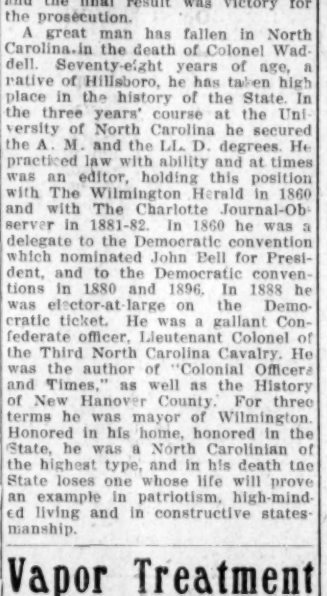
You will be surprised at the results of this treatment; it makes the head feel fine and clear; you will sleep better, and that stuffed up feeling will gradually disappear.

This method is also used to break up the worst cold in the head over night.

A bottle of HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-me) costs 50 cents at Robt. R. Bellamy's drug store and druggists everywhere. Complete outfit which includes the little pocket inhaler $1.00.

No stomach dosing; just breathe HYOMEI and end catarrh and all diseases of the breahing organs.

No Cocaine or other injurious drugs in Hyomei.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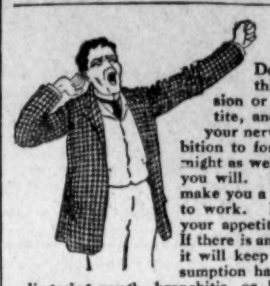

Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor apetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

By the Council of the City of Wilmington, N. C., for the Month of February, 1912.

891	W. B. Thorpe & Co	Lime	$ 2.00
892	Southern Map Co	Blue Prints	7.84
893	Cape Fear Oil Co	Oil	5.30
894	M. W. Divine & Co	Paints, Etc	7.50
895	Evening Dispatch	Printing	4.50
896	Reynolds Mfg. Co	Polish	3.64
897	W. Munroe & Co	Chairs	9.00
898	R. C. Cantwell	Sundries	6.74
899	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Services	9.00
900	Chadbourn Lumber Co	Lumber	11.20
901	Cntral Ice Co	Ice	12.33
902	Orrell Livery Co	Team Hire	2.50
903	Tidewater Power Co	Switching Cars	10.00
904	J. O. Brock	Electrical Work	2.75
905	J. E. G. Brown	Repairs Carts, Etc	15.00
906	Meares Harriss	Multigraphing	18.50
907	Wilmington Iron Works	Repairs Roller, Etc	88.00
908	Queen City Cycle Co	Repairs Motor Cycle	39.60
909	Chas. H. White	Semi-monthly Pay Roll	2,597.06
910	E. J. Padrick	Taxes Refunded	17.10
911	Clayton Giles & Son	Insurance	76.66
912	Chas. H. Vass & Co	Repairs to Brooms	30.00
913	D. N. Page	Repairs to Saws	2.75
914	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,142.62
915	W. D. Colwell	New Bdg—W. & S	122.00
916	Lewis Tyndall	Hauling Pipe	19.50
917	Harris Granite Quarry Co N	Rock	448.65
918	Carolina Cut Stone Co	Curbing	404.41
919	S. A. L	Freights	467.85
920	A. C. L	Freights	272.87
921	Southern Paving and Cons. Co	Contract Work—Streets	5,994.60
922	A. C. L	Freights	501.18
923	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	12.50
924	G. W. Allen	Contract Work—Streets	385.00
925	Robert Green	Services—Police Force	30.80
926	B. F. Mitchell Co	Hay and Grain	302.21
927	T. G. Landen	Repairs—Market	47.25
928	D. L. T. Capps	Repairs—Market	35.65
929	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,005.72
930	Furlong & Co	Moving Slops	115.50
931	Thos. D. Meares, Treas	Coupons Paid	4,862.50
932	Chas. H. White	Sundries	25.79
933	W. L. DeRosset	Contract Work—Streets	144.72
934	A. L. White	Laying Brick	181.35
935	Jno. H. Whiteman	Hauling Brick	27.13
936	Clyde S. S. Co	Freight	170.95
937	School Methods Co	Books—Library	15.75
938	Review of Reviews Co	Books—Library	32.25
939	Beauvais T. W. Supply Co	Carbon Paper	5.00
940	Chas. H. White	Monthly Pay Roll	5,669.15
941	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,058.62
942	James Walker Mem. Hospital	Appro. for February	500.00
943	Chas. Hvass & Co	Repairs to Brooms	15.00
944	J. G. Wright & Son	Rent of Lot	16.00
945	J. H. Murphy	Pest House Keeper	50.00
946	Wilmington Star Co	Advertising	8.46
947	Postal Tel. Co	Telegrams	3.68
948	Wilmington Light Infantry	Appro. for Military	300.00
949	Southern Bell Tel. Co	'Phone Service	44.05
950	J. E. Ludlow	Sanitary Investigation	1,086.72
951	Smith-Courtney Co	Supplies—W. & S	18.20
952	American Vulcaniz'd Rubber Co	Supplies—W. & S	6.89
953	Chas. H. White	Weekly Pay Roll	1,058.94
954	Pittsburg Filter Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. & S	11.80
955	Crandall Packing Co	Supplies—W. & S	11.06
956	B. F. Sturtevant Co	Supplies—W. & S	29.90
957	E. R. Austin	Grading—Streets	318.00
958	Wm. L. DeRosset	Contract Work—Streets	518.00
959	Edward Swann	Cement Work—Streets	8.33
960	S. A. L	Freights	134.37
961	Standard Oil Co	Asphalt	428.31
962	G. W. Allen	Contract—Street work	463.60
963	Alfred White	Laying Brick	75.79
964	Wm. L. DeRosset	Laying Sidewalks	71.06
965	Harris Granite Quarries Co	Rock	347.46
966	Carolina Cut Stone Co	Curbing	557.88
967	Clarendon Construction Co	Laying Pipe	1,216.28
968	Wm. L. DeRosset	Sidewalks	338.40
969	Colwell Lead Co	Supplies—W. & S	157.33
970	Garlock Packing Co	Supplies—W. & S	5.51
971	Wm. Barnett & Sons	Supplies—W. & S	8.98
972	Glamorgan Pipe & Foundry Co	Supplies—W. & S	42.19
973	U. S. Pipe & Foundry Co	Supplies—W. & S	1,085.74
974	Columbian Iron Works	Supplies—W. & S	85.20
975	The Emil Greiner Co	Supplies—W. & S	136.19
976	Burroughs Welcome Co	Disinfectants	23.80
977	Central Ice Co	Ice	12.23
978	Schloss, Bear, Davis & Co	Team Hire	43.00
979	Ahrens Bros	Drugs	4.58
980	Jarman & Mintz	Prescriptions	49.67
981	Western Union Co	Telegrams	1.94
982	LeGwin Printing Co	Printing	4.00
983	W. H. Turley	Groceries—Pest House	10.46
984	W. Munroe & Co	Table	3.00
985	A. C. Sneed & Co	Chair	5.00
986	Thos. A. Smith	Wood	3.90
987	C. W. Yates & Co	Supplies—Health Dept.	12.65
988	Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons	Soda	10.08
989	Hodges Bros	Repairs—Bicycle	5.00
990	Southern Map Co	Blue Prints	6.06
991	S. F. Hayward & Co	Supplies—Chem. Engine	25.50
992	Cape Fear Machine Co	Repairs—Road Roller, Etc	83.09
993	Hyman Supply Co	Supplies—W. & S	53.08
994	Geo. O. Gaylord	Supplies—W. & S	21.58
995	J. W. Blake	Electrical Work	9.77
996	J. O. Brock	Electrical Work	3.60
997	H. K. Holden	Oil	1.30
998	Chas. Schnibben	Expenses to Savannah	30.80
999	Evening Dispatch	Advertising	3.00
1000	H. H. Hall	Repairs to Fire Boat	57.88
1001	D. N. Page	Repairs to Saws	1.75
1002	Orrell Livery Co	Team Hire	3.25
1003	J. E. G. Brown	Repairs—Carts, Etc	4.50
1004	Prease Bros. Co	Repairs—Carts, Etc	1.48
1005	L. A. Bilbro	Repairs to Harness	11.50
1006	Standard Supply Co	Supplies—W. & S., Etc	13.58
1007	Tidewater Power Co	Lighting	1,653.47
1008	Wm. E. Springer & Co	Tools, Etc	46.37
1009	Thos. Quinlivan & Son	Shoeing Teams	43.25
1010	J. T. Brown	Repairing Carts, Etc	30.55
1011	Cape Fear Oil Co	Oil	14.24
1012	N. Jacobi Hardware Co	Tools	6.95
1013	B. F. Mitchell Co	Hay and Grain	311.07
1014	Jno. S. McEachern & Sons	Hay and Grain	288.96
1015	City Livery Co	Team Hire and Harness	28.00
1016	Peck & Holloway	Tools, etc.	26.40
1017	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	4.30
1018	W. B. Thorpe & Co	Cement	12.64
1019	M. W. Divine & Co	Oil, Etc	4.65
1020	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	26.00
1021	Chadbourn Lumber Co	Lumber	7.53
1022	Atlantic Paint & Varnish Co	Paint	4.00
1023	Thos. B. Carroll	Veterinary Services	14.50
1024	Springer Coal Co	Coal	779.06
	Total for Month		$ 39,263.18
	Previously Issued		321,360.45
	Total to Date		$360,823.63

Published by order of the Council.

THOS. D. MEARES, Clerk.

NOTICE.

Of Creation of New Election Precinct and Change on Polling Places. Harnett Township.

At a meeting of the County Board of Elections held on February 26th, 1912, the following resolution creating new election precinct in Harnett Township and changing certain polling places in Cape Fear and Wilmington Townships.

"Whereas, It appears that it would best serve the convenience of voters in Harnett Township to create a new precinct and change the lines of the existing precincts, and whereas it is necessary and expedient to change certain polling places in Cape Fear and Wilmington Townships, it is resolved and ordered.

1st. That a new precinct be created in Harnett Township, embraced within the following lines. Beginning at the southeast corner of Pembroke Park and running in a direct line to Commissary Station on the Tidewater Power Company's line; thence southwardly to Masonboro Township line at Hewlett's Creek; thence down Hewlett's Creek to the Sound; thence up the Sound to the beginning. The said precinct to embrace also what is known as the Hammocks and Wrightsville Beach; the polling place in said precinct to be at Rogers' Store, Sea Gate.

2nd: That the lines of Delgado Precinct in said township be altered and amended so that the said precinct shall be embraced within the following lines, to-wit: Beginning on Hewlett's Creek, the second corner of Sea Gate Precinct and running thence northwardly in a direct line to Commissary Station; thence in a direct line to the point where the railroad crosses the Market Street road by a turpentine distillery near Oscar Pearsall's, thence north to Cape Fear Township line; thence with said line to Wilmington Township line; thence with Wilmington Township line to Masonboro Township line; thence with said Masonboro Township line to the beginning. The polling place in said precinct to be at what is known as Sneeden's Store, Delgado.

3rd. That lines of Seven Mile Post precinct in said township be altered and amended so that the said precinct will be embraced within the following lines, all of said township lying north and east of a line from the southeast corner of Pembroke Park to Commissary Station; thence to point where the railroad crosses Market street road by a turpentine distillery, near Oscar Pearsall's; thence northwardly to Cape Fear Township.

Cape Fear Township.

4th. It is ordered that the polling place in Cape Fear Township be removed from Castle Hayne to Herbert Johnson's store on the Castle Hayne road.

Wilmington Township.

5th. It is ordered that the polling place in the Second Ward, Wilmington Township be changed from Woolvin building to the basement of the County Court House.

6th. It is ordered that the polling place in the Fourth Ward be changed from W. P. Oldham's store to Spillman's shop on Dock street, between Water and Front streets.

Dated this 26th day of Feb. 1912.

CAMERON F. McRAE.
Chairman County Board of Elections.
WM. STRUTHERS, JR.
Secretary.
R. C. deROSSET.

mh6-w.su-7t

SEED POTATOES

We have a few sacks of Red Bliss and Early Rose Potatoes, genuine Maine Stock.

First come, First served.

Also a Full Line of other Groceries.

Send your orders.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

WHOLESALE GROCERS
Wilmington : : : : N. C.

FOR SALE

1,000 Bags Corn,
500 Bushels Sound Field or Cow Peas, suitable for seed.
300 Barrels Mullets.

Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons

Wilmington, N. C.
18 Market street.

LOW COLONIST RATES TO THE WEST VIA NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY.

Extremely low fares to principal points in California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, and other Western States; also to Alberta and British Columbia. Tickets on sale daily until April 15th. Call on, or write to C. H. Besley, District Passenger Agent, 638 East Main street, Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS